

### **Network Integration Guide**

## ED 15112-19

Group: Controls Part Number: ED 15112 Date: November 2020

# MicroTech<sup>®</sup> III Commercial Packaged Rooftop Systems, Applied Rooftop and Self-Contained Systems Unit Controller Protocol Information

BACnet® Networks, LONWORKS® Networks

Models: DPS, MPS, RAH, RDE, RDS, RDT, RFS, RPE, RPS, SWP and SWT



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#### **Revision History**

ED15112	September 2008	Preliminary release.
ED15112-1	October 2008	Added 2 notification class objects to BACnet. There are now a total of 3 objects (faults, problems & warnings).
ED15112-2	January 2009	Changed Networking Options section of the Protocol Information Conformance Statement (PICS). The BBMD does support registration by foreign devices. This was previously marked no. Changed the enumeration for the Water Regulating Valve object from 0=Open and 1=Closed to 0=normal and 1=alarm.
ED15112-3	March 2009	Changed Standard Object Types Supported section of the PICS. Present Value, Priority Array were removed from the optional list for Binary Outputs. These properties are required. Removed Alarm Value from the optional list for Binary Outputs. This is not a property of this object. Also removed Priority Array from Binary Inputs. This is not a property of this object. Modified the optional properties for Multi-state Input. Modified the optional properties for Multi-state Output.
ED 15112-4	November 2009	Added Maverick II (MPS) model. Modified keypad navigation per new global standard. Updated points affected by removal of BACnet heartbeat function (changed points from commandable to writable and removed reference to writing at priority 8). Added the following points: Heat Fail 199, Heat Fail Problem BV, ERDAT (AV), EREhht (AV), ERWhIOnOff (MV), ERWheelSpd (AV), Min OA Flw Spt (AV).
ED 15112-5	December 2009	Changed ER Discharge Air Temp & ER Exhaust Air Temp BACnet object types from AV to AI. Updated firmware version from 2506017300 to 2506017301 in Software Revision and PICs sections.
ED 15112-6	February 2010	Changed ER Wheel Speed BACnet object types from AV15 to AI15. Removed reference to energy recovery from Return Fan Capacity Input & Exhaust Fan Capacity Input (Detailed Data Information section). Changed Application Mode enumerations in detailed data section. Updated PICS to include software v2506017302.
ED 15112-7	June 2010	Changed nvoUnitStatus_inAlarm_to nvo WarnAlarm, nvoProbAlarm, and nvoFaultAlarm in detailed data section. Updated software revision to v2506017304. Removed references to S7 switch on fig. 4.
ED 15112-8	February 2011	Added Control Temp Source (MSV 39) to BACnet. This is available in application 2506017306. Added DAC checkbox to Relative Humidity Input on the BACnet Standard Objects Table. Added Low/High Pressure Circuit Switch 7 and 8, added Low/High Pressure Circuit 7 and 8 Problem, changed Sump Pump Switch to Sump Pump Water Level Switch, changed Sump Pump Fail Problem to Sump Water Level Problem.
ED 15112-9	April 2012	Specified in the Space Temperature Input section that the range of the network space temperature is different for BACnet and LonWorks. Specified LonWorks invalid value for Build Static Pressure Setpoint and Duct Static Pressure Setpoint. Updated BACnet and LonWorks Data Point Tables and detailed data sections for the following: added Morning Warm-up Heating Setpoint, changed Zone Temp to Htg/CIg C for network access, removed MRNG WRMUP from Unit State (LON only), changed Sump Pump Water Level Fail to Problem Alarm, Renamed ER DAT= and ER ExhT= to ER LAT= and ER EAT added Rebel model DPS, changed AV53 in detailed data section from read-only to read-write. Updated Daikin logo and references.
ED 15112-10	May 2012	Clarified Application Mode description. Spelling corrections.
ED 15112-11	July 2012	Corrections to data points by model type – Table 4. Updated PICS for new application/firmware versions.
ED 15112-12	March 2014	Added Dehumidification Status and Ret/Exh Fan Warning. Modified Remote Supply Fan Capacity Control Flag to add the following enumerations: BSP, CO <sub>2</sub> and cfm. Added: Defrost State, Inverter Compressor Body Temperature, High Inverter Comp Body Temp problem, Inverter Comp Body Temp Sensor Problem, Max Purge Time, Min & Max Leaving Coil Temperature Dehumidification Setpoints. Added datapoints, alarms and events to support variable compressors. Updated Daikin Applied logo and references
ED 15112-13	July 2014	Added the following points to BACnet: Network Demand Shed Enable (MSV 48), Morning Warmup Status (MSV 49), Free Cooling Status (MSV50), Network Demand Shed Event (BI 60), Over Economizing Warning (BI 61), Under Economizing Warning (BI 62, Excess Outdoor Air Warning (BI 63), Outdoor Air Damper Stuck Warning (BI 64), New Events (BI 65-87). Modified the description for Economizer Enable. If the network is enabling or disabling the economizer, it overrides local enable/disable decisions. However, if the unit is in dehumidification, the network settings of Economizer Enable are ignored and the economizer will be disabled. These points are available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or greater.
ED 15112-14	January 2016	Added the following points to BACnet: Low Oil Boost Event (BI 90), High Oil Boost Event (BI 91), Oil Balance Event (BI 88) Configuration points. These are BACnet-only points. Not available via LON. The Oil Boost Event (BI59) was obsoleted in applications that have the new Low/High Oil Boost Events (BI 90 & BI 91).
ED 15112-15	October 2016	Updated software references to 2506017512 and 2506018213 and BSP version to 10.34. Added Rebel model DPH. Added description in main data table and detailed data points section to indicate that Primary Heat Enable, Primary Cool Enable, and Economizer Enable objects apply only when Ctrl Mode=Auto. Formatting and branding updates.
ED 15112-16	November 2018	Moved Detailed Data Information to BACnet and LON data tables. Separated Alarm points and moved to Alarm section at the end. Added Appendix B with full points list and keypad menu paths. Updates to formatting and removal of redundant information. Added UseTStat Setpoint (MSV 51), removed enumerations from Relative Humidity that did not apply. Added Relinquish Default to BV writeable properties in PICS. Added values 7 and 8 to MSV:113. Added MOP Problem and Event alarms.
ED 15112-17	March 2019	Added Cooling Hi Suction Pressure Unloading Event (BI: 94) and Oil Injection Event (BI 95). Updated Table of Contents.
ED 15112-18	July 2019	Formatting changes
ED 15112-19	November 2020	Fixed alarm enumeration 212 in Table 40 from "High" to "Low" Discharge Air Temp Fault. Added text to Clear Alarms (MSV:13) in Table 19 and BACnet Clearing Alarms section cautioning against multiple writes.

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### Notice

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### **Limited Warranty**

Consult your local Daikin Applied representative for warranty details. To find your local Daikin Applied representative, go to <u>www.DaikinApplied.com</u>.

### **Software Revision**

The software part number is encoded in the unit controller's memory and is available for display on the keypad/display. The part number is available via BACnet® system integration tools. Figure 1 describes the software part number naming convention. This edition documents network protocols for the following standard MicroTech® III Unit Controller applications:

If your software is of a later version, some of the information in this document may not completely describe your application. You can determine the revision of the application software from the keypad/display. The path for this information from the main menu is Version Information\App Version=.

MicroTech III Unit Controller Model	Application Software Version
Rebel® Packaged Rooftop, Models DPS and DPH	2506018218
Rebel Packaged Rooftop, Models DPS and DPH, Refrigerant Only	2506019100
RoofPak <sup>®</sup> Applied Rooftop, Models RPE, RDE, RPS, RDT, RFS, RDS, and RAH	
Self-Contained, Models SWT and SWP	2506017517
Maverick® II Commercial Rooftop, Model MPS	

#### Figure 1: Software Nomenclature

	<u>250 6017 5 17</u>
Implied digits on all MicroTech III Air Handling software —	
Base part number (6017 indicates standard software) —	
Version	
Revision	

### **Reference Documents**

Company	Number	Title	Source
	OM 920	MicroTech III Unit Controller for Commercial Rooftop, Applied Rooftop and Self- Contained Systems	
	OM 1141	MicroTech III Unit Controller for Rebel Commercial Rooftop Systems	
	ED 15113	MicroTech III Rooftop and Self-Contained Systems BACnet Protocol Implementation and Conformance Statement (PICS)	
Daikin Applied	IM 916	MicroTech III Rooftop and Self-Contained Unit Controller BACnet IP Communication Module Installation Manual	www.DaikinApplied.com
	IM 917	MicroTech III Rooftop and Self-Contained Unit Controller BACnet MS/TP Communication Module Installation Manual	
	IM 918	MicroTech III Rooftop and Self-Contained Unit Controller LonWorks Communication Module Installation Manual	
American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air-Conditioning Engineers	rigeration, and Air-Conditioning ASHRAE 135- BAChet A Data Communication Protocol for Building Automation and Control		www.ashrae.org
	078-0120-01G	LonMark® Layers 1-6 Interoperability Guidelines, Version 3.4	
LonMark Interoperability Association	078-0120-01G	LonMark Application Layer Interoperability Guidelines, Version 3.4	www.loomork.org
	ation 8500_10 LonMark Functional Profile: Space Comfort Controller, Version 1.0		www.lonmark.org
	8600_10	LonMark Functional Profile: Discharge Air Controller, Version 1,0	
Echelon Corporation	078-0156-01G	LONWORKS FTT-10A Free Topology Transceiver Users Guide	www.echelon.com

This document provides the information you need to incorporate a MicroTech III Unit Controller from Daikin Applied into a building automation system (BAS). It lists all BACnet<sup>®</sup> properties, LonWORKS<sup>®</sup> variables, and corresponding MicroTech III Unit Controller data points.

Terminology and application details specific to Daikin Applied are defined in this document. However, it is assumed that the user is familiar with BACnet or LONWORKS integration. Contact the Daikin Applied Controls Customer Support group at 866-462-7829 or Controls@daikinapplied.com for additional assistance, if necessary.

### **Protocol Definitions**

The MicroTech III Unit Controller can be configured in either an interoperable BACnet or LONWORKS network. The MicroTech III Unit Controller must have the corresponding communication module installed for network integration. There are four communication modules: BACnet/IP, BACnet MS/TP (Master/Slave Token Passing), LONWORKS Space Comfort Control (SCC), and LonWorks Discharge Air Controller (DAC). See Reference Documents for communication module installation manual numbers.

### BACnet

BACnet is a standard communication protocol for Building Automation and Control Networks developed by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air-conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) specified in ANSI/ASHRAE standard 135-2008. It addresses all aspects of the various systems that are applied to building control systems. BACnet provides the communication infrastructure needed to integrate products manufactured by different vendors and to integrate building services that are now independent.

### LonWorks

A control network specification for information exchange built upon the use of LonTalk for transmitting data developed by the Echelon Corporation.

#### LonTalk Protocol

A protocol developed and owned by the Echelon Corporation. It describes how information should be transmitted between devices on a control network.

#### LonMark Certification

LonMark certification is an official acknowledgement by the LonMark Interoperability Association that a product communicates using the LonTalk protocol and transmits and receives data per a standard LonMark functional profile. The LONWORKS communication modules are LonMark 3.4 certified in accordance with the SCC and DAC Functional Profile Version 1.0. Refer to www.lonmark.org for details.

### **Unit Controller Data Points**

The MicroTech III Unit Controller contains data points or unit variables that are accessible from three user interfaces: the unit keypad, a BACnet network (BACnet/IP or MS/TP), or a LONWORKS network. Not all points are accessible from each interface. This manual lists all important data points and the corresponding path for each applicable interface. See MicroTech III Unit Controller for Commercial Rooftop, Applied Rooftop and Self-Contained Systems,OM 920 or MicroTech III Unit Controller for Rebel Commercial Rooftop Systems, OM 1141 (www.DaikinApplied.com) for details. This document contains the network details necessary to incorporate the MicroTech III Unit Controller into the network.

### **Network Parameters**

Appendix B: Complete Points List is an alphabetical list of all network parameters (data points) and individual alarms available from the MicroTech III Unit Controller to the BAS. It references data points by unit model type and also includes unit controller keypad menu path locations.

Additional alarms are supported exclusively for BACnet Intrinsic Alarming. See Alarm and Event Management for details.

### Setting Unit Controller Communication Parameters

There are various parameters involved in setting up the unit controller. These parameters are set differently depending on which communication module is ordered and shipped with the unit. Table 1 describes the possible sets of default parameter settings for each communication module. The bold parameters can be changed using the keypad display located on the unit controller.

#### **Table 1: Communication Parameter Settings**

Parameter Name	BACnet IP	BACnet MS/TP	LONWORKS (SCC OR DAC)
DHCP	P On		N/A
Actual IP Address	DHCP Enabled	N/A	N/A
Actual IP Subnet Mask	DHCP Enabled	N/A	N/A
Actual Gateway Address	DHCP Enabled	N/A	N/A
Given IP Address <sup>1</sup>	127.0.0.1	N/A	N/A
Given IP Subnet Mask <sup>1</sup>	255.255.255.0	N/A	N/A
Given Gateway Address <sup>1</sup>	127.0.0.1	N/A	N/A
UDP Port Number	47808	NA	N/A
MS/TP MAC Address <sup>2</sup>	N/A	18	N/A
MS/TP Baud Rate	N/A	38400	N/A
Device Instance Number	Variable	Variable	N/A
Max APDU Length	1476	480	N/A
Device Object Name	POL908_FF2BEE3	POL904_ AD45EC284	N/A
Receive Heartbeat	N/A	N/A	0 Sec
Max Master	N/A	127	N/A
Max Info Frames	N/A	1	N/A
Term Resistor	N/A	No <sup>5</sup>	N/A

Note that the parameters in boldface can be changed using the unit controller keypad display.

1. These addresses are used if DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Property) is set to Off. For changes to take effect, use the keypad display and set Apply Changes on the BACnet IP Setup menu to Yes. This causes the power on the unit controller to reset.

2. The MS/TP MAC Address is set via the keypad/display. Set Apply Changes to Yes for changes to take effect.

3. The last 6 digits are the last 6 digits of the MAC address. The MAC address is a printed sticker affixed to the BACnet communication module.

4. The last 8 digits are computed from the production number and date code.

5. Term Resistor is only changeable via the keypad/display. This item can be set to Yes for the first and last unit on the MS/TP network. On all other units, this variable should be set to No (default). It is important to note that this is a software resistor, and resistance is lost when the unit controller is powered off. For this reason, a physical resistor is recommended.

### **BACnet Networks**

### Compatibility

The MicroTech III Unit Controller is tested according to the BACnet Testing Laboratory (BTL) Test Plan. It is designed to meet the requirements of the BACnet Standard (ANSI/ ASHRAE 135-2008) as stated in the Protocol Implementation and Conformance Statement (PICS). The PICS is located at the end of this manual (Appendix A: Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) or the separate PICS document, ED 15113 (www.DaikinApplied.com).

### **BACnet Objects**

The MicroTech III Unit Controller incorporates standard BACnet object types (i.e., object types defined in the BACnet Standard) that conform to the BACnet Standard. Each object has properties that control unit variables or data points. Some object types occur more than once in the MicroTech III Unit Controller; each occurrence or instance has different properties and controls different unit variables or data points. Each instance is designated with a unique instance index. Some properties can be adjusted (read/write properties, e.g., setpoints) from the network and others can only be interrogated (read-only properties, e.g., status information). The Object Name is the name of the object in the device. Object Names must be unique within each BACnet device.

The Object Name, along with the Object Type and Instance Number, are described in the Comprehensive Data Tables -BACnet section. For more information on Object Types, please refer to ASHRAE Standard 135-2008 (www.ashrae.org.)

### MicroTech III Unit Controller Device Object

#### ▲ CAUTION

If another device in the network already has this object identifier (instance number), you must change the instance number of one device object, so that all devices in the network have a unique device identifier.

Each BACnet compatible device (i.e. MicroTech III Unit Controller) can only have a single BACnet Device Object.

### **Device Object Identifier**

The MicroTech III Unit Controller Device Object Identifier (Device Instance Number) uniquely specifies the unit within the network. The initial device object instance number is calculated depending on the either the production code (IP) or the MAC Address (MS/TP). The initial device object instance number is 1579312. This number must be unique on the entire BACnet network. The device instance number can be changed via the keypad display. Select Apply Changes under the BACnet Set Up Menu for the change to take effect.

### **Property Name**

Each property also has a unique name. Property names are character strings. An example of a common property name is Present Value.

### **Device Object Properties**

The Device Object contains other informative properties as shown in Table 2.

#### Table 2: MicroTech III Unit Controller Device Object Properties

Property	Identifier	Default Value	Data Type
Object Identifier	75	device	BACnetObjectIdentifier
Object Name	77	POL_908_FF2BEE <sup>1</sup> (variable)	Character String
Object Type	79	8	BACnetObjectType
System Status	112		BACnetDeviceStatus
Vendor Name	121	Daikin Applied	Character String
Vendor Identifier	120	3	Unsigned 16
Model Name	70	AHU	Character String
Firmware Revision	44	variable	Character String
Application Software Version	12	variable	Character String
Location	58		Character String
Description	28	MTech III AHU	Character String
Protocol Version	98	1	Unsigned
Protocol Revision	139	6	Unsigned
Protocol Services Supported	97		BACnetServicesSupported
Protocol Object Types Supported <sup>2</sup>	96	AI, AO, AV, BI, BO, BV, Cal, Device, MSI, MSO, NC, Sch, MSV	BACnetObjectTypesSupported
Object List	76		Sequence of BACnetObjectIdentifer
Max APDU Length Accepted	62	1476 (IP) / 480 (MS/TP)	Unsigned 16
Segmentation Supported	107	none	BACnetSegmentation
Max Segments Accepted	167	16	Unsigned
Local Time <sup>3</sup>	57	variable	Time
Local Date <sup>3</sup>	56	variable	Date
UTC Offset	119	-60 (Range: -780 780)	Integer
Daylight Savings Status	24	variable	Boolean
APDU Segment Timeout	10	2000	Unsigned
APDU Timeout	11	6000	Unsigned
Number of APDU Retries	73	3	Unsigned
Device Address Binding	30		Sequence of BACnetAddressBinding
Database Revision	115	1	Unsigned
Active COV Subscriptions	152		List of BACnetCOVSubscriptions

1. For BACnet IP, the last 6 digits are the last 6 digits of the MAC address. The MAC address is printed a sticker affixed to the BACnet communication module. For BACnet MS/TP, the last 8 digit are computed from the production number printed on the bar code label affixed to the side of the BACnet communication module.

While the MicroTech III Unit Controller supports the entire set of object types, not all object types are used. See BACnet Network Objects for details.
 The BACnet communication module and the MicroTech III Unit Controller both have their own time clocks. The date and time read via BACnet could differ from the date and time in the unit controller the date or time is changed via the keypad display. The two time clocks re-synchronize approximately every 60-68 minutes and after every power cycle of the unit controller or BACnet communication module.

### **BACnet Network Considerations**

### Access to Properties

Object properties are accessible from the network by specifying the device object identifier, object identifier, and the property identifier. To access a property, you must specify the object identifier including the device object identifier or the object name including the device object name and the property identifier.

### **BACnet IP Network Addressing**

The BACnet/Internet Protocol (BACnet/IP) address of the MicroTech III Unit Controller in a BACnet/IP network consists of the four-octet Internet Protocol address followed by the two-octet UDP (User Datagram Protocol) port number. The BACnet/IP address is a six-octet value analogous to a MAC address. The IP address portion of the BACnet/IP address must be unique in the BACnet/IP network segment. The default UDP port number in the MicroTech III Unit Controller is 47808 (BAC0 in hexadecimal).

The device object of the MicroTech III Unit Controller contains a Given Internet Protocol Subnet Mask (Default is 255.255.255.0) and a default Given IP address of 127.0.0.1. The controller does support DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) IP addressing which is enabled by default.

The keypad/display can be used to configure the BACnet/IP addressing. The keypad displays the current IP address only when the network is connected.

The MicroTech III Unit Controller can be incorporated into a BACnet/IP network dedicated to BACnet devices only or an Ethernet network shared with BACnet devices and other devices.

### **Shared Ethernet Networks**

Integrating the MicroTech III Unit Controller into a shared Ethernet LAN requires close cooperation with the network administrator of the shared Ethernet network. First, verify whether DHCP should or should not be enabled. If not, obtain the IP Subnet Mask of the shared network from the network administrator. Then, obtain static IP Addresses for all MicroTech III Unit Controllers you are integrating into the shared network. Finally, obtain the address of an IP Router to use for sending IP messages to and from the BACnet IP subnets. Once you have these, refer to the Setting Unit Controller Communication Parameters section.

### BACnet MS/TP Network Addressing

The BACnet MS/TP device address (Media Access Control [MAC] address) of the MicroTech III Unit Controller in a BACnet Master Slave/Token Passing (MS/TP) Local Area Network (LAN) is set using the keypad/display. Navigate to the Advanced Menus\MSTP Setup menu to change this value. Cycle power (turn the unit controller off and then on again) in order for the new address to take effect.

### LONWORKS Network Considerations

LONWORKS technology, developed by Echelon Corporation, is the basis for LonMark interoperable systems. This technology is independent of the communications media. The LonMark Interoperable Association has developed standards for interoperable LonWorks technology systems. In particular, they have published standards for HVAC equipment including the Discharge Air Controller functional profile and the Space Comfort Controller functional profile. These profiles specify a number of mandatory and optional standard network variables and standard configuration parameters. This manual defines these variables and parameters available in the MicroTech III Unit Controller.

### LONWORKS Variables

MicroTech III Unit Controllers incorporate LonWORKS network variables to access unit data points. The unit controller uses LonWORKS Standard Network Variable Types (SNVT) from each profile. Some data points can be adjusted (input network variables, nvi) (read/write attributes, e.g., setpoints) from the network and others can only be interrogated (output network variables, nvo) (read only attributes, e.g., status information). Configuration variables (nci) are included with the read/write attributes.

### **Resource Files**

Resource files contain definitions of functional profiles, network variables types, configuration property types, and enumerations. Resource files are required for displaying manufacturer-specific variables that are not included in the standard device profile. Resource files are available on www.DaikinApplied.com and www.lonmark.org.

### External Interface File (XIF)

LonMark guidelines specify exact documentation rules so that proprietary software is not required to commission and configure Lonworks devices. The MicroTech III LonWorks Communication Module is self-documenting so that a LonWorks network management tool can obtain the information needed to connect, configure, and manage the device over the network.

An External Interface File (a specially formatted PC text file with an extension .XIF) is also available so that any network tool can design and configure it prior to installation. XIF files are available on <u>www.DaikinApplied.com</u> and <u>www.lonmark.org</u>.

### Neuron ID

The basis of the LoNWORKS communication module is an Echelon Neuron integrated circuit (Neuron chip). Every Neuron chip has a unique 48-bit Neuron ID or physical address. The Neuron ID can be used to address the device on the LoNWORKS network.

The Neuron ID is generally used only during initial installation or for diagnostic purposes. For normal network operation, a device address is used.

### LONWORKS Network Topology

MicroTech III Unit Controllers support LonMark standards for network design, wiring, addressing and commissioning.

Refer to the LonMark Application Layer Interoperability Guidelines Version 3.4, LonMark Layers 1-6 Interoperability Guidelines Version 3.4 (<u>www.lonmark.org</u>) and LonWorks FTT-10A Free Topology Transceiver Users Guide (<u>www.echelon.com</u>).

### LONWORKS Addressing

According to the LonMark standard, all device addresses are defined at the time of network configuration. Device addresses have three parts:

- 1. The Domain ID designates the domain. Devices must be in the same domain in order to communicate with each other.
- 2. The Subnet ID specifies a collection of up to 127 devices that are on a single channel or a set of channels connected by repeaters. There may be up to 255 subnets in a domain.
- 3. The Node ID identifies an individual device within the subnet.

A group is a logical collection of devices within a domain. Groups are assembled with regard for their physical location in the domain. There may be up to 256 groups in a domain. A group address is the address that identifies all devices of the group. There may be any number of devices in a group when unacknowledged messaging is used. Groups are limited to 64 devices if acknowledged messaging is used.

A broadcast address identifies all devices within a subnet or domain.

### LONWORKS Commissioning

Pressing the service pin on the LONWORKS Communication Module generates a service pin message, which contains the Neuron ID and the program code identification of the node. A service pin message is a network message that is generated by a node and broadcast on the network. It can be used to commission the LONWORKS network. A network configuration tool maps device Neuron IDs to the domain/subnet/node logical addressing scheme when it creates the network image, the logical network addresses and connection information for all devices (nodes) on the network.

#### **Receive Heartbeat**

The integrity of some data depends on a valid network connection to maintain current values. Receive Heartbeat variables require a valid network connection if bound. If these variables do not change after a given time, the unit controller reverts to local control, and the variables will revert to their default values. The list of Receive Heartbeat variables and descriptions can be found in Table 34.

### **Configuring the Unit Controller**

The MicroTech III Unit Controller is ready to operate with the default values of the various parameters set at the factory. Default values may be changed with the unit's keypad or via the network. Refer to the MicroTech III Unit Controller for Commercial Rooftop, Applied Rooftop and Self-Contained Systems, OM 920 or MicroTech III Unit Controller for Rebel Commercial Rooftop Systems, OM 1141 (www.DaikinApplied.com).

### **Network Off**

The unit can be turned off over the network by writing to the Application Mode. Writing AUTO to Application Mode allows the unit controller to determine its mode of operation based on input conditions. Writing OFF to Application Mode shuts down the unit, etc. The Emergency Override Mode Flag can also be used to shut down the unit from the network.

### **Network Occupancy Scheduling**

Using the keypad, set the Occupancy Mode to Auto. Schedule unit operation over the network with the Occ Scheduler input. Switching from OCC, UNOCC, BYPASS (TntOvrd), or AUTO commands the unit into the mode you select.

### **Alarms and Events**

The MicroTech III Unit Controller supports individual alarm objects as well as alarm class (i.e. alarm code and alarm index). It also supports intrinsic alarming used in conjunction with certain BACnet applications.

Further information can be found in the Alarms and Events section. Also refer to BACnet Alarms and Events or LonWorks Alarms for complete classification, notification, and clearing details specific to each protocol.

# Unit Controller Sequence of Operation

The sequence of operation for a MicroTech III Unit Controller depends on the control type. Refer to the appropriate MicroTech III Unit Controller Operation Manual for sequence of operation details, including keypad operation (www.DaikinApplied.com).

### **BACnet Network Objects**

This section describes the data that is available to the BAS via the BACnet network. Each BACnet object may or may not be available on the unit controller keypad/display. If it is available, the keypad/display menu shows one path where the object appears, but note that it may also be available on more than one keypad menu. Refer to Appendix B: Complete Points List or the appropriate IOM for the keypad menu structure. Table 3 - Table 23 contain the information needed to integrate the MicroTech III Unit Controller into the BACnet network. The tables are grouped by functionality, with high level read-only points listed first, followed by capacities, temperatures and setpoints. BACnet parameters are then organized into each table as they are used to support the various types of unit operation, application modes, and unit controller configuration options. BACnet objects apply to all unit types unless otherwise noted. See Appendix A: Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) for each rooftop or selfcontained model.

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)⁵	Description
Unit State	MSV:15	R	UnitState	1 = Off 2 = Start 3 = Recirc 4 = FanOnly 5 = MinDAT 6 = Htg 7 = Econo 8 = Clg	The current operating mode of the unit.
Daikin Applied AHU Unit Status	MSV:1	R	Daikin AppliedStatus	$\begin{array}{l} 1 = \text{Enabled} \\ 2 = \text{Off Man} \\ 3 = \text{Off ManCtrl} \\ 4 = \text{Off Net} \\ 5 = \text{Off Alarm} \\ 6 = \text{Off Fan Retry} \end{array}$	The operating status (i.e. Mode) of the unit controller.
Morning Warmup Status <sup>4</sup>	MSV:49	R	MWUStatus	1 = Unavail 2 = Avail	Indicates if Morning Warmup is active. It is only available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or newer.
Dehumidification Status	MSV:46	R	DehumStatus	1 = Inactive 2 = Active	Indicates if the dehumidification operation is currently active.
Cooling Status	MSV:2	R	ClgStatus	1 = Enabled 2 = None 3 = Off Amb 4 = Off Alarm 5 = Off Net 6 = Off Man	Indicates if cooling is currently enabled. If cooling is disabled, the reason is indicated.
Heating Status	MSV:4	R	HtgStatus	1 = Enabled 2 = None 3 = Off Amb 4 = Off Alarm <sup>3</sup> 5 = Off Net 6 = Off Man	Indicates if heating is currently enabled. If heating is disabled, the reason is indicated.
Supplemental Heating Status	MSV:45	R	SuplHtgStatus	$\begin{array}{l} 1 = \text{Enabled} \\ 2 = \text{None} \\ 3 = \text{Off Amb} \\ 4 = \text{Off Alarm}^3 \\ 5 = \text{Off Net} \\ 6 = \text{Off Man} \end{array}$	The current status of supplemental heating. Applies only if 1) it is a Rebel unit (DPS, DPH) with heat pump, and 2) the unit is configured with heat. If so, the heating status is determined by the heat pump compressor and the supplemental heating status is determined by the additional heating from the unit.
Economizer Status	MSV:3	R	EconoStatus	$1 = \text{Enabled}$ $2 = \text{None}$ $3 = \text{Off Amb}$ $4 = \text{Off Alarm}^3$ $5 = \text{Off Net}$ $6 = \text{Off Man}$ $7 = \text{Off Dehum}$	Indicates if the economizer is currently enabled. If the economizer is disabled, the reason is indicated.
Free Cooling Status	MSV:50	R	FreeClgStatus	1 = Unavail 2 = Avail	Indicates if free cooling is available. It is only available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or newer.
Cooling Capacity	AV:1	R	ClgCapacity	0-100%	The current percentage of maximum unit cooling capacity. Applies only if the unit is configured for cooling.
Heating Capacity	AV:2	R	HtgCapacity	0-100%	The current percentage of maximum unit heating capacity. Applies only if the unit is configured for heating.
Supplemental Heating Capacity	AV:54	R	SuplHtgCap	0-100%	The current percentage of supplemental heating capacity. Applies only if 1) it is a Rebel unit (DPS, DPH) with heat pump and 2) is configured with heat. If so, the heating capacity comes from the heat pump compressor heat, and the supplemental heating capacity comes from the additional heating provided by the unit.

#### Table 3: Unit Status/Settings

1. MSV:38 (AHU Loc/Net) must be set to Network (1) for this property to apply. AHU Loc/Net is changeable only via the keypad display.

2. This object does not apply to 1ZnVAV units.

3. Off Alarm is not used.

4. This object does not apply to SCC units.

#### Table 3: Unit Status/Settings, Continued

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description				
Supply Fan Capacity	AI:8	R	FanSpd	0-110%	The current percentage of supply fan capacity. It reads 0% whenever the fan is off. If the unit is configured as constant volume, FanSpd reads 100% when the fan is on. Otherwise, it reads the feedback from the VFD.				
Return/Exhaust Fan Capacity	AI:10	R	ExhFanValue	0-100%	The current percentage of return fan or exhaust fan capacity. Applies only to units configured with a return/exhaust fan.				
Economizer Capacity	AV:15	R	EconCapacity	0-100%	The current percentage of economizer capacity or outdoor air damper position.				
Emergency Override	MSV:10	W	EmergOverride	1 = Normal 2 = Off Default: 1 (Normal)	Shuts off the unit controller. If it is set to Off, the unit controller cannot start based on a time clock or any other means. Doing so also shuts off a network signal and puts Unit Status = OffNet. The only way to start the unit controller is to change the value to Normal.				
Application Mode <sup>1</sup>	MSV:5	W	ApplicCmd	1 = Off 2 = Heat 3 = Cool 4 = Fan Only 5 = Auto 6 = NA Default: 6 (NA)	Sets the unit in an application mode. While it does not "force" the unit into any state, it does disable certain unit operations. For example, an Application Mode of "Cool Only" disables heating, "Heat Only" disables cooling, and "Fan Only" disables heating and cooling. Application Mode has no affect unless Control Mode is set to Auto (Ctrl Mode = Auto). Control Mode is only set at the keypad/display.				
Control Temp Source	MSV:39	W CtlrTempSrc	CtlrTempSrc	See Description for details. 1 = RAT 2 = Space 3 = MAT 4 = OAT	Selects the temperature sensor input to be used for the unit heating/cooling changeover or zone cooling and heating capacity change decisions. For example, if CtrlTempSrc is set to "Return," then the Control Temp parameter reads the same value as the Return Air parameter. When CtlrTempSrc is set to "None" during regular Occupied Operation, the unit uses the discharge air temperature sensor to heat or cool to the cooling discharge air temperature setpoint. <b>Option Descriptions</b>				
				5 = None Default: NA					5 = None
Unit Support	MSV:16	W	UnitSupport	1 = Off (Always Metric) 2 = On Default: 2 (On)	Sets the type of units that are passed from the controller to the BACnet network. If the value is Off, then Metric units are passed. If the value is On, the type of units that are passed depend on how the keypad/display is configured. If the keypad is configured to display English and MSV:16 = 2 (On), then BACnet displays English. Cycle power on the unit controller for this change to take effect.				

1. MSV:38 (AHU Loc/Net) must be set to Network (1) for this property to apply. AHU Loc/Net is changeable only via the keypad display.

This object does not apply to 1ZnVAV units.
 Off Alarm is not used.

4. This object does not apply to SCC units.

#### Table 4: Occupancy

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>3</sup>	Description
Occupancy	MSV:6	R	EffectOccup	1 = Occ 2 = Unocc 3 = TntOvrd	Indicates if the unit is currently in an occupied, unoccupied, or tenant override mode of operation.
Occupancy Mode	MSV:7	W	OccManCmd	1 = Occ $2 = Unocc$ $3 = TntOvrd$ $4 = Standby2$ $5 = Auto$ Default: 5 (Auto)	Sets the unit into a different occupancy mode. The request is typically sent by a wall-mounted occupant-interface module or a supervisory device used to manually control occupancy modes or to override the scheduled occupancy.
Occupancy Scheduler Input <sup>1</sup>	MSV:8		CurrentState	1 = Occ 2 = Unocc 3 = TntOvrd <sup>2</sup>	Commands the occupancy function of the unit controller when Occupancy Mode is set to Auto. A scheduler or a supervisory node typically sends the request. Occupancy Scheduler Input contains three parts:
	MSV:9	vv	NextState	4 = Standby <sup>2</sup> 5 = Auto (NUL) Default: NA	1. Current_state, (required)     2. Next_state (optional)     3. Time_to_next_state (optional)     Occupancy Scheduler Input is used in conjunction with
	AV:3	w	TimeToNextState	0-65534 Min Default: 65535 (Null)	<ul> <li>Optimal Start.</li> <li>If time_to_next_state is not valid, the unit controller uses an internal calculation to determine when the ushould start.</li> <li>If time_to_next_state is valid, the unit controller uses this time to determine when the unit will start.</li> <li>It is also used with Occupancy Mode to determine the effective occupancy mode. Refer to Occupancy Mode for more information.</li> </ul>
Receive Heartbeat	AV:43	W	ReceiveHeartbeat	0-6553.4 Sec Default: 0 Sec	Defines the maximum period of time that elapses after the last update to specified network parameters before the unit controller starts to use its default values. <i>Receive Heartbeat is not supported on unit controller</i> <i>application versions 2506017300 or newer.</i>

MSV:38 (AHU Loc/Net) must be set to Network (1) for this property to apply. AHU Loc/Net is changeable only via the keypad display.
 Option is not used.
 Default value does not apply to read-only points.

#### Table 5: Temperatures

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>	Description
Control Temperature	AI:14	R	ControlTemp	-50°-249.99°F -45.56°-121.11°C	The current control temperature sensor reading. The control temperature sensor is selected with MSV:39, Control Temp Source.
Discharge Air Temperature	Al:1	R	DischAirTemp	-50°-249.99°F -45.56°-121.11°C	The current reading of the unit discharge air temperature sensor.
	AI:2	R	RATemp	-20°-199.99°F -28.89°-93.33°C Default: NA	The current reading from the unit return air temperature sensor. Applies only if the unit is configured for a return air sensor.
Return Air Temperature	AV:45	С	HiRAT		The current reading of the return air sensor. The Present Value of this object is the same as it is for Al:2. This object is only present for intrinsic reporting of the High Return Air Temperature alarm. The unit controller commands this object at priority 1 to avoid the BAS from writing to it and thus disabling the high limit alarm. See Alarm Notification Class (Intrinsic Reporting) - BACnet for additional information.
Space Temperature	AI:3	R	SpaceTemp	0°-150° -17.78°-65.56°C	The current space or zone temperature from the optional space air temperature sensor. Applies only if the unit is configured for a space temperature sensor. If the optional space temperature sensor is not installed and a BACnet network is not commanding the space temperature, the Space Sensor attribute in the Unit Configuration menu of the keypad/display should be set to "No" to disable the alarm function associated with an open circuit at the space temperature sensor input.
Use TStat Setpoints	MSV:51	W	UseTStatSpts	1 = No 2 = Yes Default: NA	When MSV:51 = 2 (Yes), the temperature setpoint can be adjusted via the locally wired wall sensor and the unit ignores BACnet inputs to Occ Htg and Occ Clg setpoints. When MSV:51 = 1 (No), the Occ Htg and Occ Clg setpoints can be adjusted via the keypad or BACnet inputs, and setpoints from the locally wired wall sensor are ignored.

#### Table 5: Temperatures, Continued

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Outdoor Air Temperature	AI:4	R	OutdoorTemp	-50°-150°F -45.56°-65.56°C	The current value of a unit-mounted outdoor air temperature sensor. Applies only if the unit is configured for an outdoor air temperature sensor.
Entering Fan / Leaving Coil Temperature	AI:7	R	EFT_LCT	-83.2°-249.99°F -64°-121.11°C	The current value of the unit entering fan/leaving coil air temperature sensor. Applies only to units configured for an entering fan temperature sensor.
Entering Water Temperature	AI:6	R	CWTemp	-50°-150°F -45.56°-65.56°C	The current entering water temperature from the entering water temperature sensor. Applies only to self-contained units configured with a water condenser.
Mixed Air Temperature	AI:5	R	MATemp	-50°-249.99°F -45.56°-121.11°C	The current mixed air temperature from the mixed air temperature sensor. Applies only to self-contained units configured with a mixed air temperature sensor.
Discharge Line Temperature 1	AI:22	R	DischLn1Temp	-50°-392°F -45.56°-200°C	The current reading of the unit inverter compressor (Comp.1) discharge line refrigerant temperature sensor. Applies only to Rebel (DPS, DPH) units.
Discharge Line Temperature 2	AI:32	R	DischLn2Temp	-50°-392°F -45.56°-200.0°C	The current reading of the unit inverter compressor (Comp.2) discharge line refrigerant temperature sensor. Applies only to Rebel (DPS, DPH) units.
Discharge Line Temperature 3	AI:21	R	DischLn3Temp	-50°-392°F -45.56°-200°C	The current reading of the unit inverter compressor (Comp.3) discharge line refrigerant temperature sensor. Applies only to Rebel (DPS, DPH) units.
Defrost Temperature	AI:23	R	DefrostTemp	-50°-200°F -45.56°-93.33°C	The current reading of the unit defrost temperature sensor. Applies only to Rebel (DPS, DPH) units.
Inverter Compressor Body Temperature	AI:29	R	INVCompTemp	-83.2°-147.2°F -45.56°-65.56°C	The current reading of the Inverter Compressor Body Temperature. Applies only if the Rebel unit is configured with a 12 hp inverter compressor (DPS015).
Indoor Refrigerant Temperature	AI:27	R	IndoorRefTemp	-50°-150°F -45.56°-65.56°C	The current indoor refrigerant temperature from the indoor refrigerant temperature sensor. Applies only if the unit is configured for heat pump operation.
Outdoor Refrigerant Temperature	AI:28	R	OutdoorRefTemp	-50°-150°F -45.56°-65.56°C	The current outdoor refrigerant temperature from the outdoor refrigerant temperature sensor. Applies only if the unit is configured for heat pump operation.
Suction Line Refrigerant Temperature	AI:24	R	SucnRefTemp	-50°-200°F -45.56°-93.33°C	The current reading of the unit suction line refrigerant temperature sensor. Applies only to Rebel (DPS, DPH) units.

1. Default value does not apply to read-only points.

#### Table 6: Flow Status

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)3	Description
Exhaust Fan Status	BV:1	R	ExhFanState	1 = Off 2 = On	Indicates if the unit controller is commanding the return or exhaust fan to "On." Applies only to units configured for a return/exhaust fan.
VAV Box Output <sup>1,2</sup>	MSV:14	R	VAVBoxOutput	1 = Heat (Off) 2 = Cool (On)	The VAV box output is provided for interlocking field VAV box operation with the unit heating or cooling. The value = 0 when the unit is in any heating state, Start, or Recirc. The value = 1 when the unit is in any other state. Applies only to units configured with supply fan VFDs.

This object does not apply to 1ZnVAV units.
 This object does not apply to SCC units.
 Default value does not apply to read-only points.

#### Table 7: Supply and Return/Exhaust Fan Speed Control

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)⁴		Description
Supply Air Fan (SAF) Speed						
Duct Static Pressure <sup>2,3</sup>	AV:6	R	DuctStatPress	0-5" WC 0-1250 Pa	is equipped the lower of is then base	duct static pressure sensor reading. When a unit with two duct static pressure sensors, it displays the two sensor readings. Static pressure control d on the lower of the two readings. Applies only pply fan type is configured for a VFD.
Duct Static Pressure Setpoint <sup>2,3</sup>	AV:7	w	DuctStaticSP	0.2-4.0" WC 49.82-996.36 Pa Default: 1" WC / 249 Pa	discharge ai the valid limi network is ig is configured	ct Static Pressure Setpoint used to control the r fan VFD. If the Present Value is set beyond ts from the network, the value written from the nored. Applies only if the unit supply fan type if for a VFD and Remote Supply Fan Capacity (MSV:11) is set to 1 = DSP.
						supply fan airflow control used on a unit equipped le volume supply air fan.
					Option Des	criptions
					1 = DSP	The supply fan airflow maintains the duct static pressure at the duct static pressure set point. Applies only when the unit is not configured for 1ZnVAV operation.
					2 = Speed	The supply fan airflow is controlled to a VFD speed set via the Supply Fan Capacity Input.
Remote Supply Fan				See Description for details. 1 = DSP 2 = Speed	3 = 1ZnVAV	The supply fan airflow is controlled to maintain the Control Temperature at the Occupied Cooling Setpoint or the Occupied Heating Setpoint depending on the Unit State. Only applies if unit is configured for single zone VAV operation
Remote Supply Fan MS Capacity Control Flag	MSV:11	MSV:11 W	V SupFanCtrl	$3 = 1ZnVAV$ $4 = BSP$ $5 = CO_2$ $6 = cfm$ Default: 1 (DSP)	4 = BSP	The supply fan airflow maintains the building static pressure at the building static pressure set point. Applies only when 1) the unit is not configured for 12nVAV operation and 2) is configured for 100% OA operation or SCU unit without airside economizer.
					5 = CO <sub>2</sub>	The supply fan airflow maintains the $CO_2$ level between adjustable limits. Applies only when 1) the unit is not configured for 12nVAV operation and 2) is configured for 100% OA operation or SCU unit without airside economizer.
					6 = cfm	The supply fan airflow maintains the cfm level at the Outdoor Air Damper Minimum Position setpoint. Applies only when 1) the unit is not configured for 1ZnVAV operation and 2) is configured for 100% OA operation or SCU unit without airside economizer.
Supply Fan Capacity Input <sup>1</sup>	AV:21	w	SupFanCapNetIn	0-100% Default: 163.835 (Null)	Capacity Co maximum ar beyond thes	charge air VFD speed when the Supply Fan ntrol Flag is set to Speed (MSV:11=2) using nd minimum limits. If the Present Value is set e limits from the network, the value is ignored roller continues to control to the last valid value.
Return/Exhaust Fan Contro	I					
Building Static Pressure	AI:9	R	BldgStatPress	-0.2489 - 0.2489" WC -62 62 Pa	Displays the sensor.	reading of the current building static pressure
Building Static Pressure Setpoint	AV:8	w	BldgStaticSP	-0.2489 - 0.2489" WC -62 62 PaC Default: 0.05" WC / 12.5 Pa	the return air to maintain t setpoint. Us Present Valu the value is i the last valid	ding static pressure setpoint used for controlling r or exhaust fan inlet VFD. The VFD is modulated he building static pressure sensor input at this ses maximum and minimum limits, so if the ue is set beyond these limits from the network, ignored and the controller continues to control to value. Applies only if the unit is configured for a return/exhaust fan.
Remote Return/Exhaust Fan Capacity Control Flag	MSV:12	W	ExhRetFanCtrl	1 = None 2 = Tracking 3 = BldgP 4 = Speed 5 = OAD Default: 2 (Tracking)	is equipped Tracking, the adjustable tr return fan air return or exh of the supply pressure at a = Speed, the VFD speed s Input. If it is	eturn or exhaust fan airflow control. If the unit with return fan VFD and this property is set to e return fan airflow is controlled based on an acking relationship between the supply fan and rflow. If this parameter is set to Building, the aust fan airflow is controlled independently y fan airflow to maintain the building static a building static pressure setpoint. If it is set 4 e return or exhaust fan airflow is controlled to a setpoint adjusted via the Return Fan Capacity set to OAD, the exhaust fan airflow is controlled by of the supply fan airflow based on the outdoor position.

1. MSV:38 (AHU Loc/Net) must be set to Network (1) for this property to apply. AHU Loc/Net is changeable only via the keypad display.

2. This object does not apply to 1ZnVAV units.

3. This object does not apply to SCC units.

#### Table 7: Supply and Return/Exhaust Fan Speed Control, Continued

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Return Fan Capacity Input <sup>1</sup>	AV:22	w	RetFanCapNetIn	0-100% Default: 163.835 (Null)	Sets the return/exhaust air VFD speed when Remote Return/ Exhaust Fan Capacity Control Flag (MSV:12) = Speed (4). Applies only to units configured for a modulating return fan. Uses maximum and minimum limits, so if the Present Value is set beyond these limits from the network, the value is ignored and the unit controller continues to control to the last valid value.
Exhaust Fan Capacity Input <sup>1</sup>	AV:23	w	ExhFanCapNetIn	0-100% Default: 163.835 (Null)	Overrides the local exhaust fan capacity control. Remote Return/Exhaust Fan Capacity Control Flag (MSV:12) must be set to Speed (4) for the unit controller to use this remote capacity for control. Applies only to units that are configured for modulating exhaust fan or that are configured for prop exhaust.

1. MSV:38 (AHU Loc/Net) must be set to Network (1) for this property to apply. AHU Loc/Net is changeable only via the keypad display.

2. This object does not apply to 1ZnVAV units.

This object does not apply to SCC units.
 Default value does not apply to read-only points.

#### Table 8: Cooling

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Occupied Cooling Setpoint	AV:9	W	OccCoolSP	0°-100°F -17.78°-37.78°C Default: 72°F / 22.22°C	Sets the Occupied Cooling Setpoint value when it is not controlled by another function. It uses maximum and minimum limits, so if the Present Value is set beyond the acceptable range from the network, the value is ignored and the unit controller continues to control to the last valid value.
Unoccupied Cooling Setpoint	AV:10	w	UnoccCoolSetpt	39.992°-99.986 °F -4.44°-37.77°C Default: 85°F / 29.44°C	Sets the temperature above which the unit starts and provides unoccupied heating (night setup) during unoccupied periods. An optional space temperature sensor is required for unoccupied cooling operation. It uses maximum and minimum limits, so if the Present Value is set beyond these limits from the network, the value is ignored and the unit controller continues to control to the last valid value.
Network Discharge Air Cooling Setpoint	AV:13	W	DAClgSetpt	39.992°-100.0°F 4.44°-37.78°C Default: 55°F / 12.78°C	Sets the Network Cooling Discharge Setpoint only when ClgReset = Network. The unit controller internally limits the Present Value that is written between the Min Clg Spt (AV:14) and the Max Clg Spt. Refer to the Cooling Set Up menu on the unit controller keypad/display.
Min Discharge Air Cooling Setpoint	AV:14	w	DefaultDATClgSetpt	39.992°-100.0°F 4.44°-37.78°C Default: 55°F / 12.78°C	Sets the Minimum Discharge Air Cooling Setpoint. It is also changeable via the unit controller keypad/display. The unit controller uses the last valid value it received from either the network or keypad/display.

#### Table 9: Evaporative Condenser

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>	Description
Conductivity	AI:12	R	Conductivity	0-5000	Provides the conductivity of the water in the sump of an evaporative cooled condenser. Applies only to units with evaporative condensing.

#### Table 10: Minimum Outdoor Air Set-up

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>2</sup>	Description
Space CO <sub>2</sub>	AI:13	R	SpaceCO2	0-5000 ppm	The current space CO <sub>2</sub> level from the optional space CO <sub>2</sub> sensor. This value reflects the SpaceIAQ Input (if valid) or the value from a locally wired sensor. Applies only if the unit is configured for an airside economizer and Min OA Type is set to IAQ VDC or IAQ mA.
Outdoor Airflow	AV:42	R	OAFlow	0-60007.25 cfm 0-28320 l/s	The amount of outdoor airflow entering the unit. Applies only to units configured for design flow.
Outdoor Airflow Setpoint	AV:53	W	MinOAFlowSpt	0-60007.25 cfm 0-28320 l/s Default: 2000 cfm 943.9 l/s	The Outdoor Air Setpoint applies only to units configured for design flow.
Outdoor Air Damper Minimum Position Input	AV:16	W	MinOAPosNetIn	0-100% Default: NA	Sets the Outdoor Air Damper Minimum Position setpoint. The Minimum Outdoor Air Damper Position Input setpoint uses this value when 1) it is not controlled by another function and 2) when Min OA Pos = Network via the unit controller the keypad/display. The unit controller internally limits the Present Value that is written between the DCV Limit and the Vent Limit in the Min OA Damper menu. Applies only to units configured with an airside economizer.
Space IAQ Input <sup>1</sup>	AV:31	w	SpacelAQNetIn	0-5000 ppm Default: 32767 (Null)	Indicates the current space CO <sub>2</sub> level from the network. This value takes priority over a locally wired sensor. It is used for minimum OA damper control and only applies if Min OA Type is set to IAQ VDC or IAQ mA.

1. MSV:38 (AHU Loc/Net) must be set to Network (1) for this property to apply. AHU Loc/Net is changeable only via the keypad display. 2. Default value does not apply to read-only points.

#### Table 11: Heating

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Occupied Heating Setpoint	AV:11	W	OccHeatSP	0°-100°F -17.78°-37.78°C Default: 68°F / 20°C	Sets the Occupied Heating Setpoint value when it is not controlled by other function. It uses maximum and minimum limits, so if the Present Value is set beyond the acceptable range, the value is ignored and the unit controller continues to control to the last valid value.
Unoccupied Heating Setpoint	AV:12	w	UnoccHeatSetpt	39.99°-99.98°F -4.44°-37.77°C Default: 55°F / 12.78°C	Sets the temperature above which the unit starts and provides cooling (night setback) during unoccupied periods. An optional space temperature sensor is required for unoccupied cooling operation. It uses maximum and minimum limits, so if the Present Value is set beyond these limits from the network, the value is ignored and the unit controller continues to control to the last valid value.
Max Discharge Air Heating Setpoint	AV:18	W	DefaultDATHtgSetpt	40°-140°F 4.4°-60°C Default: 120°F / 48.89°C	Sets the maximum allowable discharge air heating setpoint determined by the discharge air temperature reset function. It is changeable via the unit controller keypad/display. The controller uses the last valid value it last received from either the network or the keypad/display. It uses maximum and minimum limits, so if the Present Value is set beyond these limits from the network, the value is ignored and the unit controller controller control to the last valid value.
Morning Warm-up Heating Setpoint <sup>1</sup>	AV:55	W	DACMWUSpt	40°-100°F 4.4°-37.78°C Default: 70°F / 21.11°C	Defines the morning warm-up heating setpoint when the unit is configured for discharge air temperature control. It does not apply to zone temperature control units (the Occupied Heating Setpoint is used for morning warm-up purposes in zone control units). The unit controller uses the last valid value received from either the network or the keypad/display. It uses maximum and minimum limits, so if the Present Value is set beyond these limits from the network, the value is ignored and the unit controller continues to control to the last valid value.
Network Discharge Air Heating Setpoint	AV:17	W	DAHtgSetpt	39.99-140°F 4.44°-60°C Default: 100°F / 37.78°C	Sets the Network Heating Discharge Setpoint and only applies when HtgReset = Network. The unit controller internally limits the Present Value that is written between the Min Htg Spt and the Max Htg Spt (AV:18). See the Heating menu on the unit controller keypad/display.

1. This object does not apply to SCC units.

#### Table 12: Dehumidification

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>2</sup>	Description
Dehumidification					
Relative Humidity	AI:11	R	SpaceRH	0-100%	The current reading of the optional relative humidity sensor.
Relative Humidity Input <sup>1</sup>	AV:19	W	SpaceRHNetIn	0-100% Default: 163.835% (Null)	Sets the relative humidity from the network. If the network value becomes unreliable, the humidity reverts to the value provided by the attached relative humidity sensor.
Relative Humidity Setpoint	AV:40	W	HumiditySP	0-100% Default: NA	Defines the Relative Humidity Setpoint via the network.
Dew Point Temperature	AV:20	R	SpaceDewPt	-50°-150°F -45.56°-65.56°C	The current Dew Point Temperature value is calculated from the optional relative humidity sensor.
Dew Point Setpoint	AV:41	W	DewpointSP	0-100°F -17.78° - +37.78°C Default: NA	Defines the Dew Point Setpoint via the network. The "Dehum Method = item" on the keypad/display can be changed to DewPt as desired.
Reheat Capacity	AV:44	R	ReheatCapacity	0-100%	Indicates the current percentage of the unit's reheat capacity. Applies only to units configured with cooling.
Dehumidification Set-up					
Minimum Leaving Coil Temperature Dehumidification Setpoint	AV:56	W	MinDehumLCTSpt	-39.99°-100°F 4.44°-37.78°C Default: 44.99°F / 7.22°C	Determines the point where cooling is staged up during dehumidification operation. If the unit is equipped with modulating cooling (such as chilled water or variable speed compressor) this is the point the leaving coil temperature is controlled to during dehumidification operation.
Maximum Leaving Coil Temperature Dehumidification Setpoint	AV:57	W	MaxDehumLCTSpt	-39.99°-100°F 4.44°-37.78°C Default: 51.99°F / 11.11°C	Determines the point where cooling is staged down during dehumidification operation.

1. MSV:38 (AHU Loc/Net) must be set to Network (1) for this property to apply. AHU Loc/Net is changeable only via the keypad display. 2. Default value does not apply to read-only points.

#### Table 13: Energy Recovery

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>	Description
Energy Recovery Exhaust Air Temperature	Al:17	R	EREAT	-20°-199.99°F -28.89°-93.33°C	The current value of energy recovery wheel exhaust air temperature sensor.
Air Temperature				Default: NA	temperature sensor.
Energy Recovery Leaving Air Temperature	<sup>ng</sup> Al:16 R ERLAT	ERLAT	-50°-249.99°F -45.56°-121.11°C	The current value of energy recovery wheel leaving air	
All Temperature				Default: NA	temperature sensor.
Energy Recovery Wheel	AI:15	R		0-100%	The current speed of the energy recovery wheel, expressed
Speed	AI. 15	ĸ	ERWheelSpd	Default: NA	as a percentage.
Energy Recovery Wheel	MSV:37	R	ERWhlOnOff	1 = Off 2 = On	The command status (On or Off) of the energy recovery
Status				Default: NA	wheel.

1. Default value does not apply to read-only points.

#### Table 14: Refrigeration

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>	Description
Discharge Refrigerant Pressure	AI:26	R	RefDischP	0-725.2 psi 0-5000 kPa	The current reading of the unit discharge line refrigerant pressure sensor. Applies only to Rebel (DPS, DPH) units.
Discharge Refrigerant Pressure Circuit 1	AI:30	R	C1RefDischP	0-725.2 psi 0-5000 kPa	The current reading from circuit 1 refrigerant discharge pressure sensor.
Discharge Refrigerant Pressure Circuit 2	AI:31	R	C2RefDischP	0-725.2 psi 0-5000 kPa	The current reading from circuit 2 refrigerant discharge pressure sensor.
Suction Refrigerant Pressure	AI:25	R	RefSuctionP	0-725.2 psi 0-5000 kPa	The current reading from refrigerant circuit suction pressure sensor.

#### Table 15: Operation Hours

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Supply Fan Hours	AV:100	W	SupplyFanHrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated supply fan hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Return/Exhaust Fan Hours	AV:101	W	RF_EFHrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated return or exhaust fan hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Staged Exhaust 1 Hours	AV:102	W	StgExh1Hrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The second stage exhaust fan accumulated run hours. It can be reset via the network.
Staged Exhaust 2 Hours	AV:103	W	StgExh2Hrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The first stage exhaust fan accumulated run hours. It can be reset via the network.
Mechanical Cooling Hours	AV:104	W	MechClgHrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated mechanical cooling hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Compressor 1 Hours	AV:105	W	Comp1Hrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated compressor 1 hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Compressor 2 Hours	AV:106	W	Comp2Hrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated compressor 2 hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Compressor 3 Hours	AV:107	W	Comp3Hrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated compressor 3 hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Compressor 4 Hours	AV:108	W	Comp4Hrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated compressor 4 hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Compressor 5 Hours	AV:109	W	Comp5Hrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated compressor 5 hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Compressor 6 Hours	AV:110	W	Comp6Hrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated compressor 6 hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Compressor 7 Hours	AV:111	W	Comp7Hrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated compressor 7 hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Compressor 8 Hours	AV:112	W	Comp8Hrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated compressor 8 hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Compressor Cooling Hours	AV:113	W	CmpClgHrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The compressor cooling accumulated run hours. It can be reset via the network. Applies only to Rebel (DPS, DPH) units.
Compressor Heating Hours	AV:114	W	CmpHtgHrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The compressor heating accumulated run hours. It can be reset via the network. Applies only to Rebel (DPS, DPH) units.
Dehumidification Hours	AV:119	W	DehumHrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated dehumidification hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Economizer Hours	AV:117	W	EconoHrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated economizer hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Energy Recovery Wheel Hours	AV:120	W	ERWhlHrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated energy recovery wheel hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Heating Hours	AV:116	W	HeatingHrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated heating hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Inverter Compressor Hours	AV:115	W	INVCmpHrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated inverter compressor hours of operation. It can be reset via the network. Applies only to Rebel (DPS, DPH) units.
Tenant Override Hours	AV:118	W	TenantORHrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated tenant override hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.
Variable Compressor Hours	AV:121	W	VarCmpHrs	0-50000 Hours Default: NA	The accumulated Variable Compressor hours of operation. It can be reset via the network.

#### Table 16: Defrost

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>	Description
Defrost State	MSV:47	R	DefrostState	1 = Off $2 = Init$ (Defrost Initialization) 3 = Exec (Execute Defrost) 4 = Term (Terminate Defrost	Indicates the unit's current defrost state.

#### Table 17: BACnet Network Variables

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>3</sup>	Description	
Outdoor Air Temperature Input <sup>1</sup>	AV:29	W	OutdoorTempInput	-50°-150°F -45.56°-65.56°C Default: 327.67 (Null)	Enables the outdoor air temperature to be configured from the network. Write the temperature to this property when using a single temperature sensor to determine the outdoor air temperature for the entire network. Applies only if the unit is configured for an outdoor air temperature sensor, and reverts to the Null value if written out of range.	
Space Temperature Input <sup>1</sup>	AV:28	W	SpaceTempInput	0°-150°F -17.78°-65.56°C Default: 327.67 (Null)	The current space or zone temperature network value. If this network value becomes unreliable, the temperature reverts to the space temperature sensor value. Applies only if the unit is configured for a space temperature sensor.	
	AV:34	W	CoolEnable	0 = Off (Disabled) 1 = Enable -1 = Null Default: -1 (Null)	<ul> <li>Enables or disables the primary cooling. Applies only if 1) the unit is configured for mechanical cooling and 2) when Ctrl Mode = Auto.</li> <li>If CoolEnable is 0, then the primary cooling is disabled. If it is 1 and CoolEnablePct is 0, the primary cooling is</li> </ul>	
Primary Cool Enable <sup>1</sup>	AV:35	W	CoolEnablePct	0-100% Default: 100%	<ul> <li>disabled.</li> <li>If CoolEnable is -1 (null), it is not being controlled by the network.</li> <li>If CoolEnable is 1 and CoolEnablePct is greater than 0, the primary cooling is enabled. When cooling is enabled, CoolEnablePct reflects the percentage of cooling that is enabled.</li> </ul>	
	AV:36	W	HeatEnable	0 = Off (Disabled) 1 = Enable -1 = Null Default: -1 (Null)	Enables or disables the primary heating. Applies only if 1) the unit is configured for heating and 2) when Ctrl Mode = Auto. • If HeatEnable = 0, then the primary heating is disabled. • If HeatEnable = 1 and HeatEnablePct = 0, the primary	
Primary Heat Enable <sup>1</sup>	AV:37 W HeatEnablePct	0-100% Default: 100%	<ul> <li>heating is disabled.</li> <li>If HeatEnable = -1 (null), it is not being controlled by the network.</li> <li>If HeatEnable = 1 and HeatEnablePct is greater than 0, the primary heating is enabled. When heating is enabled, HeatEnablePct reflects the percentage of heating that is enabled.</li> </ul>			
Fconomizer Enable <sup>1</sup>	AV:32	w	EconEnable	0 = Off (Disabled) 1 = Enable -1 = Null Default: -1	<ul> <li>Enables or disables the economizer. Applies only if 1) if the unit is configured for a waterside or airside economizer and 2) when Ctrl Mode = Auto.</li> <li>If EconEnable = 0, then the economizer is disabled.</li> <li>If it is 1 and EconEnaPercent is 0, the economizer is disabled.</li> <li>If EconEnable = -1 (null), it is not being controlled by</li> </ul>	
Economizer Enable <sup>1</sup>	AV:33	W	EconEnablePct	0-100% Default: 100%	<ul> <li>the network.</li> <li>If EconEnable = 1 and EconEnablePct is greater than 0, the economizer is enabled and local enable/disable decisions are ignored.</li> <li>Economizer operation is disabled locally when the unit is in dehumidification, regardless of the network Economizer Enable settings.</li> </ul>	
Waterflow Switch Input <sup>1</sup>	AV:38	w	WaterflowSwitch	-1 = No Flow 0 = No Flow 1 = Flow Default: -1 (No Flow)	Allows the network to set the waterflow status. Applies only to units that are configured for mechanical cooling. The cooling configuration is either individual circuits or dual circuit water condenser, and no head pressure control.	
Effective Discharge Air Temperature Setpoint	AV:39	R	EffDATempSP	-83.2°147.2°F -64°64°C Default: NA	Reflects the Effective Heating Discharge Temperature Setpoint if the unit is in the heating state. If not, it reflects the Discharge Air Cooling Setpoint when the unit is in any other operating state.	
AHU Loc/Net	MSV:38	R	AHULoc/Net	1 = Network 2 = Local Default: 1 (Network)	Indicates if the unit controller is set to use local or network inputs. AHU Loc/Net can only be changed from the keypad/ display (applicable parameters in this table denoted with a "1"). It must be set to Network (1) for most of the writeable network properties to apply.	

MSV:38 (AHU Loc/Net) must be set to Network (1) for this property to apply. AHU Loc/Net is changeable only via the keypad display.
 Tenant Override and Standby options are not used.
 Default value does not apply to read-only points.

#### Table 18: Unit Configuration

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description	
Unit Type	MSV:111	R	UnitType	1 = RTU 2 = SCU 3 = MPS 4 = DPS 5 = DPH Default: 1 (RTU)	Defines the AHU model associated with the unit controller. Not all unit types are available in every application. Unit Type is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
Control Type	MSV:112	R	CtrlType	See Description for details. 1 = Zone control 2 = DAT 3 = 1ZnVAV Default: 2 (DAT)	Defines the control logic for the unit. <b>Option descriptions</b> • DAT = Discharge air temperature control • 1ZnVAV = Single-zone VAV control	
Cooling Type	MSV:113	R	СІдТуре	See Description for details. 1 = None 2 = CompClg 3 = CW Clg 4 = F BP 5 = VarCir1, VC_SV1, or INV 6 = VarCir2 or VC_SV2 7 = VCSV1 8 = VCSV2 Default: 2 (CompClg) or 5 (INV)	The type of cooling in the unit. Not all options are available in all applications. Cooling Type is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.         Option descriptions         CompClg       Compressorized cooling         CW Clg       Chilled water cooling         F_BP       Face and bypass         VarCir1, VC       Variable, single circuit compressor cooling         SV1, or INV       Variable, dual circuit compressor cooling         VC_SV2       Variable compressor-circuit 1 with SV1 valve         VCSV2       Variable compressor-circuit 1 with SV1 valve	
Compressor Configuration	MSV:114	R	CompCfg	See Description for details. 1 = No 2 = GC 3 = 223 4 = 324 5 = 222 6 = 333 7 = 3W 8 = 424 9 = 444 10 = 4W 11 = 626 12 = 6 13 = 6W 14 = 325 15 = 425 16 = 848 17 = 888 18 = 636 19 = Not Used 20 = 334 21 = Spare 22 = 1INV/1Circ Default: $8 = 424$	The compressor configuration and compressor staging for the unit. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and it should not be changed. Not all options are available for all applications or unit types.Option descriptions1 = NoNone2 = GCGeneric Condenser3 = 2232Cmp/2Circ/3Stg4 = 3243Cmp/2Circ/4Stg5 = 2222Cmp/2Circ/2or6StgorV6 = 3333Cmp/3Circ/3Stg_NoWRV7 = 3W3Cmp/3Circ/3Stg_WRV8 = 4244Cmp/2Circ/4StgorV9 = 4444Cmp/4Circ/4Stg_NoWRV10 = 4W4Cmp/4Circ/4Stg_NoWRV11 = 6266Cmp/2Circ/6StgorV12 = 66Cmp/2Circ/6Stg_NOWRV13 = 6W6Cmp/6Circ/6Stg_NOWRV13 = 4253Cmp/2Circ/5StgorV14 = 3253Cmp/2Circ/5StgorV15 = 4254Cmp/2Circ/5or8Stg16 = 8488Cmp/4Circ/8Stg17 = 8888Cmp/4Circ/8Stg18 = 6366Cmp/3Circ/6Stg20 = 3343Cmp/3Circ/4Stg	
Generic Cooling Stages	AV:163	R	GenCondStages	0-8 Default: 8	The number of generic cooling stages. Applies only if the compressor configuration is set to Generic Condenser (2) and is used for remote condenser operation.	
Low Ambient	MSV:115	R	LoAmb	1 = No 2 = Yes Default: 1 (No)	Indicates if Low Ambient control is available. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
Evap Condenser Control	MSV:116	R	EvapCondCtrl	1 = Std1 or None $2 = Std2$ $3 = EvABB$ $4 = EvMD2$ $5 = EvMD3$ $6 = EvDF$ $7 = NA$ $8 = EBM$ $9 = Daikin$ $10 = DknMC$ Default: 1 (Std1 or None)	The type of evaporator condenser control in the unit. Not all types are available in all applications. Evap Condenser Control is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	

#### Table 18: Unit Configuration, Continued

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description	
				See Description for details. 1 = None 2 = 30	The style of damper installed in the unit. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed. Option descriptions	
Damper Type	MSV:117	R	DamperType	3 = 100 $4 = EconoAir$ $5 = EconoWtr$ $6 = 100D3$ $7 = EcoD3$ $8 = 30D3$ $9 = AirEcFDD$ $10 = EcFDDD3$ Default: 4 (EconoAir)	2 = 30       30% OA fixed damper         3 = 100       100% OA unit         4 = EconoAir       Airside economizer         5 = EconoWtr       Waterside economizer         6 = 100D3       Includes D3 gateway         7 = EcoD3       Includes D3 gateway         8 = 30D3       Includes D3 gateway         9 = AirEcFDD       Includes econ fault detection         10 = EcFDDD3       Includes econ fault detection and D3 gateway	
Outdoor Air Flow Station	MSV:118	R	OAFlowStation	See Description for details. 1 = None 2 = DS_015-031 3 = DS_035-042 4 = DS_045-079 5 = DS_080-140 6 = FStn 7 = FStn_CO <sub>2</sub> Default: 1 (None)	The type of outdoor air flow station installed in the unit. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and shoul not be changed.  Option descriptions      DS = DesignFlow      FStn = Field-provided flow station      Fstn_CO <sub>2</sub> = field-provided flow station with CO <sub>2</sub> contr	
Heating Type	MSV:119	R	HtgType	1 = None 2 = $F_BP$ (face and bypass) 3 = Staged (gas or electric) 4 = Gas3-1 turndown 5 = Gas20-1 turndown 6 = SteamWtr 7 = SCR electric heat 8 = Gas5-1 turndown 9 = Gas10-1 turndown Default: 1 (None)	The type of heating in the unit. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
Maximum Heating Stages	AV:164	R	MaxHtgStages	1-8 Default: 1	The number of heating stages in the unit. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
Maximum Heat Rise	AV:165	R	MaximumHeatRise	0-100°F Default: 100°F	The maximum heat rise in the unit. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
Supply Air Fan Type	MSV:120	R	SAFType	1 = CAV* 2 = ABBVFD 3 = GrhmVFD 4 = McQVFD21 5 = McQVFD31 6 = McQVFD61 7 = EBMVAV 8 = EBMCAV 9 = ABBVAV DD 10 = ABBCAV_DD Default: 1 (CAV)	The model of supply air fan installed in the unit. Not all fan options are available for each unit. Fan type is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed. *CAV = Constant Air Volume	
Return Air Fan Type	MSV:121	R	RAFType	$1 = CAV^*$ $2 = ABB$ $3 = DF$ $4 = MQ21$ $5 = MQ31$ $6 = MQ61$ $7 = PExABB$ $8 = PExDF$ $9 = P21$ $10 = P31$ $11 = P61$ $12 = No$ $13 = 1Ex$ $14 = 2Ex$ $15 = 3Ex$ $16 = EBMVAV$ $17 = EBMCAV$ $18 = 18$ $19 = 19$ $20 = 20$ Default: 1 (CAV)	The model of return air fan installed in the unit. Not all fan options are available for each unit. Fan type is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed. *CAV = Constant Air Volume	

#### Table 18: Unit Configuration, Continued

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description	
Second Duct Static Pressor Sensor	MSV:122	R	2ndDSPSensor	1 = No 2 = Yes Default: 1 (No)	Indicates if a second duct static pressure sensor installed in the unit. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
Entering Fan/Leaving Coil Temperature Sensor	MSV:123	R	EFTLCTSnsr	1 = No 2 = Yes Default: 1 (No)	Indicates if there is an entering fan or leaving coil temperature sensor installed in the unit. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
Energy Recovery	MSV:124	R	EnergyRec	1 = None 2 = CnstSpd 3 = DFVFD 4 = MD2VFD 5 = MD3VFD 6 = ABBVFD 7 = CnstSpdHum	Indicates if there is energy recovery in the unit and what type It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
				Default: 1 (None)		
Cooling Circuit Type	MSV:125	R	ClgCirType	1 = Individ 2 = 2CircWtr 3 = 2CircAir or 1CircAir	The type of cooling circuit for the unit. Not all options are available in all applications. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
				Default: 3 (2CircAir) 1 = No	Indicates if Head Pressure Control is enabled or not. It is	
Head Pressure Control	MSV:126	R	HdPressCtrl	2 = Yes Default: 1 (No)	determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
Bypass Control	MSV:127	R	BypassCtrl	1 = Slave 2 = Bypass Default: 1 (Slave)	The bypass control logic for a self-contained unit. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
Unit Size	AV:166	R	UnitSize	0-999 Default: 050 or 012	The unit size in tons of cooling. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
Refrigerant Type	MSV:128	R	RefrigType	1 = R22 2 = R407C 3 = 410A	The type of refrigerant in the unit. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
				Default: 3 (R410A)		
Reheat Type	MSV:129	R	ReheatType	1 = None 2 = StgHG (staged) 3 = ModHG (modulating) 4 = StdHt (standard unit heat) 5 = ModLSC 6 = HG_LSC	The type of reheat in the unit. Not all types of reheat are available for all unit types. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
				Default: 1 (None)		
Unit Voltage	MSV:130	R	UnitVoltage	1 = 208_60Hz 2 = 230_60Hz 3 = 460_60Hz 4 = 575_60Hz 5 = 208_50Hz 6 = 230_50Hz 7 = 460_50Hz 8 = 575_50Hz	The voltage for the unit controller. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
				Default: 3 (460_60Hz)		
Expansion Valve Controller Type	MSV:131	R	EVType	1 = None 2 = EVBSg 3 = EVBDF 4 = MTSag 5 = MTDF 6 = MTSgDF 7 = MTDFSg 8 = MTDFC	The expansion valve type in the unit controller. It is determined based on the construction of the unit and should not be changed.	
				Default: 1 (None)		
			1		1	

#### Table 19: Active Alarms

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Alarm Value	AV:27	R	AlarmValue	NA	Allows individual notification of the highest priority active alarm. The value in Table 40 is the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an active alarm. This object is set to zero if no alarms are active. See Alarm Monitoring section for complete details.
Warning Alarm	AV:24	R	ActiveWarning	NA	Allows individual notification of the highest priority active warning alarm. The value in Table 41 is the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an active alarm. This object is set to zero if no warning alarms are active. See Alarm Monitoring section for more information.
Problem Alarm	AV:25	R	ActiveProblem	NA	Allows individual notification of the highest priority active problem alarm. The value in Table 42 is the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an active alarm. This object is set to zero if no problem alarms are active. See Alarm Monitoring section for more information.
Fault Alarm	AV:26	R	ActiveFault	NA	Allows individual notification of the highest priority active fault alarm. The value in Table 43 is the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an active alarm. This object is set to zero if no fault alarms are active. See Alarm Monitoring section for complete details.
Clear Alarms	MSV:13	W	ClearAlarms	1 = None $2 = CIrFIts$ $3 = CIrPrbIms$ $4 = CIrWrngs$ $5 = CIrAlIAIms$ Default: 1	Clears all active alarms or all active alarms in a particular alarm class. See Alarms and Events section for more information on clearing BACnet alarms. If you choose to clear an alarm using MSV:13, it should be done with intention and precision. This point should not be written to continuously and frequently under any circumstances. The purpose of writing to MSV:13 is to intentionally clear an active alarm.

#### Table 20: Date/Time/Schedules

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Date	Device	R	Local_Date	NA	Sets the current date in the form of day, month, year, and day of the week. See ANSI/ASHRAE 135-2008 for a complete definition of the data type.
Max Purge Time	AV:58	w	MaxPurgeTime	0-300 Min Default: 0 Min	Activates a preoccupancy purge function period that uses unoccupied economizer operation to pre-cool the space. Setting this to 0 minutes deactivates the function.
Time	Device	w	Local Time	NA	Sets the current time in the form of hours, minutes, seconds, and hundredths of a second. See ANSI/ASHRAE 135-2008 for a complete definition of the data type.

#### Table 21: Version Information

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Application Version	Device	R	Application_Software_ Version	NA	Reads the Application_Software_Version property, which is the version of application software loaded into the unit controller.

#### Table 22: Non-Keypad Objects

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Local OA Temperature	AV:5	R	LocalOATemp	-50°-150°F -45.56°-65.56°C Default: NA	The current outdoor air temperature provided by the local outdoor air temperature sensor. Applies only if the unit is configured for an outdoor air temperature sensor.
Local Space Temperature	AV:4	R	LocalSpaceTmp	0°-150°F -17.78°-65.56°C Default: NA	The current space air temperature provided by the local space air temperature sensor. Applies only if the unit is configured for a space temperature sensor.
Network Demand Shed Enable	MSV:48	w	DemandShed	1 = Inactive 2 = Active Default: 1 (Inactive)	Enables the demand shed functionality. For this feature to be active, 1) the DemandShed object in the HtgClg ChgOvr Set-Up keypad/display menu must be set to Enable, and 2) Network Demand Shed Enable must be set to Active. It is only available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or newer.

1. If the BACnet Workstation is unable to subscribe to the recipient\_list, it is still possible to subscribe to alarms using the unit controller keypad/display. Navigate to the IP Setup or MS/TP Setup menu and enter the Device Instance of the device to receive the alarms in the "NC Dev 1=" or "NC Dev 2=" entries. Cycle power to the unit controller after changing these properties via the keypad/display.

2. Maximum of 20 recipients at one time.

3. A lower number indicates a higher priority.

#### Table 22: Non-Keypad Objects, Continued

Point Name	Object Type/ Instance	Read/ Write Access	BACnet Object Name	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
			NC4-Events	NA	Generates notifications for event alarms.
Notification Class - Events	NC:4	w			The Recipient_List <sup>1,2</sup> property conveys a list of one or more recipients to which notifications will be sent. The Ack_ Required property defines whether or not acknowledgment is required for notifications generated due to To-OffNormal, To-Fault, and To-Normal event transitions.
					The Priority <sup>3</sup> property conveys the priority to be used for event notifications to To-OffNormal, To-Fault and To-Normal events.
					See Alarm Notification Class (Intrinsic Reporting) - BACnet for details.
					Generates notifications for fault alarms. The Recipient_List Generates notifications for event alarms.
Notification Class - Faults	NC:1	W	NC1-Faults	NA	The Recipient_List <sup>1,2</sup> property conveys a list of one or more recipients to which notifications will be sent. The Ack_ Required property defines whether or not acknowledgment is required for notifications generated due to To-OffNormal, To-Fault, and To-Normal event transitions.
					The Priority <sup>3</sup> property conveys the priority to be used for event notifications to To-OffNormal, To-Fault and To-Normal events.
					See Alarm Notification Class (Intrinsic Reporting) - BACnet for details.
	NC:2	NC:2 W	NC2-Problems	NA	Generates notifications for event alarms.
Notification Class - Problems					The Recipient_List <sup>1,2</sup> property conveys a list of one or more recipients to which notifications will be sent. The Ack_ Required property defines whether or not acknowledgment is required for notifications generated due to To-OffNormal, To-Fault, and To-Normal event transitions.
					The Priority <sup>3</sup> property conveys the priority to be used for event notifications to To-OffNormal, To-Fault and To-Normal events.
					See Alarm Notification Class (Intrinsic Reporting) - BACnet for details.
					Generates notifications for event alarms.
Notification Class -	NC:3	W	NC3-Warnings	NA	The Recipient_List <sup>1,2</sup> property conveys a list of one or more recipients to which notifications will be sent. The Ack_ Required property defines whether or not acknowledgment is required for notifications generated due to To-OffNormal, To-Fault, and To-Normal event transitions.
Warnings					The Priority <sup>3</sup> property conveys the priority to be used for event notifications to To-OffNormal, To-Fault and To-Normal events.
					See Alarm Notification Class (Intrinsic Reporting) - BACnet for details.

1. If the BACnet Workstation is unable to subscribe to the recipient\_list, it is still possible to subscribe to alarms using the unit controller keypad/display. Navigate to the IP Setup or MS/TP Setup menu and enter the Device Instance of the device to receive the alarms in the "NC Dev 1=" or "NC Dev 2=" entries. Cycle power to the unit controller after changing these properties via the keypad/display.

2. Maximum of 20 recipients at one time.

3. A lower number indicates a higher priority.

### **BACnet File Objects**

BACnet File objects are data files described by the object's properties. They are accessed through File Services. The MicroTech III unit controller contains several file objects that may be available via BACnet. Whether or not the objects are available depends on the firmware version of the BACnet communication module attached to the unit controller. The

file objects described below are only available with BACnet firmware (BSP) version 9.26 and later. Earlier versions of the BACnet firmware do not support these objects.

Refer to Clause 14 of the BACnet Standard for more information on accessing and implementing File Objects or File Services.

#### Table 23: BACnet File Objects

File Object	BACnet Object Type	Instance Number	Full Reference Name	File Access Method	Description
BACnet Client Config File		1	BACnetClientConfig		Contains the BACnet client configuration. However, the unit controller acts as a server (versus a client), so the BACnet Client Config File does not apply to this application.
BACnet COV Config File		2	BACnetCOVConfig		Contains the BACnet Change of Value (COV) configuration.
BACnet Dynamic Trend Log Configuration		9	BACnetDynamicTrendlogConfig		The BACnet trend log configuration of the unit controller. This file is not used.
BACnet Event Enrollment Config File		5	BACnetEventEnrollmentConfig		The BACnet Event Enrollment Configuration file of the unit controller. Refer to BACnet Alarm and Event Notification for Event alarm objects.
BACnet Notification Class Configuration	File	8	BACnetNotificationClassConfig	Stream-access (1)	The BACnet Notification Class Configuration of the unit controller. Refer to BACnet Alarm and Event Notification for alarm objects by class. Applies only to BACnet firmware versions 10.26 and newer.
EDE File	-	6	EDE-File		The engineering data exchange file, which details the BACnet interface of the unit controller. It describes what points are available and information about each point.
EDE File – State Text	7		EDE-File_StateText		The engineering data exchange file of this controller with state text. This file details the BACnet interface of the unit controller. It describes what points are available and information about each point.
Error Log File		3	ErrorLog		The error log file for the BACnet communication module. The information displayed in the error log may vary depending on the BAS.
History Log File		4	HistoryLog		The history log file for the BACnet communication module.

### LONWORKS Network Variables

This section includes the data that is available to the BAS via the LonWorks network. Each variable may or may not be available on the unit controller keypad/display. If it is available, the keypad/display menu shows one path where the variable appears, but note that it may also be available on more than one keypad menu. Refer to Unit Controller Points List and Keypad Menu Locations in Appendix B or the appropriate IOM for the keypad menu structure (www.DaikinApplied.com).

The following section defines the comprehensive list of LONWORKS variables available from the unit controller to the network. The tables are grouped by functionality, with high level read-only points listed first, followed by capacities, temperatures and setpoints. The LONWORKS variables are then organized into each table as they are used to support the various types of unit operation, application modes, and unit controller configuration options. Objects apply to all unit types unless otherwise indicated.

Point Name	LONWORKS Variable	SNVT/UNVT (SNVT/UNVT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>	Description
Unit State	nvoUnitStatus.Mode	SNVT_hvac_status (112)	N	0 = AUTO 1 = HEAT 3 = COOL 6 = OFF 9 = FAN_ONLY 10 = FREE_COOL 0xFF = NUL	The current unit operating state. This variable covers six other data points: Supply Fan Capacity, Cooling Capacity, Heating Capacity, Reheat Capacity, Economizer Capacity, and In Alarm.
Daikin Applied AHU Unit Status	nvoMcQAHUStatus. Mode	N/A	N	0 = Enabled 1 = Off Man 2 = Off Man Ctrl 3 = Off Net 4 = Off Alarm 5 = Off Fan Retry	The operating status (i.e. Mode) of the unit controller. This variable covers Cooling Status, Heating Status, and Economizer Status data points.
Cooling Status	nvoMcQAHUStatus. ClgStatus	UNVTmcQAHUStatus	N	0 = Enabled $1 = None$ $2 = Off Ambient$ $3 = Off Alarm$ $4 = Off Net$ $5 = Off Man$	Defines the type of cooling in the unit. If cooling is disabled, the reason is indicated.
Heating Status	nvoMcQAHUStatus. HtgStatus	UNVTmcQAHUStatus	N	0 = Enabled 1 = None 2 = Off Ambient 3 = Off Alarm (Not Used) 4 = Off Net 5 = Off Man	Indicates if heating is currently enabled. If heating is disabled, the reason is indicated.
Economizer Status	nvoMcQAHUStatus. EconStatus	UNVTmcQAHUStatus	N	$\begin{array}{c} 0 = \text{Enabled} \\ 1 = \text{None} \\ 2 = \text{Off Ambient} \\ 3 = \text{Off Alarm (Not Used)} \\ 4 = \text{Off Net} \\ 5 = \text{Off Man} \\ 6 = \text{Off Dehum} \end{array}$	Indicates if the economizer is currently enabled. If the economizer is disabled, the reason is indicated.
Cooling Capacity	nvoUnitStatus.cool_ output	SNVT_hvac_status _(112)_	N	0-100%	The current percentage of unit maximum cooling capacity. This variable is a part of the LoNWORKS Unit Status network variable, which covers six other data points: Unit State, Heating Capacity, Reheat Capacity, Supply Fan Capacity, Economizer Capacity, and In Alarm. Applies only if the unit is configured for cooling. See Unit State.
Heating Capacity	nvoUnitStatus.heat_ output_primary	SNVT_hvac_status _(112)_	N	0-100%	The current percentage of unit maximum heating capacity. This variable is a part of the LonWorks Unit Status network variable, which covers six other data points: Unit State, Supply Fan Capacity, Secondary Heating (Reheat) Capacity, Economizer Capacity, and In Alarm. Applies only to units configured with heating. See Unit State.
Supply Fan Capacity	nvoUnitStatus. fan_output	SNVT_hvac_status (112)	N	0-110%	The current supply fan capacity. This variable is part of the LoNWORKS Unit Status network variable, which covers six other data points: Unit State, Cooling Capacity, Heating Capacity, Reheat Capacity, Economizer Capacity, and In Alarm. It reads 0% when the fan is off. If the unit is configured as constant volume, it reads 100% when the fan is on. Otherwise, it reads the feedback from the VFD. See Unit State.

#### Table 24: Unit Status/Settings

1. Default value does not apply to LonWorks network variable outputs (nvos).

#### Table 24: Unit Status/Settings, Continued

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT/UNVT (SNVT/UNVT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>	Description
Return/Exhaust Fan Status	nvoExhFanStatus	SNVT_switch (95)	N	Value 0-100% 5 tate 0 = Off 1=On -1 (0xFF) = Null	The current return fan or exhaust fan capacity. Applies only to units configured with a return/ exhaust fan. This variable has both Value and State properties.
Economizer Capacity	nvoUnitStatus.econ_ output	SNVT_hvac_status (112)	N	0-100%	The current economizer capacity or outdoor air damper position. This variable is part of the LowWorks Unit Status network variable, which covers six other data points: Unit State, Cooling Capacity, Heating Capacity, Reheat Capacity, Supply Fan Capacity, and In Alarm. See Unit State.
Emergency Override	nviEmergOverride	SNVT_hvac_emerg (103)	N	0 = NORMAL 4 = SHUTDOWN 0xFF = NUL Default: 0 (NORMAL)	Shuts off the unit controller. If Emergency Override is set = 4 (SHUTDOWN), the unit controller cannot start based on a time clock or any other means. The only way to start the unit controller is to change the value = 0 (NORMAL). If a value other than SHUTDOWN is selected, this variable reverts back to NORMAL.
Application Mode	nviApplicMode	SNVT_hvac_mode (108)	Y	0 = AUTO 1 = HEAT 3 = COOL 6 = OFF 9 = FAN_ONLY 0xFF = NUL Default: NA	Sets the unit in an application mode (Auto, Off, Heat Only, Cool Only, Fan Only, or Dehumidification). Application Mode does not "force" the unit into any state. However, it disables certain unit operations. For example, an Application Mode of "Cool Only" disables heating, "Heat Only" disables cooling, and "Fan Only" disables heating and cooling. Control Mode must be set = Auto for this variable to take effect. Control Mode is only set at the keypad/ display.

1. Default value does not apply to LONWORKS network variable outputs (nvos).

#### Table 25: Occupancy

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT Type (SNVT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>		Description
Occupancy	nvoEffectOccup	SNVT_occupancy (109)	N	0 = OCCUPIED 1 = UNOCCUPIED 2 = BYPASS* 3 = STANDBY* 0xFF = NUL	<ul> <li>unoccupied, or te</li> <li>*Option Descrip</li> <li>BYPASS =</li> <li>bypass per</li> </ul>	Area is temporarily occupied for the
Occupancy Mode	nviOccManCmd	SNVT_occupancy (109)	N	0 = OCCUPIED 1 = UNOCCUPIED 2 = BYPASS* 3 = STANDBY* 0xFF = NUL Default: NA	request is typical interface module used to manually override the sche used with nviOcc Occupancy mode *Option Descrip • BYPASS = bypass per	tions Area is temporarily occupied for the
Occupancy Scheduler Input				0 = OCCUPIED 1 = UNOCCUPIED 2 = BYPASS	Commands the controller when Controller when Controller when Controller or a suthe request. SNV current_state, ne described below.	ccupancy function of the unit Occupancy Mode is set to Auto. A ipervisory node typically sends T_tod_event contains three parts: xt_state, and time_to_next_state as
current_state				2 = BYPASS 3 = STANDBY 0xFF = NUL Default: NA	Reference Occupancy Scheduler Input (occup t)	Description Required. Indicates current scheduled occupancy state.
next_state	nviOccSchedule	SNVT_tod_event (128)	Y		Occupancy Scheduler Next (occup_t)	Optional. Indicates next scheduled occupancy state.
time_to_next_state				0-65534 Default: 65535 (Null)	Occupancy Scheduler Time (min)	Optional. Used in conjunction with Optional Start. If time_to_next_ state is valid, the unit controller uses this time to determine when the unit will start. If time_to_next_ state is not valid, the unit controller uses an internal calculation to determine when the unit should start.

1. Default value does not apply to  ${\sf LonWorks}$  network variable outputs (nvos).

#### Table 26: Temperatures

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT Type (SNVT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>3</sup>	Description
Discharge Air Temperature	nvoDischAirTemp	SNVT_temp_p (105)	N	-50°-249.99°F -45.56°-121.11°C	The current reading of the unit discharge air temperature sensor.
Return Air Temperature	nvoRATemp	SNVT_temp_p (105)	N	-20°-199.99°F -28.89°-93.33°C	The current reading from the unit return air temperature sensor. Applies only to units configured for a return air sensor.
Space Temperature	nvoSpaceTemp	SNVT_temp_p (105)	Я	0°-150°F -17.78°-65.56°C	The current space or zone temperature from the optional space air temperature sensor. Applies only if the unit is configured for a space temperature sensor. Note: If the sensor is not installed and the network is not writing to the space temperature, the Space Sensor attribute in the Unit Configuration menu on the keypad/ display should be set to "No" to disable the alarm function associated with an open circuit at the space temperature sensor input.
Outdoor Air Temperature	nvoOutdoorTemp	SNVT_temp_p (105)	N	-50°-150°F -45.56°-65.56°C	The current value of a unit-mounted outdoor air temperature sensor. Applies only to units configured for an outdoor air temperature sensor.
Entering Fan/Leaving Coil Temp	nvoEFT_LCT	SNVT_temp_p (105)	N	-83.2°-249.99°F -64°-121.11°C	The current value of the unit entering fan/leaving coil air temperature sensor. Applies only to units configured for an entering fan temperature sensor.
Entering Water Temperature	nvoCWTemp	SNVT_temp_p (105)	N	-50°-150°F -45.56°-65.56°C	The current entering water temperature from the entering water temperature sensor. Applies only to self-contained units configured with a water condenser.
	nvoMATemp <sup>1</sup>	SNVT temp p		-50°-249.99°F	The current mixed air temperature from the mixed air
Mixed Air Temperature	nvoMixedAirTemp <sup>2</sup>	(105)	N	-45.56°-121.11°C	temperature sensor. Applies only for self-contained units configured with a mixed air temperature sensor.

Variable applies only to DAC units.
 Variable applies only to SCC units.
 Default value does not apply to LonWorks network variable outputs (nvos).

#### Table 27: Flow Summary

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT/UNVT Type (SNVT/UNVT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>	Description
VAV Box Output <sup>1</sup>	nvoVAVBoxOut	UNVTvavBoxOutput	Ν	0 = Heat (Off) 1 = Cool (On)	The VAV box output is provided for interlocking field VAV box operation with the unit heating or cooling. The value = 0 when the unit is in any heating state, Start, or Recirc. The value = 1 when the unit is in any other state. Applies only to units configured with supply fan VFDs.

1. Variable applies only to SCC units. 2. Default value does not apply to LonWorks network variable outputs (nvos).

#### Table 28: Supply and Return/Exhaust Fan Speed Control

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT Type (SNVT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>2</sup>	Description
Supply Fan					
Duct Static Pressure <sup>1</sup>	nvoDuctStatPress	SNVT_press_p (T13)	N	0-5.0" WC 0-1250 Pa	The current duct static pressure sensor reading. When a unit is equipped with two duct static pressure sensors, the lower of the two is displayed. Static pressure control is then based on the lower value. Applies only if the unit supply fan type is configured for a VFD.
Duct Static Pressure Setpoint <sup>1</sup>	nviDuctStaticSP	SNVT_press_p (113)	Ν	0.20-4.0" WC 49.82-996.36 Pa Default: 1.0" WC / 249.09 Pa	Sets the Duct Static Pressure Setpoint used to control the discharge air fan VFD. If the Present Value is set beyond the valid limits from the network, the value is ignored. Applies only if the unit supply fan type is configured for a VFD. Note that 131.779" WC / 32767 Pa indicates an invalid value.

1. Variable applies only to DAC units. 2. Default value does not apply to LonWorks network variable outputs (nvos).

#### Table 28: Supply and Return/Exhaust Fan Speed Control, Continued

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT Type (SNVT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>2</sup>		Description
						supply fan airflow control used on a unit th a variable volume supply air fan. c <b>riptions</b>
					0 = DSP	The supply fan airflow maintains the duct static pressure at the duct static pressure setpoint. Applies only when the unit is not configured for 1ZnVAV operation.
					1 = Speed	The supply fan airflow is controlled to a VFD speed set via the Supply Fan Capacity Input.
				See Description for details.	2 = 1ZnVAV	The supply fan airflow is controlled to maintain the Control Temperature at the Occupied Cooling Setpoint or the Occupied Heating Setpoint depending on the Unit State. Only applies if unit is configured for single zone VAV operation.
Remote Supply Fan Capacity Control Flag <sup>1</sup>	nviSupFanCtrl	UNVTsupFanCtrl	Ν	$0 = DSP$ $1 = Speed$ $2 = 12nVAV$ $3 = BSP$ $4 = CO_2$ $5 = cfm$ Default: NA	3 = BSP	The supply fan airflow maintains the building static pressure at the building static pressure set point. Applies only when 1) the unit is not configured for 1ZnVAV operation and 2) is configured for 100% OA operation or is a self-contained unit without airside economizer.
					4 = CO <sub>2</sub>	The supply fan airflow maintains the CO <sub>2</sub> level between adjustable limits. Applies only when 1) the unit is not configured for 12nVAV operation and 2) is configured for 100% OA operation or is a self-contained unit without airside economizer.
					5 = cfm	The supply fan airflow maintains the cfm level at the Outdoor Air Damper Minimum Position setpoint. Applies only when 1) the unit is not configured for 1ZnVAV operation and 2) is configured for 100% OA operation or is a self-contained unit without airside economizer.
Supply Fan Capacity Input <sup>1</sup>	nviSupFanCap	SNVT_lev_percent (81)	Y	0-100% Default: 25%	Fan Capacity maximum ar set beyond t	harge air VFD speed when the Supply y Control Flag is set to Speed using d minimum limits. If the Present Value is hese limits from the network, the value is the unit controller continues to control to value.
Return/Exhaust Fan					1	
Building Static Pressure	nvoBldgStatPress	SNVT_press_p (113)	N	-0.25 - 0.245" WC -62 62 Pa	Applies only	building static pressure sensor reading. to units that have the return/exhaust fan o building pressure.
Building Static Pressure Setpoint	nviBldgStaticSP	SNVT_press_p (113)	N	-0.25 - 0.25" WC -62 62 Pa Default: 0.05" WC / 12.5 Pa	controlling th The VFD is r static pressu maximum ar is set beyond is ignored ar last valid val for a modula	ding static pressure setpoint used for le return air or exhaust fan inlet VFD. modulated to maintain the building re sensor input at this setpoint. It uses id minimum limits, so if the Present Value d these limits from the network, the value d the controller continues to control to the ue. Applies only if the unit is configured ting return/exhaust fan. 1.779" WC / 32767 Pa indicates an invalid

1. Variable applies only to DAC units. 2. Default value does not apply to LonWorks network variable outputs (nvos).

#### Table 28: Supply and Return/Exhaust Fan Speed Control, Continued

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT Type (SNVT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>2</sup>		Description
						The return fan airflow is controlled based on an adjustable tracking
Remote Return/ Exhaust Fan Capacity Control Flag	nviExhRetFanCtrl	tFanCtrl UNVTexhRetFanCtrl	Ν	0 = None 1 = Tracking 2 = Bldg Press 3 = Speed 4 = OAD Default: NA	2 = Bldg Press	relationship between the supply fan and return fan airflow. The return or exhaust fan airflow is controlled independently of the supply fan airflow to maintain the building static pressure at a building static pressure setpoint.
					3 = Speed	The return or exhaust fan airflow is controlled to a VFD speed setpoint set via the Return Fan Capacity Input.
					4 = OAD	The exhaust fan airflow is controlled independently of the supply fan airflow based on the outdoor air damper position.
Return Fan Capacity Input	nviRetFanCap	SNVT_lev_percent (81)	Y	0-100% Default: NA	Return/Exhaust Applies only to modulating retu limits, so if the F from the networ	exhaust air VFD speed when Remote Fan Capacity Control Flag = Speed. units that are configured for a rn fan. Uses maximum and minimum Present Value is set beyond these limits k, the value is ignored and the unit ues to control to the last valid value.
Exhaust Fan Capacity Input	nviExhFanCap	SNVT_lev_percent (81)	Y	0-100% Default: NA	EF Cap Ctrl mu this remote cap that are configu	cal exhaust fan capacity control. st = Speed for the unit controller to use acity for control. Applies only to units red for modulating exhaust fan or units red for prop exhaust.

Variable applies only to DAC units.
 Default value does not apply to LonWorks network variable outputs (nvos).

#### Table 29: Cooling

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT Type (SNVT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Occupied Cooling Setpoint	nciSetpoints. occupied_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt (106) SCPTsetPnts (60)	Ν	0°-100°F -17.78°-37.78°C Default: 72°F / 22.22°C	Sets the Occupied Cooling Setpoint value when it is not controlled by another function. It uses maximum and minimum limits, so if the Present Value is set beyond these limits from the network, the value is ignored and the unit controller continues to control to the last valid value. This variable is part of a structure that covers three other data points: Unoccupied Cooling Setpoint, Occupied Heating Setpoint, and Unoccupied Heating Setpoint. <b>Definitions</b> • Occupied_cool = Occupied Cooling • SetpointUnoccupied_cool • Unoccupied = Cooling Setpoint • Occupied_heat = Occupied Heating Setpoint • Occupied_heat = Unoccupied Heating Setpoint
Unoccupied Cooling Setpoint	nciSetpoints. unoccupied_cool	SNVT_temp_setpt (106) SCPTsetPnts (60)	Ν	39.99°-100°F -4.44°-37.77°C Default: 85°F / 29.44°C	Sets the temperature above which the unit starts and provides unoccupied heating (night setup) during unoccupied periods. An optional space temperature sensor is required for unoccupied cooling operation. It uses maximum and minimum limits, so if the Present Value is set beyond these limits from the network, the value is gnored and the unit controller continues to control to the last valid value. This variable is part of a structure that covers three other data points: Occupied Cooling Setpoint, Occupied Heating Setpoint, and Unoccupied Heating Setpoint. <b>Definitions</b> • Occupied_cool = Occupied Cooling Setpoint • Unoccupied_heat = Occupied Heating Setpoint • Unoccupied_heat = Unoccupied Heating Setpoint

1. Variable applies only to DAC units.

#### Table 29: Cooling, Continued

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT Type (SNVT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Discharge Air Cooling Setpoint <sup>1</sup>	nviDACISP	SNVT_temp_p (105)	Ν	39.99°-100°F 4.44°-37.78°C Default: 55°F / 12.78°C	Sets the Network Cooling Discharge Setpoint only when ClgReset = Network. The unit controller internally limits the Present Value that is written between the Min Clg Spt and the Max Clg Spt. Refer to the Cooling Set Up menu on the unit controller keypad/display.
Minimum Discharge Air Cooling Setpoint <sup>1</sup>	nciDACISP	SNVT_temp_p (105)	N	39.99°-100°F 4.44°-37.78°C Default: 55°F / 12.78°C	Sets the Minimum Discharge Air Cooling Setpoint. This variable is changeable via the network and unit controller keypad/display. The controller uses the last valid value it received from either the network or unit controller.

1. Variable applies only to DAC units.

#### Table 30: Evaporative Condenser

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	UNVT Type	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>	Description
Conductivity	nvoConductivity	UNVTconductivity	N	0-5000	Provides the conductivity of the water in the sump of an evaporative cooled condenser. Applies only to units with evaporative condensing.

1. Default value does not apply to LONWORKS network variable outputs (nvos).

#### Table 31: Minimum Outdoor Air Set-up

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT Type (SNVT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>	Description
Space CO <sub>2</sub>	nvoSpaceCO2	SNVT_ppm (29)	N	0-5000 ppm	The current space $CO_2$ level from the optional space $CO_2$ sensor. This value reflects nviSpaceIAQ (if valid) or the value from a locally wired sensor if Min OA Type is set to IAQ VDC or IAQ mA. Applies only if 1) the unit is configured for an airside economizer and 2) Min OA Type is set to IAQ VDC or IAQ mA.
Space IAQ Input	nviSpaceIAQ	SNVT_ppm (29)	Y	0-5000 ppm Default: 32767 (Null)	The current space $CO_2$ level from the network. This value takes priority over a locally wired sensor. It is used for minimum OA damper control. Applies only if Min OA Type is set to IAQ VDC or IAQ mA.
Outdoor Airflow	nvoOAFlow	SNVT_flow (15)	N	0-60007.25 cfm 0-28320 l/s	The amount of outdoor airflow entering the unit. Applies only to units configured for design flow.
Outdoor Air Damper Minimum Position Input	nviOAMinPos	SNVT_lev_percent (81)	N	0-100% Default: NA	Sets the Outdoor Air Damper Minimum Position setpoint. The Minimum Outdoor Air Damper Position Input setpoint uses this value when 1) it is not controlled by another function and 2) when Min OA Pos = Network via the unit controller the keypad/display. The unit controller internally limits the Present Value that is written between the DCV Limit and the Vent Limit in the Min OA Damper menu. Applies only to units configured with an airside economizer.

1. Default value does not apply to LONWORKS network variable outputs (nvos).

#### Table 32: Heating

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT/SCPT Type (SNVT/SCPT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Occupied Heating Setpoint	nciSetpoints. occupied_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt (106) SCPTsetPnts (60)	Ν	0°-100°F -17.78°-37.78°C Default: 68°F / 20°C	The Effective Heating Enable Setpoint relies on the Occupied Heating Setpoint value when it is not controlled by other function. It uses maximum and minimum limits, so if the Present Value is set beyond the acceptable range, the value is ignored and the unit controller continues to control to the last valid value. This variable is a structure that covers three other data points: Occupied Cooling Setpoint, Unoccupied Cooling Setpoint, and Unoccupied Heating Setpoint. <b>Definitions</b> • Occupied_heat = Occupied Heating Setpoint • Unoccupied_heat = Unoccupied Heating Setpoint • Occupied_cool = Occupied Cooling Setpoint • Unoccupied_cool = Occupied Cooling Setpoint
Unoccupied Heating Setpoint	nciSetpoints. unoccupied_heat	SNVT_temp_setpt (106) SCPTsetPnts (60)	N	40°-100°F -4.44°-37.77°C Default: 55°F / 12.78°C	Sets the temperature above which the unit starts and provides cooling (night setup) during unoccupied periods. An optional space temperature sensor is required for unoccupied cooling operation. It uses maximum and minimum limits, so if the Present Value is set beyond these limits from the network, the value is ignored and the unit controller continues to control to the last valid value.
Discharge Air Heating Setpoint <sup>1</sup>	nviDAHtSP	SNVT_temp_p (105)	N	40°-140°F 4.4°-60°C Default: 100°F / 37.78°C	Sets the network heating discharge setpoint. Applies only when HtgReset = Network. The unit controller internally limits the Present Value that is written between the Min Htg Spt and the Max Htg Spt in the Heating Set Up menu.
Maximum Discharge Air Heating Setpoint <sup>1</sup>	nciDAHtSP	SNVT_temp_p (105) SCPTdischargeAir HeatingSetpoint (184)	Ν	40°-140°F 4.4°-60°C Default: 120°F / 48.89°C	Sets the maximum allowable discharge air heating setpoint determined by the discharge air temperature reset function. It is changeable via the Heating Set Up menu. The unit controller uses the last valid value it received from either the network or the unit controller. It uses maximum and minimum limits, so if the Present Value is set beyond these limits from the network, the value is ignored and the unit controller continues to control to the last valid value.

1. Variable applies only to DAC units.

#### Table 33: Dehumidification

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT Type (SNVT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>	Description
Relative Humidity	nvoSpaceRH	SNVT_lev_percent (81)	N	0-100%	The current reading of the optional relative humidity sensor or network input.
Relative Humidity Setpoint	nviSpaceDehumSP	SNVT_lev_percent (81)	N	0-100% Default: NA	The network can use this property to set the relative humidity setpoint.
Relative Humidity Input	nviSpaceRH	SNVT_lev_percent (81)	Y	0-100% Default: 163.835% (Null)	Sets the relative humidity from the network. If the network value becomes unreliable, the humidity reverts to the value provided by the attached relative humidity sensor.
Dew Point Temperature	nvoSpaceDewPt	SNVT_temp_p (105)	N	-50°-150°F -45.56° - 65.56°C	The current Dew Point Temperature value is calculated from the optional relative humidity sensor.
Dew Point Setpoint	nviSpaceDewPtSP	SNVT_temp_p (105)	N	0-100°F -17.78° - 37.78°C Default: NA	Defines the Dew Point Setpoint via the network.
Reheat Capacity	nvoUnitStatus	SNVT_hvac_status (112)	N	0-100%	Indicates the current percentage of the unit's reheat capacity (nvoUnitStatus.heat_output_secondary). Reheat Capacity is a part of the Unit Status network variable, which also includes: Unit State, Supply Fan Capacity, Cooling Capacity, Heating Capacity, Economizer Capacity, and In Alarm. See Unit State for details. Applies only to units configured with cooling.

1. Default value does not apply to  ${\tt LonWorks}$  network variable outputs (nvos).

#### Table 34: LonWorks Set-up

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT/SCPT Type (SNVT/SCPT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units)	Description		
Receive Heartbeat	nciRcvHrtBt	SNVT_time_sec (107) SCPTmaxRcvTime (48)	N	0-6553.4 Sec Default: 0 Sec	Receive Heartbeat defines         time that can elapse (in sec         Heartbeat variables listed b         values if the LowWorks net         them.         Note that a value of 0 seco         Receive Heartbeat function         Receive Heartbeat Variab         nviOccSchedule         nviApplicCmd         nviSupFanCap         nviOutdoorTemp         nviPriCoolEnable	conds) before the Receive below return to their default work has not updated nds (default) disables iality.	
	nciSndHrtBt	SNVT_time_sec (107) SCPTmaxSendTime (49)	N	0-6553.4 sec Default: 60 sec	nviPriHeatEnable           Defines the maximum period of time that elapses before the network variable outputs (nvos) shown		
					below are automatically updated. Note that a value of 0 seconds disables the auto update feature. Send Heartbeat Variables		
					nvoMcQAHUStatus	nvoOutdoorTemp	
Send Heartbeat					nvoUnitStatus	nvoLocalSpaceTmp	
					nvoEffectOccup	nvoLocalOATemp	
					nvoDischAirTemp	nvoEFT_LCT	
					nvoRATemp	nvoDuctStatPress	
					nvoSpaceTemp		
Minimum Send Time	nciMinOutTm	SNVT_time_sec (107) SCPTminSendTime (52)	Ν	0-6553.4 Sec Default: 0 Sec	The minimum period of time network variable output trar reduce traffic on the networ The following Send Heartbe nciMinOutTm if the timer is • nvoMcQAHUStatus • nvoEffectOccup • nvoEffectOccup • nvoEffectOccup • nvoEffectOccup • nvoRATemp • nvoRATemp • nvoSpaceTemp • nvoLocalSpaceTmp • nvoLocalOATemp • nvoLocalOATemp • nvoLocalCaterps	nsmissions. It is used to k. k. eat variables are limited by	

#### TABLE 35: LONWORKS Network Variables

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT/SCPT Type (SNVT/SPT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units)		D	escription	
Outdoor Air Temperature Input	nviOutdoorTemp	SNVT_temp_p (105)	Y	-14°-122°F -10°-50°C Default: 327.67 (Null)	Sets the outdoor air temperature that is commanded from the network. Write to this property when only one temperature sensor is being used to determine the outdoor air temperature for the entire network. Applies only if the unit is configured for an outdoor air temperature sensor. Reverts to the Null value if written out of range.			
Space Temperature Input	nviSpaceTemp	SNVT_temp_p (105)	Y	14°-122°F -10°-50°C Default: 327.67 (Null)	The current space or zone temperature commanded from the network. If the network input becomes unreliable, the temperature reverts to the value provided by the space temperature sensor. Applies only if the unit is configured for a space temperature sensor.			
					properties: if 1) the uni	Enables or disables the primary cooling via two properties: State and Value. This variable only applies if 1) the unit is configured for mechanical cooling and 2) when Ctrl Mode = Auto.		
					State	Value	Description	
				See Description for details.	0	NA	Primary cooling is disabled through the network	
Primary Cool Enable	nviPriCoolEnable	SNVT_switch (95)	Y	Default: State: -1	1	0	Primary cooling is disabled.	
				Value: 100%	1	>0 (1-100%)	Cooling is enabled. Primary cooling can be controlled through the network. Value = % of cooling enabled when State = 1.	
					-1 (0xFF)	NA	Auto (invalid). Primary cooling is not being controlled by the network.	
	nviPriHeatEnable	SNVT_switch (95)	Y	See Description for details. Default: State: -1 Value: 100%	Enables or disables the primary heating via two properties: State and Value. This variable only applies if 1) the unit is configured for heating and 2) when Ctrl Mode = Auto.			
					State	Value	Description	
					0	NA	Primary heating is disabled through the network.	
Primary Heat Enable					1	0	Primary heating is disabled through the network.	
					1	>0 (1-100%)	Heating is enabled. Primary heating can be controlled through the network. Value = % of heating enabled when State = 1.	
					-1 (0xFF)	NA	Auto (invalid). Primary heating is not being controlled by the network.	
	nviEconEnable	SNVT_switch (95)	Y	See Description for details.	Enables or disables the economizer via two properties: State and Value. This variable only applies 1) if the unit is configured for a waterside or airside economizer and 2) when Ctrl Mode = Auto.			
Economizer Enable					Economizer operation is disabled locally when the unit is in dehumidification, regardless of the network Economizer Enable settings.			
					State	Value	Description	
				Default: State: -1	0	NA	Economizer is disabled through the network.	
				Value: 100%	1	0	Economizer is disabled through the network.	
					1	>0 (1-100%)	Economizer is enabled. Local enable/disable decisions are ignored. See note in italics above.	
					-1 (0xFF)	NA	Auto (invalid). Economizer is not being controlled by the network.	

1. Variable applies only to SCC units.

#### Table 35: LonWorks Network Variables, Continued

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT/SCPT Type (SNVT/SPT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units)	Description		
					Allows the network to set the waterflow status. Applies only to units that are configured for mechanical cooling. The cooling configuration is either individual circuits or dual circuit water condenser, and no head pressure control.		
					State	Value	Description
Waterflow Switch Input	nviCWFlow	SNVT_switch	Y	See Description for details.	0	NA	Waterflow switch is disabled through the network.
		(95)		uetails.	1	0	Waterflow switch is disabled through the network.
					1	>0 (1-100%)	Waterflow switch is enabled through the network.
					-1 (0xFF)	NA	Auto (invalid). Waterflow switch is not being controlled by the network.
Temperature Setpoint Input	nviSetpoint	SNVT_temp_p (105)	0°-100°F N -17.78°-37.7°C Default: NA		LonWORKS-only variable that adjusts the Effective Heat Enable and Effective Cool Enable setpoints via the network. A valid value determines the Effective Setpoint Output. A value set greater than 100.0°F or 37.7°C is considered invalid and thus ignored, in whi case, Effective Setpoint Output will not respond. This variable does not affect unoccupied setpoints. If UseTstat Spt on the unit controller keypad/display is set to Yes for an SCC unit, then the space setpoint adjustment on the optional space sensor overrides th		
					<ul> <li>Effec</li> <li>0.5 (0</li> <li>Effec</li> </ul>	tive Heat SF Occupied_C tive Cool SF	Input (nviSetpoint). > = nviSetpoint – iool – Occupied_Heat) > = nviSetpoint + iool – Occupied_Heat)
Effective Enable Setpoint	nvoEffectSetpt	SNVT_temp_p (105)	N	0°-100°F -17.78°-37.7°C Default: NA	depends ou cooling or I the Occupi Setpoint In If the Temp a <b>valid</b> valid • Effective Setpoint Setpoint • Effective Setpoint • The Effe = Effective Control t [1/2(Occ Heating • The Effective tempera [1/2(Occ Heating If the Temp an <b>invalid</b> • Effective Cooling • Effective Heating	n the curren neating) and ed Heating 1 put. erature Sety ue: a Cooling Er t Input + ½ ( t - Occupied e Heating Er t Input - ½ (( t - Occupied cooling Er extive Setpo a Cooling Er cupied Cooli Enable Sety value: a coling Er Enable Sety a Heating Er Enable Sety a Heating Er Enable Sety a Heating Er Enable Sety	int Output (nvoEffectSetpt) = able Setpoint when the control ipied Cooling Enable Setpoint - ing Enable Setpoint - Occupied point)]. point Input (nviSetpoint) is set to nable Setpoint = Occupied point nable Setpoint = Occupied point
HVAC Unit Type Identifier <sup>1</sup>	nciHvacType	SNVT_hvac_type (145) SCPThvacType (169)	N	0 = HVT_GENERIC Default: HVT_ GENERIC (0)	Indicates th for the SC0 application directly from device clas Unit Type I operator in type of equ	ne primary a C device. Fo and equipm m the object s within the dentifier car terface devi ipment. HV	pplication and equipment type or other SCC object types, the nent type can be determined type and corresponding standard program ID. HVAC be polled by a tool or an ce to help the user identify the /AC Unit-Type is set during ment Type (HVT_GENERIC) is

1. Variable applies only to SCC units.

#### Table 36: Active Alarms

Point Name	LonWorks Variable	UNVT Type	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units)	Description
Alarm Value	nvoUnitStatus	SNVT_hvac_status (112)	N	NA	Allows individual notification of the highest priority active alarm. The value in Table 40 is the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an active alarm. This object is set to zero if no alarms are active. See Alarm Monitoring section for complete details.
Warning Alarm	nvoWarnAlarm	SNVT_hvac_status (112)	N	NA	Allows individual notification of the highest priority active warning alarm. The value in Table 46 is the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an active alarm. This object is set to zero if no warning alarms are active. See Alarm Monitoring section for more information.
Problem Alarm	nvoProbAlarm	SNVT_hvac_status (112)	N	NA	Allows individual notification of the highest priority active problem alarm. The value in Table 47 is the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an active alarm. This object is set to zero if no problem alarms are active. See Alarm Monitoring section for more information.
Fault Alarm	nvoFaultAlarm	SNVT_hvac_status (112)	N	NA	Allows individual notification of the highest priority active fault alarm. The value in Table 48 is the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an active alarm. This object is set to zero if no fault alarms are active. See Alarm Monitoring section for complete details.
Clear Alarms	nviClearAlarms	UNVTclearAlarm	N	0 = None 1 = Clear All Faults 2 = Clear All Problems 3 = Clear All Warnings 4 = Clear All Alarms Default: NA	Clears all active alarms or all active alarms in a particular alarm class. See Alarms and Events section for more information on clearing LonWorks alarms.

#### Table 37: Non-Keypad Variables

Local Space Temperature nvoLoc Effective Discharge nvoEf Setpoint <sup>2</sup> nvoEf	LonWorks Variable	SNVT/SCPT Type (SNVT/SCPT Index)	Receive Heart- beat	Range/Default (In Units) <sup>1</sup>	Description
Temperature     INVLOC       Effective Discharge     nvoEf       Setpoint <sup>2</sup> nvoEf       Object Status     nv	nvoLocalOATemp	SNVT_temp_p (105)	N	-50°-150°F -45.56°-65.56°C	The current outdoor air temperature from the local outdoor air temperature sensor. Applies only if the unit is configured for an outdoor air temperature sensor.
Setpoint <sup>2</sup> Object Status	nvoLocalSpaceTmp	SNVT_temp_p (105)	Ν	0°-150°F -17.78°-65.56°C	The current space air temperature from the local space air temperature sensor. Applies only if the unit is configured for a space temperature sensor.
	nvoEffDATempSp	SNVT_temp_p (105)	Ν	-83.2°-147.2°F -64°-64°C	Reflects the Effective Heating Discharge Temperature Setpoint if the unit is in the heating state. If not, it reflects the Discharge Air Cooling Setpoint when the unit is in any other operating state.
Object Desugat	nvoStatus	SNVT_obj_request (92)	Ν	object_id = 0 - 65,535 invalid_id = 0, 1 invalid_request = 0, 1 report_mask = 0, 1 Default: NA	Reports the status for any functional block on a device. It is also used to report the status of the entire device and all functional blocks on the device. A status update consists of an object ID (the object_id field) and multiple status fields. The object ID is the functional block index as described under nviRequest. If the object ID is zero, the status of the device itself and all functional blocks on the device is reported. The status fields are one-bit bitfields. The only supported status fields are the report_mask, invalid_id, and invalid_request fields; all other status fields are not supported. Refer to www.lonmark.org for the complete SNVT type description.
Object Request nvi	nviRequest	SNVT_obj_status (93)	N	0 = RQ_NORMAL Enable object and remove override 2 = RQ_UPDATE_ STATUS Report object status 5 = RQ_REPORT_ MASK Report status bit mask -1(0xFF) = OC_NUL Invalid Value Default: NA	Provides the mechanism to request an operation or a mode for a functional block within a device. A request consists of an object ID (the object_id field) and an object request (the object_request field). The object ID is the functional block index for a functional block on the device. The Node Object functional block is index zero. The remaining functional blocks are numbered sequentially, starting with one. Refer to www.lonmark.org for more information on object request structure and supported functions.

1. Default value does not apply to LonWorks network variable outputs (nvos). 2. Variable applies only to DAC units.

# Alarm and Event Management

The MicroTech III Unit Controller has various ways of managing alarms, depending on the protocol. Using one of the mechanisms available, alarms can be recognized and acknowledged by alarm class or individually, and cleared from the network.

### Alarm Classes

Alarms in the unit controller are divided into three classes: Faults, Problems, and Warnings. Fault alarms have the highest priority. Problem alarms have the next priority. Warning alarms have the lowest priority. The alarms within each class are also prioritized. Refer to the respective MicroTech III Unit Controller Operation Manual (<u>www.DaikinApplied.com</u>) for a description of each alarm.

#### Warning Alarms

Warning alarms have the lowest priority. A warning is enunciated whenever an abnormal condition exists which does not affect unit operation.

#### **Problem Alarms**

Problem alarms have the next highest priority. Problem alarms do not cause unit shutdown but do limit operation of the unit in some way.

#### Fault Alarms

Fault alarms have the highest priority. Fault alarms require an acknowledgement from the operator. These alarms cause the unit to shut down.

### **Events**

The Event Enrollment object is used to describe an event that might be an error condition. Events indicate that the unit is not operating as expected, and that the unit is responding in an attempt to avoid an alarm condition. Event messages apply only to BACnet networks and are managed through the use of Notification Class objects (Intrinsic Reporting). Events are described in Table 44.

# **Alarm Monitoring**

# Monitor Alarm Individually

The MicroTech III Unit Controller provides individual alarm identification through a unique value for each alarm. The value assigned to each alarm is the same for both BACnet and LONWORKS applications. Refer to BACnet Alarms and Events or LonWorks Alarms.

### BACnet

Generally, the Status Flags property is used to determine if an object is in alarm. To monitor individual alarms by Alarm Value, read the Present\_Value property of the Analog Value object. The Present\_Value displays a value that corresponds to the highest priority alarm that is active. It is possible to have multiple active alarms, but only the highest priority is displayed. For example, if there is a simultaneous Dirty Filter Warning (value of 24) and a Freeze Fault (value of 252), then the Freeze Fault value of 252 displays in the Present\_Value because it is the higher priority alarm of the two. Once the Freeze Fault condition is corrected and the fault is cleared, the next priority active alarm value (in this example, value of 24 for Dirty Filter alarm) is displayed. If the Present\_Value displays a zero, there are no active alarms. See BACnet Alarm and Event Notification for details.

#### **LonWorks**

Alarms can be monitored individually by using the In Alarm attribute of *nvoUnitStatus*. This attribute displays a value that corresponds to the highest priority alarm that is active. It is possible to have multiple active alarms, but only the highest priority is displayed in this attribute. For example, if there is a simultaneous Dirty Filter Warning (value of 24) and a Freeze Fault (value of 252), then the Freeze Fault value of 252 will display in *nvoUnitStatus\_in\_alarm* because it is the higher priority alarm of the two. Once the Freeze Fault condition is corrected and the fault is cleared, the next priority active alarm value (in this example, value of 24 for Dirty Filter alarm) is displayed. The values for all alarms are described in the Alarms section tables. If the attribute *nvoUnitStatus\_in\_alarm* displays a zero, there are no active alarms.

Alarms may also be monitored by alarm class if desired. When the *nvoUnitStatus\_in\_alarm* attribute reads a value in the range of 1 to 99, a Warning Alarm is active. When the attribute reads a value in the range of 100 to 199, a Problem Alarm is active. When the attribute reads a value in the range of 200 to 255, a Fault Alarm is active.

### **Monitor by Alarm Class**

Alarms can be monitored by Fault, Problem, and Warning alarm classes as described below.

### BACnet

To monitor alarms by alarm class, read the Present\_Value of the appropriate Analog Value object (Fault, Problems and Warnings). The Present\_Value displays a value that corresponds to the highest priority alarm that is active. It is possible to have multiple active alarms, but only the highest priority is displayed. See Table 39 - Table 44 for descriptions of BACnet Warning, Problem, and Fault alarms.

#### LonWorks

To monitor alarms by alarm class, read *nvoWarnAlarm*, *nvoProbAlarm*, and *nvoFaultAlarm*. The value corresponds to the highest priority alarm that is active. It is possible to have multiple active alarms, but only the highest priority is displayed. See Table 45 - Table 48 for descriptions of LonWorks Warning, Problem, and Fault alarms.

# Alarm Notification Class (Intrinsic Reporting) - BACnet

The MicroTech III Unit Controller supports Intrinsic Reporting as defined by ASHRAE 135-2008, A BACnet Data Communication Protocol for Building Automation and Control Networks. Intrinsic Reporting means that a particular object has alarm detection built into the logic of the object itself. To implement this method, the unit controller uses standard BACnet Notification Classes to communicate alarm or error messages to other devices. Refer to ASHRAE 135-2008 Section 13 - Alarm and Event Services for more information.

In general, Intrinsic Reporting allows the unit controller to generate event notifications directed to one or more recipients (maximum 20 recipients). There is one notification class object for each class of alarms. You must subscribe to the notification class objects in order to use them. The Recipient List property must indicate when and to which device notification should be made. This is a standard BACnet data type as defined in ANSI/ASHRAE 135-2008.

The Event\_Enable property of each object enables and disables the reporting of To-OffNormal, To-Fault, and To-Normal events. For example, if you do not want an event generated when the object returns to a normal state after being in alarm, set the To-Normal bit of the objects Event\_Enable property to 0.

#### Alarm Acknowledgement

In some systems, a device may need to know that an operator has seen and responded to the alarm notification. The BACnet object keeps track of the acknowledgement of each of the three event transitions separately. Notification Class objects have an Ack\_Transitions property that determines if acknowledgments have occured for the To-OffNormal, To-Fault, and To-Normal bit fields. This property cannot be changed. Each one of the states (To-OffNormal, To-Fault, and To-Normal) can require a separate acknowledgement. A Time Stamp is used to identify the event notification that is being acknowledged.

### **Notification Class**

It is often necessary for event notifications to be sent to multiple destinations or to different destinations based on the time of day or day of week.

#### **Recipient List Property (Destinations)**

The recipient list property (Recipient\_List) of the Notification Class object is a list of standard BACnet data type BACnetDestination elements. Within each destination (Recipient\_List) record is a set of Valid Days of the week (Monday - Sunday) and a From Time and To Time, during which the destination is sent a notification. Also specified is the applicable event transition(s) (TO-OFFNORMAL, TOFAULT, or TO-NORMAL) for which the destination is sent a notification. See .

**NOTE:** For a specific event transition (TO-OFFNORMAL, TO-FAULT, or TO-NORMAL) to reach a recipient, that transition choice has to be selected BOTH in the source object AND in the destination (recipient) record.

If the BACnet workstation or BACnet device supports Intrinsic Alarming but is unable to subscribe to the recipient list property of the Notification Class object, the workstation or device can still receive an alarm notification by adding its Device Instance to the "NC Dev 1=" or "NC Dev 2=" items on the unit controller keypad/display under the IP Setup or MS/TP Setup menus. Cycle power to the unit controller for changes to take effect. Once power is cycled, the unit controller sends out a "Who-Is" command directed at the device. If the device responds, the unit controller sends Unconfirmed Notifications for all alarms that are generated in the application. If the device does not respond to the Who-Is, the unit controller periodically sends out the Who-Is until the device responds.

#### Table 38: Recipient List Property for Standard Notification Class Objects

Element	Standard BACnet Data Type	Description
Valid Days	BACnetDaysOfWeek	The set of days of the week that the destination may be used between the From Time and the To Time.
From Time, To Time	Time	The window of time (inclusive) when the destination is visible on the days of the week in Valid Days.
Recipient	BACnet Recipient	The destination devices to receive the notification. A maximum of 20 destination devices is supported.
Process Identifier	Unsigned	The handle of a process within the device receiving the event notification.
Issue Confirmed Notification	Boolean	(TRUE) if confirmed notifications are to be sent and (FALSE) if unconfirmed notifications are to be sent.
Transitions	BACnetEventTransitionBits	A set of three flags that indicate the transition (TO-OFFNORMAL, TO-FAULT, and TO- NORMAL) for which this recipient is suitable.

# **Clearing Alarms**

# BACnet

Active alarms can be cleared from the BAS via BACnet object *ClearAlms* (MSV:13). This is done by writing to one of the five available enumerations (see Table 19). the object to a value greater than 1. To clear alarms by alarm class, change the Present\_Value property to a 2 to clear all faults, a 3 to clear all problems or a 4 to clear all warnings. Setting this enumeration to a 5 will clear all alarms. After the alarms are cleared, this object returns to None (1).

Writing *ClearAlms* (MSV:13) to an enumeration of 5 continually and frequently may cause the MicroTech III controller to send reset messages to the components on the internal communication trunk. For example, ECM fan operation could become ineffective with continual writes.

When the BAS inidicates an alarm, it is best to investigate the cause of the alarm and find root cause. If you choose to clear an alarm using MSV:13, it should be done with intention and precision. This point should not be written to continuously and frequently under any circumstances. The purpose of writing to MSV:13 is to intentionally clear an active alarm.

### LONWORKS

Alarms can be cleared by alarm class using *nviClearAlarms*. To clear alarms in a particular class, set the value of *nviClearAlarms* to the appropriate value:

- 1 = Clear Faults
- 2 = Clear Problems
- 3 = Clear Warnings
- 4 = Clear All

If the unit is still in the alarm condition, the In Alarm attribute of the Unit Status Network Variable Output (*nvoUnitStatus.in\_alarm*) again reads the number corresponding to the highest priority active alarm that still exists.

# **BACnet Alarm and Event Notification**

# Alarm Object Monitoring

Below is a description of the Analog Value alarm objects used for individual alarming. Table 39 shows the available Analog Value instance numbers, present values, object names, and ranges designated for each alarm class (Warning, Problem, and Fauts). Table 40 describes each alarm object (AV:24, AV:25, AV:26, and AV:27) with the active alarm value corresponding to the range provided in Table 39. The remainder of this section provides detailed BACnet alarm information for each object listed in Table 40. See Table 41 - Table 43 for alarms supported by each alarm class. Additionally, BACnet Event alarm messages are included in Table 44. With the exception of Binary Value (BVs), alarm objects are read-only. Alarm objects apply to all unit types unless otherwise noted.

**NOTE:** BVs are provided for legacy support only and are not available in current versions of unit controller firmware. Writing to BVs is not recommended and should be avoided if possible.

Object Type/ Instance	Alarm Object (Present_Value)	BACnet Object Name	Alarm Value Range
AV:24	Warning Alarm	ActiveWarning	0-99
AV:25	Problem Alarm	ActiveProblem	100-199
AV:26	Fault Alarm	ActiveFault	200-299
AV:27	Alarm Value	AlarmValue	All

#### Table 39: BACnet Analog Values

#### Table 40: BACnet Alarm Objects by Alarm Number

Active Alarm Number	Description <sup>1</sup>	Active Alarm Number	Description	Active Alarm Number	Description
0	No Active Alarms	128	OAFan Problem	162	High Pressure - Circuit 6 Problem
24	Dirty Filter Warning	130	Low Refrig Charge Problem	163	High Pressure - Circuit 5 Problem
28	Airflow Sw Warning	131	ChargeLossPrb Problem	164	High Pressure - Circuit 4 Problem
32	Conductivity Warning	132	PTS Sensor Problem	165	High Pressure - Circuit 3 Problem
34	Ret/Exh Fan Warning	133	PTD2 Sensor Problem	166	High Pressure - Circuit 2 Problem
40	Low Superheat Warning	134	PTD or PTD1 Sensor Problem	167	High Pressure - Circuit 1 Problem
50	Over Econo Warning	135	IFB Comm Problem	169	Sump Water Level Problem
52	Under Econo Warning	136	Lo Pressure Differential Problem	179	EFT_LCT Problem
54	Excess OA Warning	137	Waterflow Sw Problem	182	Return Air Sensor Problem
56	OAD Stuck Warning	140	Water Regulating Valve Problem	185	Space Sensor Problem
102	IRT Sensor Problem	145	Variable Comp Low Oil Problem	188	OAT Sensor Problem
104	ORT Sensor Problem	148	High INV Comp Body Temp Problem	191	EWT Problem
106	DRT3 Sensor Problem	149	INV Comp Body Temp Sensor Problem	194	MAT Problem
108	DRT2 Sensor Problem	150	4WayValve Problem	197	Freeze Problem
111	DRT1 Sensor Problem	152	Low Pressure - Circuit 8 Problem	199	Heat Fail Problem
114	INV or Variable Comp Problem	153	Low Pressure - Circuit 7 Problem	208	Airflow Fault
115	LoDischP Problem	154	Low Pressure - Circuit 6 Problem	212	Low Discharge Air Temp Fault
116	LoDischSH Problem	155	Low Pressure - Circuit 5 Problem	216	High Discharge Air Temp Fault
117	HiDischSH Problem	156	Low Pressure - Circuit 4 Problem	220	High Return Air Temp Fault
118	MOP Problem	157	Low Pressure - Circuit 3 Problem	224	Duct High Limit Fault
119	DFT Sensor Problem	158	Low Pressure - Circuit 2 Problem	228	Discharge Temp Fault
121	SRT Sensor Problem	159	Low Pressure - Circuit 1 Problem	244	Control Temp Fault
124	High Disch Line Temp Problem	160	High Pressure - Circuit 8 Problem	250	Emergency Stop Fault
126	Exp Valve Problem	161	High Pressure - Circuit 7 Problem	252	Freeze Fault

#### Table 41: BACnet Warning Alarms

	Object	BACnet Object			Event	_Enable (De	nable (Default)	
Alarm Message	Type/ Instance	Name	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>	To- OffNormal	To-Fault	To-Normal	
	BV:2	AFSwWrn		Indicates the status of the Airflow Switch Warning alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm).				
Airflow Switch Warning	BI:2	AirFlwWrSw	Manual	Indicates the airflow status (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Airflow Switch Warning alarm is active.	х		x	
	BV:3	ConductivityWrn		Indicates the status of the Conductivity alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for evaporative condensing.				
Conductivity Warning	AI:12	Conductivity	Manual	Current value of the conductivity sensor used to measure sump water on the evaporative condenser. It is the object that generates the alarm. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Conductivity Warning alarm is active.	x		x	
	BV:4	DrtyFltrWrn		Indicates the status of the Dirty Filter Warning alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm).				
Dirty Filter Switch Warning	BI:3	DirtyFilterSw	Manual	Indicates the condition of the dirty filter switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Dirty Filter Warning alarm is active.	х		x	
Return / Exhaust Fan Warning	BI:42	Ret/ExhFanWrn	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that there is a problem with the return or exhaust fan operation. The OffNormal state of this object indicates a Return / Exhaust Fan Warning. Applies to units with a VFD or EBM return/exhaust fan.	x		x	
Low Superheat Warning	BI:46	LoSuperHtWrn	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the suction and discharge superheat values are low. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Low Superheat Warning alarm is active.	х		x	
Over Economizing Warning	BI:61	OverEconoWrn	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the unit is economizing when it should not be economizing. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Over Economizing Warning alarm is active. It is only available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or greater.	х		x	
Under Economizing Warning	BI:62	UnderEconoWrn	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the unit is not economizing when it should be economizing. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Under Economizing Warning alarm is active. It is only available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or greater.	x		x	
Excess Outdoor Air Warning	BI:63	ExcessOAWm	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the unit is delivering excess outdoor air. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Excess Outdoor Air Warning alarm is active. It is only available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or greater.	x		x	
Outdoor Air Damper Stuck Warning	BI:64	OADStuckWrn	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the air dampers may be stuck. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Outdoor Air Damper Stuck Warning alarm is active. It is only available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or greater.	x		x	

<sup>1</sup>Refer to OM 920, MicroTech III Unit Controller for Commercial Rooftop, Applied Rooftop and Self-Contained Systems for additional descriptions about alarm generation (<u>www.DaikinApplied.com</u>).

#### Table 42: BACnet Problem Alarms

	Object	<b>BACnot</b> Object	not Object		Event_Enable (Default)			
Alarm Message	Type/ Instance	BACnet Object Name	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>	To- OffNormal	To-Fault	To-Normal	
IRT Sensor Problem	AI:27	IndoorRefTemp	Manual	An active alarm indicates the indoor refrigerant temperature (IRT) sensor is not reliable. Applies only to units configured for a return air sensor.		х	х	
ORT Sensor Problem	AI:28	OutdoorRefTemp	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the outdoor refrigerant temperature (ORT) sensor is not reliable. Applies only to Rebel units.		х	х	
DRT1 Sensor Problem	AI:22	DischLn1Temp	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the inverter compressor discharge refrigerant temperature (DRT1) sensor is not reliable.		х	x	
DRT2 Sensor Problem	AI:32	DischLn2Temp	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the inverter compressor discharge refrigerant temperature (DRT2) sensor is not reliable.		х	x	

	Object	BACnet Object	0		Even	efault)	
Alarm Message	Type/ Instance	Name	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>	To- OffNormal	To-Fault	To-Normal
Variable Compressor Problem	BI:47	VarCompPrb	Manual	Current binary status of the Variable Compressor Problem alarm for VFD compressor units. The OffNormal state of this object indicates a Variable Compressor Problem alarm is active.	х		x
Low Discharge Pressure Problem	BI:48	LoDischPPrb	Manual	Current binary status of the Low Discharge Pressure Problem alarm for VFD compressor units. The OffNormal state of this object indicates that the Low Discharge Pressure Problem alarm is active.	х		x
Low Discharge Superheat Problem	BI:49	LoDischSHPrb	Manual	Current binary status of the Low Discharge Superheat Problem alarm for VFD compressor units. The OffNormal state of this object indicates that the Low Discharge Superheat Problem alarm is active.	х		x
High Discharge Superheat Problem	BI:50	HiDischSHPrb	Manual	Current binary status of the High Discharge Superheat Problem alarm for VFD compressor units. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Discharge Superheat Problem alarm is active.	x		x
DFT Sensor Problem	AI:23	DefrostTemp	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the defrost temperature (DFT) sensor is not reliable.		x	x
SRT Sensor Problem	AI:24	SucnRefTemp	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the suction refrigerant temperature (SRT) sensor is not reliable. Applies only to Rebel units.		x	x
High Discharge Line Temperature Problem	BI:35	HiDLTempPrb	Manual	Current binary status of the High Discharge Line Temperature Problem alarm for VFD compressor units. The OffNormal state of this object indicates that the High Discharge Line Temperature Problem alarm is active.	x		×
Expansion Valve Problem	BI:40	ExpValvePrb	Manual	Indicates the status of the Expansion Valve Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). The OffNormal state of this object indicates that the Expansion Valve Problem alarm is active. Applies only to Rebel units.	x		x
Outdoor Fan Problem	BI:36	OAFanPrb	Manual	Indicates the status of the Outdoor Fan Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). The OffNormal state of this object indicates that the Outdoor Fan Problem alarm is active. Applies only to Rebel units.	х		x
Low Refrigerant Charge Problem	BI:37	LoChargePrb	Manual	Indicates the status of the Low Refrigerant Charge Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). The OffNormal state of this object indicates that the Low Refrigerant Charge Problem alarm is active. Applies only to Rebel units.	x		x
Charge Loss Problem	BI:41	ChargeLossPrb	Manual	Indicates the status of the Charge Loss Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). The OffNormal state of this object indicates that the Charge Loss Problem alarm is active and the refrigerant system charge has been lost. Applies only to Rebel units.	x		x
PTS Sensor Problem	AI:25	RefSuctionP	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the suction refrigerant pressure (PTS) sensor is not reliable. Applies only to Rebel units.		x	x
PTD Sensor Problem	AI:26	RefDischP	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the discharge refrigerant pressure (PTD) sensor is not reliable.		x	х
PTD1 Sensor Problem	AI:30	C1RefDischP	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the circuit 1 discharge refrigerant pressure sensor is not reliable.		x	x
PTD2 Sensor Problem	AI:31	C2RefDischP	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the circuit 2 discharge refrigerant pressure sensor is not reliable.		x	x
IFB Comm Problem	BI:38	IFBCommPrb	Manual	Indicates the status of the IFB Comm Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). The OffNormal state of this object indicates that the IFB Comm Problem alarm is active and that an interruption has occurred between the unit controller and the inverter compressor interface communication board (IFB) board. Applies only to Rebel units.	x		x
Low Pressure Differential Problem	BI:39	LoPressDiffPrb	Manual	Indicates the status of the Low Pressure Differential Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Low Pressure Differential Problem alarm is active.	x		x
Variable Compressor Low Oil Problem	BI:51	VcmpOiStatus	Manual	Indicates the status of the Oil Status Switch. Also, the OffNormal state of this object indicates the Variable Compressor Low Oil Problem alarm is active and that the VFD oil boost alarm count has been exceeded.	x		x
High Inverter Compressor Body Temperature Problem	BI:43	HilNVTmpPrb	Manual	Indicates the status of the High Inverter Compressor Body Temperature Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Inverter Compressor Body Temperature Problem alarm is active. Alarm applies only to Rebel units.	x		x

	Object	BACnet Object			Event	t_Enable (De	efault)
Alarm Message	Type/ Instance	Name	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>	To- OffNormal	To-Fault	To-Normal
Inverter Compressor Problem	BI:34	INVCompPrb	Manual	Indicates the status of the Inverter Compressor Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Inverter Compressor Problem alarm is active and that the inverter compressor body temperature limit has been exceeded. Alarm applies only to Rebel units.	х		x
Freeze Problem	BV:7	FreezePrb	Automatic	Indicates the status of the Freeze Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm).	х		x
Heat Fail Problem	BV:38	HeatFailPrb	Automatic	Indicates the status of the Heat Fail Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm).	х		x
High Pressure Problem	BI:32	HiPress1Prb	Manual	Indicates the status of the High Pressure Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). The OffNormal state of this object indicates a High Pressure Problem alarm is active and the inverter compressor refrigerant circuit high limits have been exceeded. Alarm applies only to Rebel units.	x		x
High Pressure Circuit 1	BV:8	HiPressCkt1Prb	Manual	Indicates the status of the High Pressure Circuit 1 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for two or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem		HiPress1Sw	Manual	Indicates the condition of the High Pressure Circuit 1 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Pressure Circuit 1 Problem alarm is active.	х		x
High Pressure Circuit 2	BV:9	HiPressCkt2Prb		Indicates the status of the High Pressure Circuit 2 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for two or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem BI:5	BI:5	HiPress2Sw	- Manual	Indicates the condition of the High Pressure Circuit 2 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Pressure Circuit 2 Problem alarm is active.	x		x
High Pressure Circuit 3 Problem BI:6	BV:10	HiPressCkt3Prb	Manual	Indicates the status of the High Pressure Circuit 3 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for three or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
	BI:6	HiPress3Sw	- Manual	Indicates the condition of the High Pressure Circuit 3 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Pressure Circuit 3 Problem alarm is active.	x		x
High Pressure Circuit 4	BV:11	HiPressCkt4Prb	Manual	Indicates the status of the High Pressure Circuit 4 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for four or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem	BI:7	HiPress4Sw	- Manual	Indicates the condition of the High Pressure Circuit 4 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Pressure Circuit 4 Problem alarm is active.	х		x
High Pressure Circuit 5	BV:12	HiPressCkt5Prb	Manual	Indicates the status of the High Pressure Circuit 5 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for five or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem	BI:8	HiPress5Sw	Manual	Indicates the condition of the High Pressure Circuit 5 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Pressure Circuit 5 Problem alarm is active.	х		x
High Pressure Circuit 6	BV:13	HiPressCkt6Prb	Manual	Indicates the status of the High Pressure Circuit 6 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for six or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem	BI:9	HiPress6Sw	Manual	Indicates the condition of the High Pressure Circuit 6 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Pressure Circuit 6 Problem alarm is active.	x		x
High Pressure Circuit 7	BV:52	HiPressCkt7Prb	Manual	Indicates the status of the High Pressure Circuit 7 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for seven or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem	BI:26	HiPress7Sw	Manual	Indicates the condition of the High Pressure Circuit 7 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Pressure Circuit 7 Problem alarm is active.	x		x

	Object	BACnet Object			Event	efault)	
Alarm Message	Type/ Instance	Name	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>	To- OffNormal	To-Fault	To-Normal
High Pressure Circuit 8	BV:53	HiPressCkt8Prb	Manual	Indicates the status of the High Pressure Circuit 8 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for eight or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem	BI:27	HiPress8Sw	Manual	Indicates the condition of the High Pressure Circuit 8 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Pressure Circuit 8 Problem alarm is active.	x		x
Low Pressure Problem	BI:33	LoPress1Prb	Manual	Indicates the status of the Low Pressure Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). The OffNormal state of this object indicates a Low Pressure Problem alarm is active and the inverter compressor refrigerant circuit low limits have been exceeded. Alarm applies only to Rebel units.	x		x
Low Pressure Circuit 1	BV:14	LoPressCkt1Prb	A	Indicates the status of the Low Pressure Circuit 1 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for two or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem	Problem	LoPress1Sw	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Low Pressure Circuit 1 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Low Pressure Circuit 1 Problem alarm is active.	x		x
Low Pressure Circuit 2	BV:15	LoPressCkt2Prb	Automotia	Indicates the status of the Low Pressure Circuit 2 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for two or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem BI:11	BI:11	LoPress2Sw	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Low Pressure Circuit 2 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Low Pressure Circuit 2 Problem alarm is active.	x		x
Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem	BV:16	LoPressCkt3Prb	A 1	Indicates the status of the Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for three or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
	BI:12	LoPress3Sw	- Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Low Pressure Circuit 3 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem alarm is active.	x		x
Low Pressure Circuit 4	BV:17	LoPressCkt4Prb	Automotio	Indicates the status of the Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for four or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem	BI:13	LoPress4Sw	- Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Low Pressure Circuit 4 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem alarm is active.	x		x
Low Pressure Circuit 5	BV:18	LoPressCkt5Prb	Automotio	Indicates the status of the Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for five or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem	BI:14	LoPress5Sw	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Low Pressure Circuit 5 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem alarm is active.	x		x
Low Pressure Circuit 6	BV:19	LoPressCkt6Prb	Automatic	Indicates the status of the Low Pressure Circuit 6 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for six or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem	BI:15	LoPress6Sw	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Low Pressure Circuit 6 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Low Pressure Circuit 6 Problem alarm is active.	x		x
Low Pressure Circuit 7	BV:50	LoPressCkt7Prb	Automatic	Indicates the status of the Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for seven or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem	BI:24	LoPress7Sw	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Low Pressure Circuit 7 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem alarm is active.	x		x
MOP Problem	BI:97	MOPPrb	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the maximum over-current protection alarm.	x		x

	Object	BACnet Object	0		Event	Enable (De	efault)
Alarm Message	Type/ Instance	Name	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>	To- OffNormal	To-Fault	To-Normal
Low Pressure Circuit 8	BV:51	LoPressCkt8Prb	A	Indicates the status of the Low Pressure Circuit 8 Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for eight or more mechanical cooling circuits.			
Problem	BI:25	LoPress8Sw	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Low Pressure Circuit 8 switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Low Pressure Circuit 8 Problem alarm is active.	x		х
Entering Fan	BV:5	EFT_LCTPrb		Indicates the status of the Entering Fan Temperature/ Leaving Coil Temperature Sensor Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm).			
Temperature/ Leaving Coil Temperature Sensor Problem	AI:7	EFT_LCT	Automatic	Current value of the entering fan temperature/leaving coil air temperature sensor. It is the object that generates the alarm. Applies only to units configured for an entering fan temperature sensor.		х	х
Entering Water	BV:6	EntWtrTmpPrb		Indicates the status of the Entering Fan Temperature/ Leaving Coil Temperature Sensor Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm).			
Temperature Sensor Problem	AI:6	CWTemp		Current value of the entering water temperature (EWT) sensor. It is the object that generates the alarm. Applies only to units configured with an EWT sensor.		х	x
	BV:21	OutdoorTmpPrb		Indicates the status of the Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm).			
Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor Problem	blem	OutdoorTemp	Manual	Current value of the unit-mounted outdoor air temperature (OAT) sensor. It is the object that generates the alarm. Alarm applies only to units configured for an OAT sensor.		х	x
	BV:20	MixAirTmpPrb		Indicates the status of the Mixed Air Temperature Sensor Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm).			
Mixed Air Temperature Sensor Problem	AI:5	MATemp	Automatic	Current value of the mixed air temperature from the mixed air temperature (MAT) sensor. It is the object that generates the alarm. Applies only to units configured for a MAT sensor.		х	х
	BV:22	ReturnTmpPrb	Automatic	Indicates the status of the Return Air Temperature Sensor Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm).			
Return Air Temperature Sensor Problem	AI:2	RATemp		Current value of the return air temperature (RAT) sensor. It is the object that generates the alarm. Applies only to units configured for an RAT sensor.	x		x
	BV:23	SpaceTmpPrb		Indicates the status of the Space Temperature Sensor Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm).			
Space Temperature Sensor Problem	AI:3	SpaceTemp	Automatic	Current value of the space or zone temperature from the locally wired sensor or the network-provided sensor value (if valid). It is the object that generates the alarm. Applies only to units configured for a space temperature sensor.	x		x
	BV:24	SmpWtrLvIPrb		Indicates the status of the Sump Water Level Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured with an evaporative condenser.			
Sump Water Level Problem	BI:16	SmpWtrLvISw	Manual	Indicates the condition of the sump pump water level switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). It is the object that generates the alarm. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Sump Water Level Problem alarm is active.	х		x
Waterflow Switch	BV:25	WtrFlowSwPrb	Automatia	Indicates the status of the Waterflow Switch Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured with a waterside condenser and when a lack of water flow is indicated by an open water flow switch or a network signal.			
Problem	BI:17	WtrFlwSw	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the water flow switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). It is the object that generates the alarm. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Water Flow Switch Problem alarm is active.	x		x
	BV:26	WtrRegVlvPrb		Indicates the status of the Water Regulating Valve Problem alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for head pressure control.			
Water Regulating Valve Problem	BI:18	WtrRegVlv	Manual	Indicates the condition of the water regulating valve ((Closed (1) or Open (0)). It is the object that generates the alarm. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Water Regulating Valve Problem alarm is active.	x		x

Alarm Message	Object Type/ Instance	BACnet Object Name	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>	Even	Event_Enable (Default)	
4WayValve Problem	BI:93	4WayVlvPrb	Manual	Indicates the status of the 4WayValve Problem alarm $(0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm)$ . The OffNormal state of this object indicates that the 4WayValve Problem alarm is active. Applies only to Rebel units.	х		x

<sup>1</sup>Refer to OM 920, MicroTech III Unit Controller for Commercial Rooftop, Applied Rooftop and Self-Contained Systems for additional descriptions about alarm generation (<u>www.DaikinApplied.com</u>).

#### Table 43: BACnet Fault Alarms

	Object	BACnet Object			Even	t_Enable (De	efault)
Alarm Message	Type/ Instance	Name	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>	To- OffNormal	To-Fault	To-Normal
	BV:27	AirflowFlt		Indicates the status of the Air Flow Fault alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm).			
Airflow Fault	BI:1	AirFlwSw	Manual	Indicates the condition of the airflow switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). It is the object that generates the alarm. The OffNormal state of this object indicates an Airflow Fault alarm is active.	x		x
Control Temperature Fault	BV:28	ControlTempFlt	Manual	Indicates the status of the Control Temperature Fault alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). It is active when the respective sensor is not reliable or when a valid temperature value is not provided via the network.			
	AI:14	ControlTemp		Indicates the current control temperature value. It is the object that generates the alarm.		x	х
Discharge Air Temperature Sensor Fault	BV:29	DischSensorFlt	Manual	Indicates the status of the Discharge Air Temperature (DAT) Sensor Fault alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). An active alarm indicates that the DAT sensor is not reliable.			
Sensor Fault	AI:1	DischAirTemp		Indicates the current reading of the DAT sensor. It is the object that generates the alarm.	x	x	х
High Discharge Air Temperature Fault	BV:33	HiDischTmpFlt	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the discharge air temperature exceeds the High Discharge Temperature setting.	x		x
Low Discharge Air Temperature Fault	BV:35	LoDischTmpFlt	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the discharge air temperature is below the Low Discharge Temperature setting.			
	BV:30	DuctHiLmtFlt	Manual	Indicates the status of the Duct High Limit Fault alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to Variable Air Volume (VAV) units configured for supply fan VFDs.			
Duct High Limit Fault	BI:21	DuctHiLmtSw		Indicates the condition of the duct high limit switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). It is the object that generates the alarm. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Duct High Limit Fault alarm is active.	x		x
	BV:31	EmergencyOffFlt		Indicates the status of the Emergency Off Fault alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm).			
Emergency Off Fault	BI:22	EmergencyOffSw	Manual	Indicates the condition of the emergency off switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). It is the object that generates the alarm. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Emergency Off Fault alarm is active.	x		x
Freeze Fault	BV:32	FreezeFault	Manual	Indicates the status of the Freeze Fault alarm $(0 = \text{Normal}, 1 = \text{Alarm})$ . Applies only to units installed with a waterside economizer, chilled water coil, hot water coil or steam coil and when the freezestat is in the Open position.			
Fieeze Fault	BI:19	FreezeFltSw	Manuar	Indicates the condition of the freeze fault switch (Closed (1) or Open (0)). It is the object that generates the alarm. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Freeze Fault alarm is active.	x		x
High Return Air Temperature	BV:34	HiReturnTmpFlt	Manual	Indicates the status of the High Return Temperature Fault alarm (0 = Normal, 1 = Alarm). Applies only to units configured for a return air (RAT) sensor and when the RAT has exceeded the High Return Temperature limit.			
Fault	AV:45	HiRAT	wanual	Indicates the current reading from the return air sensor. It is the object that generates the alarm. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Return Air Temperature Fault alarm is active. Also see AV:45 in Table 5: Temperatures.	:Х		x

#### Table 44: BACnet Event Messages

Event Message	Object			_	Event	_Enable (De	fault)
(Present_Value)	Type/ Instance	BACnet Object Name	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>	To- OffNormal	To-Fault	To- Normal
Cooling High Discharge Pressure Unload Event	BI:52	ClgHPUnIdEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Cooling High Discharge Pressure Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Cooling High Discharge Pressure Unload Event is active.	x		х
Low Discharge Pressure Unload Event	BI:53	LoDschPUnldEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Low Discharge Pressure Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Low Discharge Pressure Unload Event is active.	x		х
Variable Compressor Emergency Stop Event	BI:54	VarCmpEmrgStopEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Variable Compressor Emergency Stop Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Variable Compressor Emergency Stop Event is active.	x		x
High Discharge Line Temperature Unload Event	BI:55	HiDLTmpUnldEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the High Discharge Line Temperature Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Discharge Line Temperature Unload Event is active.	x		х
Low Discharge Superheat Unload Event	BI:56	LoDschSHUnldEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Low Discharge Superheat Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Low Discharge Superheat Unload Event is active.	x		х
High Discharge Superheat Unload Event	BI:57	HiDschSHUnldEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the High Discharge Superheat Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Discharge Superheat Unload Event is active.	x		х
Reheat Stage Limiting Event	BI:58	RhtStgLmtEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Reheat Stage Limiting Event ( $0 = $ Inactive, $1 = $ Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Reheat Stage Limiting Event is active.	x		х
Variable Compressor Oil Boost Event	BI:59	OilBoostEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Variable Compressor Oil Boost Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Variable Compressor Oil Boost Event is active.	x		х
Network Demand Shed Event	BI:60	DemandShedEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Network Demand Shed Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Network Demand Shed Event is active. It is only available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or greater.	x		x
Inverter Compressor Request for Standby Event	BI:65	INVReqSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Inverter Compressor Request for Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Inverter Compressor Request for Standby Event is active.	x		х
Heating Low Suction Pressure Unload Event	BI:66	HtgLPUnIdEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Heating Low Suction Pressure Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Heating Low Suction Pressure Unload Event is active.	x		х
Cooling Low Suction Pressure Unload Event	BI:67	ClgLPUnldEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Cooling Low Suction Pressure Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Cooling Low Suction Pressure Unload Event is active.	x		x
Heating High Discharge Pressure Unload Event	BI:68	HtgHPUnldEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Heating High Discharge Pressure Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Heating High Discharge Pressure Unload Event is active.	x		x
Heating High Discharge Pressure Protection Event	BI:69	HtgHPProtEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Heating High Discharge Pressure Protection Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Heating High Discharge Pressure Protection Event is active.	х		x

#### Table 44: BACnet Event Messages, Continued

Alours Manager	Object			Description	Event	· ·	
Alarm Message	Type/ Instance	BACnet Object Name	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>	To- OffNormal	To-Fault	To- Normal
High Compression Ratio Unload Event	BI:70	CmpRatioULEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the High Compression Ratio Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Compression Ratio Unload Event is active.	x		х
Inverter Compressor Board High Fin Temperature Unload Event	BI:71	INVFinTUnIdEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Inverter Compressor Board High Fin Temperature Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Inverter Compressor Board High Fin Temperature Unload Event is active.	х		х
Inverter Compressor Board Unload Request Event	BI:72	INVUnldReqEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Inverter Compressor Board Unload Request Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Inverter Compressor Board Unload Request Event is active.	x		x
Compressor Disable Standby Event	BI:73	CmpDsblSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Compressor Disable Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Compressor Disable Standby Event is active.	×		х
Fixed Compressor High Discharge Line Temperature Unload Event	BI:74	Comp3DLTULEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Fixed Compressor High Discharge Line Temperature Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Fixed Compressor High Discharge Line Temperature Unload Event is active.	x		х
Inverter Compressor High Current Unload Event	BI:75	INVAmpUnIdEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Inverter Compressor High Current Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Inverter Compressor High Current Unload Event is active.	x		х
Cooling Low Differential Pressure Unload Event	BI:76	ClgDPUnldEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Cooling Low Differential Pressure Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Cooling Low Differential Pressure Unload Event is active.	x		х
Heating Low Differential Pressure Unload Event	BI:77	HtgDPUnldEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Heating Low Differential Pressure Unload Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Heating Low Differential Pressure Unload Event is active.	x		х
Cooling High Discharge Pressure Standby Event	BI:78	ClgHPSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Cooling High Discharge Pressure Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Cooling High Discharge Pressure Standby Event is active.	x		х
Heating Low Suction Pressure Standby Event	BI:79	HtgLPSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Heating Low Suction Pressure Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Heating Low Suction Pressure Standby Event is active.	x		х
Cooling Low Suction Pressure Standby Event	BI:80	ClgLPSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Cooling Low Suction Pressure Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Cooling Low Suction Pressure Standby Event is active.	x		х
Heating High Discharge Pressure Standby Event	BI:81	HtgHPSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Heating High Discharge Pressure Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Heating High Discharge Pressure Standby Event is active.	x		х
Inverter Compressor High Discharge Line Temperature Standby Event	BI:82	INVDLTSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Inverter Compressor High Discharge Line Temperature Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Inverter Compressor High Discharge Line Temperature Standby Event is active.	x		х
Cooling Low Differential Pressure Standby Event	BI:83	ClgDPSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Cooling Low Differential Pressure Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Cooling Low Differential Pressure Standby Event is active.	x		x

#### Table 44: BACnet Event Messages, Continued

	Object				Event_Enable (Defa		
Alarm Message	Type/ Instance	BACnet Object Name	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>	To- OffNormal	To-Fault	To- Normal
Heating Low Differential Pressure Standby Event	BI:84	HtgDPSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Heating Low Differential Pressure Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Heating Low Differential Pressure Standby Event is active.	x		x
Outdoor Fan Problem Standby Event	BI:85	OAFanSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Outdoor Fan Problem Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Outdoor Fan Problem Standby Event is active.	х		х
High Compressor Body Temperature Standby Event	BI:86	INVCmpTSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the High Compressor Body Temperature Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the High Compressor Body Temperature Standby Event is active.	х		х
Outdoor Fan Board Request for Standby Event	BI:87	OFReqSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Outdoor Fan Board Request for Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Outdoor Fan Board Request for Standby Event is active.	x		х
Variable Compressor Oil Balance Event	BI:88	OilBalanceEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Variable Compressor Oil Boost Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Variable Compressor Oil Boost Event is active.	x		х
Inverter Compressor Standby Event	BI:89	INVCmpSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Inverter Compressor Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Inverter Compressor Standby Event is active.	x		х
Variable Compressor Low Oil Boost Event	BI:90	LoOilBoostEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Variable Compressor Low Oil Boost Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Variable Compressor Low Oil Boost Event is active.	x		х
Variable Compressor High Oil Boost Event	BI:91	HiOilBoostEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Variable Compressor High Oil Boost Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active).The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Variable Compressor High Oil Boost Event is active.	х		х
Event Sync Standby Event	BI:92	EVSyncSBEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Event Sync Standby Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Event Synch Standby Event is active.	x		х
Cooling High Suction Pressure Unloading Event	BI:94	ClgHiTeULEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the current binary status of the Cooling High Suction Pressure Unloading control event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). Applies to DPS units. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Cooling High Suction Pressure Unloading Event is active.	х		х
Oil Injection Event	BI:95	OilInjectionEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Oil Injection control event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). Applies to MPS and RTU units with variable- speed compressors. The OffNormal state of this object indicates the Oil Injection Event is active.	х		х
MOP Protection Event	BI:96	MOPEvnt	Automatic	Indicates the condition of the Maximum Over-Current Protection Event (0 = Inactive, 1 = Active). The OffNormal state of this object indicates that MOP is active.	х		х

# LONWORKS Alarms

Table 45 lists the alarms that can be monitored by using the In Alarm attribute of the Unit Status network variable output, *nvoUnitStatus\_in\_alarm*. Detailed information for alarm objects are described in the Alarm Class (Warning, Problem, and Fault), Table 46 - Table 48.

The Active Alarm Value is the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an active alarm. This object is set to zero if no alarms are active. Alarm values apply to all unit types unless otherwise noted. All alarms are read-only.

Table 45. LUNVURNS Alalili Values Available via Uliil Status	Table 45: LonWorks Alarm	Values Available via Unit Status
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Variable Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT Index	SN	SNVT Type		Description		
Unit Status	nvoUnitStatus_in_alarm	112	112 SNVT_hvac_status Allow the ta active		Allows individual notif the table below is the active alarm. This ob	tification of the highest priority active alarm. The value in the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an object is set to zero if no alarms are active.		
Active Alarm Number	Description <sup>1</sup>		Active Alarm Number		Description <sup>1</sup>	Active Alarm Number	Description	
0	No Active Alarms	1	30	Low Refrig	Charge Problem	163	High Pressure - Circuit 5 Problem	
24	Dirty Filter Warning	1	31	ChargeLos	sPrb Problem	164	High Pressure - Circuit 4 Problem	
28	Airflow Sw Warning	1	32	PTS Senso	r Problem	165	High Pressure - Circuit 3 Problem	
32	Conductivity Warning	1	33	PTD2 Sens	or Problem	166	High Pressure - Circuit 2 Problem	
34	Ret/Exh Fan Warning	1	34	PTD or PTI	D1 Sensor Problem	167	High Pressure - Circuit 1 Problem	
40	Low Superheat Warning	1	35	IFB Comm	Problem	169	Sump Water Level Problem	
50	Over Econo Warning	1	136		e Differential Problem	179	EFT_LCT Problem	
52	Under Econo Warning	1	137		Waterflow Sw Problem		Return Air Sensor Problem	
54	Excess OA Warning	1	140		ulating Valve Problem	185	Space Sensor Problem	
56	OAD Stuck Warning	1	145		mp Low Oil Problem	188	OAT Sensor Problem	
102	IRT Sensor Problem	1	148		omp Body Temp	191	EWT Problem	
104	ORT Sensor Problem	1	149		Body Temp Sensor	194	MAT Problem	
106	DRT3 Sensor Problem	1	150		Problem	197	Freeze Problem	
108	DRT2 Sensor Problem	1	52	Low Pressu	re - Circuit 8 Problem	199	Heat Fail Problem	
111	DRT1 Sensor Problem	1	53	Low Pressu	re - Circuit 7 Problem	208	Airflow Fault	
114	INV or Variable Comp Proble	em 1	54	Low Pressu	re - Circuit 6 Problem	212	Low Discharge Air Temp Fault	
115	LoDischP Problem	1	55	Low Pressu	re - Circuit 5 Problem	216	High Discharge Air Temp Fault	
116	LoDischSH Problem	1	156		re - Circuit 4 Problem	220	High Return Air Temp Fault	
117	HiDischSH Problem	1	157		re - Circuit 3 Problem	224	Duct High Limit Fault	
119	DFT Sensor Problem	1	158		re - Circuit 2 Problem	228	Discharge Temp Fault	
121	SRT Sensor Problem	1	159		re - Circuit 1 Problem	244	Control Temp Fault	
124	High Disch Line Temp Proble	em 1	160		ure - Circuit 8 Problem	250	Emergency Stop Fault	
126	Exp Valve Problem	1			ure - Circuit 7 Problem	252	Freeze Fault	
128	OAFan Problem	1	62	High Press	ure - Circuit 6 Problem			

1. Alarm range: 0 = Normal (Not Acitve), 1 = In Alarm (Active).

#### Table 46: LonWorks Warning Alarms

Variable Name	LONWORKS Variable	SNVT Index	SNVT Type	Description	
Warning Alarm	nvoWarnAlarm	112	SNVT_hvac_status	Allows individual notification of the highest priority active warning alarm. The value in the table below is the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an active alarm. This object is set to zero if no warning alarms are active.	
Active Alarm Value	e Alarm Message Clear		Description <sup>1</sup>		
0			No Active Alarms		

0			No Active Alarms
24	Dirty Filter Warning	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the filter switch input is in the Open position.
28	Airflow Switch Warning	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the airflow switch is in the Flow (Closed) position and the supply fan is off for more than 30 minutes.
32	Conductivity Warning	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the conductivity valve is above the alarm setpoint value. Applies only to units configured for evaporative condensing.
34	Return / Exhaust Fan Warning	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that there is a problem with the return or exhaust fan operation. Applies to units with a VFD or EBM return/exhaust fan.
40	Low Superheat Warning	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the suction and discharge superheat values have been unusually low for 30 minutes during normal compressor operation.
50	Over Economizing Warning	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the unit is economizing when it should not be economizing. It is only available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or greater.
52	Under Economizing Warning	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the unit is not economizing when it should be economizing. It is only available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or greater.
54	Excess Outdoor Air Warning	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the unit is delivering excess outdoor air. It is only available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or greater.
56	Outdoor Air Damper Stuck Warning	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the air dampers may be stuck and are not modulating. It is only available in application versions 2506017501 and 2506018201 or greater.

<sup>1</sup>Refer to OM 920, MicroTech III Unit Controller for Commercial Rooftop, Applied Rooftop and Self-Contained Systems for additional descriptions about alarm generation (<u>www.DaikinApplied.com</u>).

#### TABLE 47: LONWORKS Problem Alarms

Variable Name	LONWORKS Variable	SNVT Index	SNVT Type	Description
Warning Alarm	nvoProbAlarm	112	SNVT_hvac_status	Allows individual notification of the highest priority active problem alarm. The value in the table below is the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an active alarm. This object is set to zero if no problem alarms are active.

Active Alarm Value	Alarm Message	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>
0			No Active Alarms
102	IRT Sensor Problem	Manual	Indicates that the Return Temperature Problem alarm is active because the indoor refrigerant temperature (IRT) sensor is not reliable. Applies only to units configured for a return air sensor.
104	ORT Sensor Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the outdoor refrigerant temperature (ORT) sensor is not reliable. Applies only to Rebel units.
106	DRT3 Sensor Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the inverter compressor discharge refrigerant temperature (DRT3) sensor is not reliable.
108	DRT2 Sensor Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the inverter compressor discharge refrigerant temperature (DRT2) sensor is not reliable.
111	DRT1 Sensor Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the inverter compressor discharge refrigerant temperature (DRT1) sensor is not reliable.
114	Variable Compressor Problem	Manual	Indicates the condition of the Variable Compressor Problem alarm.
114	Inverter Compressor Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the inverter (INV) compressor is not reliable. Applies only to Rebel units.
115	Low Discharge Pressure Problem	Manual	Indicates the status of the Low Discharge Pressure Problem alarm for VFD compressor units.
116	Low Discharge Superheat Problem	Manual	Indicates the status of the Low Discharge Superheat Problem alarm for VFD compressor units.
117	High Discharge Superheat Problem	Manual	Indicates the status of the High Discharge Superheat Problem alarm for VFD compressor units.
119	DFT Sensor Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the defrost temperature (DFT) sensor is not reliable.
121	SRT Sensor Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the suction line temperature (SRT) sensor is not reliable.
124	High Discharge Line Temperature Problem	Manual	Indicates the status of the High Discharge Line Temperature Problem alarm for VFD compressor units.

#### Table 47: LonWorks Problem Alarms, Continued

Active Alarm Value	Alarm Message	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>
126	Expansion Valve Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates there is a problem with either the indoor or outdoor expansion valve control. Applies only to Rebel units.
128	Outdoor Fan Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates there is a problem with the outdoor air fan control. Applies only to Rebel units.
130	Low Refrigerant Charge Problem	Manual	An active alarms indicates the refrigerant system is low on charge. Applies only to Rebel units
131	Charge Loss Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the refrigerant system charge has been completely lost. Applies only to Rebel units.
132	PTS Sensor Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the suction refrigerant pressure (PTS) sensor is not reliable. Applies only to Rebel units.
134	PTD Sensor Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the discharge refrigerant pressure (PTD) sensor is not reliable.
134	PTD1 Sensor Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the circuit 1 discharge refrigerant pressure sensor is not reliable
133	PTD2 Sensor Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the circuit 2 discharge refrigerant pressure sensor is not reliable
135	IFB Comm Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that a communication interruption has occurred between the unit controller and the inverter compressor interface communication board (IFB). Applies only to Rebel units.
136	Low Pressure Differential Problem	Manual	Alarm is active when the difference between the refrigerant circuit high side (PTD) and low side (PTS) remains below the acceptable pressure level when the compressor(s) is at full capacity.
137	Waterflow Switch Problem	Automatic	Indicates that the Waterflow Switch Problem alarm is active. Applies only to units configured with a waterside condenser and when a lack of water flow is indicated by an open water flow switch or a network signal.
140	Water Regulating Valve Problem	Manual	Indicates that the Water Regulating Valve Problem alarm is active. Applies only to units configured for head pressure control.
145	Variable Compressor Low Oil Problem	Manual	Indicates that the Variable Compressor Low Oil Problem alarm is active.
148	High Inverter Compressor Body Temperature Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the inverter compressor body temperature limit has been exceeded. Applies only to Rebel units.
149	INV Compressor Body Temperature Sensor Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the inverter compressor body temperature sensor is not reliable
159	Low Pressure – Circuit 1	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the Low Press SW1 input is in the Open position. Applies only t units configured for two or more mechanical cooling circuits.
158	Low Pressure – Circuit 2	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the Low Press SW2 input is in the Open position. Applies only t units configured for two or more mechanical cooling circuits.
157	Low Pressure – Circuit 3	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the Low Press SW3 input is in the Open position. Applies only t units configured for three or more mechanical cooling circuits.
156	Low Pressure – Circuit 4	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the Low Press SW4 input is in the Open position. Applies only t units configured for four or more mechanical cooling circuits.
155	Low Pressure – Circuit 5	Automatic	An active alarms indicates that the Low Press SW5 input is in the Open position. Applies only units configured for five or more mechanical cooling circuits.
154	Low Pressure – Circuit 6	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the Low Press SW6input is in the Open position. Applies only to units configured for six or more mechanical cooling circuits.
153	Low Pressure – Circuit 7	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the Low Press SW7 input is in the Open position. Applies only t units configured for seven or more mechanical cooling circuits.
152	Low Pressure – Circuit 8	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the Low Press SW8 input input is in the Open position. Applies only to units configured for eight or more mechanical cooling circuits.
167	High Pressure – Circuit 1	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the High Pressure switch SW1 input is in the Open position. Applies only to units configured for two or more mechanical cooling circuits.
166	High Pressure – Circuit 2	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the High Pressure switch SW2 input is in the Open position. Applies only to units configured for two or more mechanical cooling circuits.
165	High Pressure – Circuit 3	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the High Pressure switch SW3 input is in the Open position. Applies only to units configured for three or more mechanical cooling circuits.
164	High Pressure – Circuit 4	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the High Pressure switch SW4 input is in the Open position. Applies only to units configured for four or more mechanical cooling circuits.
163	High Pressure – Circuit 5	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the High Pressure switch SW5 input is in the Open position. Applies only to units configured for five or more mechanical cooling circuits.
162	High Pressure – Circuit 6	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the High Pressure switch SW6 input is in the Open position. Applies only to units configured for six or more mechanical cooling circuits.
161	High Pressure – Circuit 7	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the High Pressure switch SW7 input is in the Open position. Applies only to units configured for seven or more mechanical cooling circuits.
160	High Pressure – Circuit 8	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the High Pressure switch SW8 input is in the Open position. Applies only to units configured for eight or more mechanical cooling circuits.
169	Sump Water Level Problem	Manual	Indicates the status of the Sump Water level Problem alarm. Applies only to units configured with an evaporative condenser.
179	Entering Fan Temperature / Leaving Coil Temperature Sensor Problem	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the entering fan temperature/leaving coil temperature sensor is not reliable. Applies only to units configured for an entering fan temperature sensor.
182	Return Air Temperature Sensor Problem	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the return air sensor (RAT) is not reliable. Applies only to units configured for a RAT sensor.

#### Table 47: LonWorks Problem Alarms, Continued

Active Alarm Value	Alarm Message	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>
185	Space Temperature Sensor Problem	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the space temperature sensor is not reliable or that a valid space temperature value is not provided via the network. Applies only to units configured for a space temperature sensor.
188	Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor Problem	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the outdoor air temperature (OAT) sensor is not reliable or that a valid temperature value is not provided via the network. Alarm applies only to units configured for an OAT sensor.
191	Entering Water Temp Sensor Problem	Automatic	An active alarm indicates that the entering water temperature (EWT) sensor is not reliable. Applies only to units configured with an EWT sensor.
194	Mixed Air Temp Problem	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the mixed air temperature (MAT) sensor is not reliable. Applies only to units configured for a MAT sensor.
197	Freeze Problem	Automatic	Indicates that the Freeze Problem alarm is active and that the freezestat is in the Open position.
199	Heat Fail Problem	Automatic	Indicates that the Heat Fail Problem alarm is active.

<sup>1</sup>Refer to OM 920, MicroTech III Unit Controller for Commercial Rooftop, Applied Rooftop and Self-Contained Systems for additional descriptions about alarm generation (<u>www.DaikinApplied.com</u>).

#### Table 48: LonWorks Fault Alarms

Variable Name	LonWorks Variable	SNVT Index	SNVT Type	Description
Fault Alarm	nvoFaultAlarm	112	SNVT_hvac_status	Allows individual notification of the highest priority active fault alarm. The value in the table below is the largest number in its enumeration that corresponds to an active alarm. This object is set to zero if no fault alarms are active.

Active Alarm Value	Alarm Message	Clear	Description <sup>1</sup>
0			No Active Alarms
208	Airflow Fault	Manual	Indicates that the The Airflow Fault alarm is active and that the airflow switch is in the Open position.
212	Low Discharge Air Temperature Fault	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the discharge air temperature is below the Low Discharge Temperature setting.
216	High Discharge Air Temperature Fault	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the discharge air temperature exceeds the High Discharge Temperature setting.
220	High Return Air Temperature Fault	Manual	Indicates that the High Return Temperature Fault alarm is active. Applies only to units configured for a return air (RAT) sensor and when the RAT has exceeded the High Return Temperature limit.
224	Duct High Limit Fault	Manual	Indicates that the Duct High Limit Fault alarm is active. Applies only to Variable Air Volume (VAV) units configured for supply fan VFDs.
228	Discharge Air Temperature Sensor Fault	Manual	An active alarm indicates that the Discharge Air Temperature (DAT) sensor is not reliable.
244	Control Temperature Fault	Manual	Indicates that the Control Temperature Fault alarm is active when the respective sensor is not reliable or when a valid temperature value is not provided via the network.
250	Emergency Off Fault	Manual	Indicates that the Emergency Off Fault alarm is active and that the emergency off input is in the Open position.
252	Freeze Fault	Manual	Indicates that the Freeze Fault alarm is active. Applies only to units installed with a waterside economizer, chilled water coil, hot water coil or steam coil and when the freezestat is in the Open position.

# LONWORKS Device Management

The following functions are specific to the LONWORKS device (i.e. LONWORKS communication module). These functions are used for maintenance and testing. A network management tool such as Echelon's LonMaker<sup>®</sup> is typically used to issue the network commands.

# Offline

When the LONWORKS communication module receives a network command to go Offline, the unit controller continues to operate but LONWORKS communication is suspended except for network management messages.

# Online

When the LONWORKS communication module receives a network command to go Online, LONWORKS network messaging is restored.

# Reset

When the LONWORKS communication module receives a network command Reset command, it performs the following:

- 1. Send a command to the unit controller to perform a warm reset, maintaining non-volatile memory.
- 2. Reset the Neuron processor.

# Wink

The wink function is not supported.

# **BACnet Device Management**

The following functions are specific to the BACnet device (i.e. BACnet communication module). These functions are used for maintenance and testing. A network management tool such as VTS is typically used to issue the network commands.

# **DeviceCommunicationControl - Disable**

The purpose of this command is to reduce network traffic for diagnostic testing of the BACnet network. When the BACnet communication module receives a network command to Disable communications, it stops passing information to the network. It is possible to specify an optional length of time that communication is suspended. The unit continues to operate during the Disabled state.

# **DeviceCommunicationControl - Enable**

When the BACnet communication module receives a network command to Enable communications, unit controller communication to the BACnet network is restored.

# **ReinitializeDevice (Reset)**

When the BACnet communication module BACnet Communication Module is capable of receiving a network ReinitializeDevice command to reboot itself (cold start or warm start). The functionality of a cold and warm start are the same and simply reboot the BACnet communication module. No password is required. This section contains the Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) for the MicroTech III Unit Controller of Daikin Applied as required by ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 135-2008, BACnet: A Data Communication Protocol for Building Automation and Control Networks.

Date	October 2018
Vendor Name	Daikin Applied
Product Name	Unit Controller
Product Model Number	AHU
<ul> <li>Application Software Version</li> <li>Rooftop and Self-Contained Models RDE, RPS, RDT, RFS, RDS, RAH, SWT, SWP</li> <li>Maverick II, Model MPS</li> </ul>	2506017517
Application Software Version <ul> <li>Rebel Packaged Rooftop, Models DPS, DPH</li> </ul>	2506018218
Application Software Version <ul> <li>Rebel Packaged Rooftop, Models DPS, DPH (Refrigerant Only)</li> </ul>	2506019100
Firmware Revision	10.38
BACnet Protocol Revision	Version 1 Revision 10

# **Product Description**

The MicroTech III Unit Controller with BACnet Communication Module is designed to operate Air Handling Units (Applied Rooftop, Self-Contained, Maverick II Commercial Rooftop, and Rebel Packaged Rooftop) and integrate them into BACnet building automation systems.

The unit controller provides normal temperature, static pressure and ventilation control and alarm monitoring with alarm-specific component shutdown in critical system conditions. Access to temperatures, pressures, operating states, alarm messages, control parameters and schedules is available through an equipment-mounted keypad/display and the BACnet control network.

# **BACnet Standardized Device Profile**

Based on BIBBs supported, the MicroTech III Unit Controller with optional BACnet Communications Module is a BACnet Building Controller (B-BC). Refer to the section below entitled BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks (BIBBs) Supported for a complete listing of BIBBS.

- □ BACnet Operator Workstation (B-OWS)
- BACnet Building Controller (B-BC)
- □ BACnet Advanced Application Specific Controller (B-AAC)
- □ BACnet Application Specific Controller (B-ASC)
- □ BACnet Smart Sensor (B-SS)
- □ BACnet Smart Actuator (B-SA)

# BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks (BIBBS) Supported

BIBB Name	Designation
Data Sharing – ReadProperty – B	DS-RP-B
Data Sharing – ReadPropertyMultiple – B	DS-RPM-B
Data Sharing – WriteProperty – B	DS-WP-B
Data Sharing – WritePropertyMultiple – B	DS-WPM-B
Data Sharing – COV – B	DS-COV-B
Data Sharing – ReadProperty – A	DS-RP-A
Data Sharing – ReadPropertyMultiple – A	DS-RPM-A
Data Sharing – WriteProperty – A	DS-WP-A
Data Sharing – COV – A	DS-COV-A
Alarm & Event – Notification Internal - B	AE-N-I-B
Alarm & Event – AcknowledgeAlarm - B	AE-ACK-B
Alarm & Event – ACK –B	AE-ACK-B
Alarm & Event – Information - B	AE-INFO-B
Alarm & Event – Alarm Summary - B	AE-ASUM-B
Alarm & Event – Event-Enrollment Summary - B	AE-ESUM-B
Scheduling – Internal - B	SCHED-I-B
Scheduling – External - B	SCHED-E-B
Trending – Viewing and Modifying Trends Internal – B	T-VMT-I-B
Trending – Automated Trend Retrieval – B	T-ATR-B
Device Management – Dynamic Device Binding – A	DM-DDB-A
Device Management – Dynamic Device Binding – B	DM-DDB-B
Device Management – Dynamic Object Binding – B	DM-DOB-B
Device Management – Device Communication Control – B	DM-DCC-B
Device Management – TimeSynchronization – B	DM-TS-B
Device Management – UTCTimeSynchronization – B	DM-UTS-B
Device Management – Reinitialize Device – B	DM-RD-B
Device Management – List Manipulation – B	DM-LM-B
Device Management – Object Creation and Deletion – B	DM-OCD-B
Device Management – Backup and Restore – B	DM-BR-B
Network Management – Connection Establishment – A	NM-CE-A

# **Standard Object Types Supported**

Object-Type	Creatable	Deleteable	Optional	Writeable
Analog Input			Description High_Limit Low_Limit COV_Increment Notification_Class Reliability Max_Pres_Value Min_Pres_Value Deadband Acked_Transitions Event_Enable Notify_Type Limit_Enable Time_Delay Event_Time_Stamps	Present_Value <sup>1</sup> COV_Increment <sup>2</sup> Event_Enable Limit_Enable <sup>3</sup>
Analog Output			Description Reliability Min_Pres_Value Max_Pres_Value COV_Increment Time_Delay Notification_Class High_Limit Low_Limit Deadband Limit_Enable Event_Enable Acked_Transistions Notify_Type Event_Time_Stamps	Out_Of_Service Relinquish_Default High_Limit Low_Limit Deadband Limit_Enable COV_Increment <sup>2</sup> Event_Enable
Analog Value			Description High_Limit Low_Limit COV_Increment Priority_Array Relinquish_Default Notification_Class Reliability Deadband Acked_Transistions Event_Enable Notify_Type Limit_Enable Time_Delay Event_Time_Stamps	Present_Value <sup>1,5</sup> COV_increment <sup>2</sup> Event_Enable
Binary Input			Description Inactive_Text Active_Text Notification_Class Reliability Acked_Transitions Event_Enable Alarm_Value Notify_Type Time_Delay Event_Time_Stamps Elapsed_Active_Time Time_Of_Active_Time_Reset	Present_Value Event_Enable Elapsed_Active_Time (only 0)

1. Some objects of this type are read only. For those objects, the Present\_Value is not commandable or writeable.

2. Changes to this property do not take effect until the power is cycled on the unit controller.

3. This property is writeable via BACnet. However, it reverts to the unit controller value if the object is setup for Intrinsic Reporting. This is a safety feature so the network cannot disable alarms from occurring.

4. Priority 5 is reserved for the commandable objects application. BACnet writes at priority 5 will fail.

5. Priority 1 is reserved for the commandable objects application. BACnet writes at priority 1 will fail.



Object-Type	Creatable	Deleteable	Optional	Writeable
Binary Output			Description Reliability Inactive_Text Active_Text Notification_Class Feedback_Value Acked_Transitions Event_Enable Notify_Type Time_Delay Event_Time_Stamps Elapsed_Active_Time Time_Of_Active_Time_Reset	Event_Enable Polarity Feedback_Value Relinquish_Default Elapsed_Active_Time (only 0)
Binary Value		Description Inactive_Text Active_Text Priority_Array Relinquish_Default Notification_Class Reliability Acked_Transitions Event_Enable Alarm_Value Notify_Type Time_Delay Event_Time_Stamps Elapsed_Active_Time Time_Of_Active_Time_Reset		Acked_Transitions Event_Enable Present_Value <sup>1.4</sup> Elapsed_Active_Time (only 0) Relinquish_Default
Calendar			Description	Date_List (Max 10)
Device		Location Description Active_Cov_Subsription (<= ADPU_Segment_Timeout Local_Time Local_Date UTC_Offset Daylight_Savings_Status Max_Master (MS/TP only) Max_Info_Frames (MS/TP only) Max_Segments_Accepted Configuration_Files Last_Restore_Time Backup Failure Timeout		Description Location Max_ADPU_Length_Accepted (1476>= x >=50) UTC_Offset Max_Segments_Accepted ADPU_Segment_Timeout (>100) APDU_Timeout (>100) Number_Of_APDU_Retries Segmentation_Supported Max_Master (MS/TP only) Max_Info_Frames (MS/TP only)
Event_Enrollment	X	X		Object_Name Event_Type Notify_Type Event_Parameters Object_Property_Reference Event_Enable Notification_Class
File			Description	
Multi-State Input			Description State_Text Notification_Class Acked_Transitions Event_Enable Notify_Type Time_Delay Alarm_Values Fault_Values Reliability Event_Time_Stamps	Present_Value Out_Of_Service Event_Enable Alarm_Values (max 16) Fault_Values (max 16)

1. Some objects of this type are read only. For those objects, the Present\_Value is not commandable or writeable.

2. Changes to this property do not take effect until the power is cycled on the unit controller.

This property is writeable via BACnet. However, it reverts to the unit controller value if the object is setup for Intrinsic Reporting. This is a safety feature so the network cannot disable alarms from occurring.
 Priority 5 is reserved for the commandable objects application. BACnet writes at priority 5 will fail.

5. Priority 1 is reserved for the commandable objects application. BACnet writes at priority 1 will fail.



Object-Type	Creatable	Deleteable	Optional	Writeable
Multi-State Output			Description Reliability State_Text Notification_Class Acked_Transitions Event_Enable Notify_Type Time_Delay Event_Time_Stamps Feedback_Value	Event_Enable Relinquish_Default (1Number_Of_States)
Notification Class			Description	Recipient_List (Max 20) Priority Ack_Required
Schedule			Description Weekly_Schedule Exception_Schedule	Present_Value4 Schedule_Default Effective_Period Weekly_Schedule (Max 6 per day) Priority_For_Writing (116) Exception_Schedule List_Of_Object_Property_Refs
Multi-State Value			Description Priority_Array Relinquish_Default Notification_Class Reliability Acked_Transitions Event_Enable Alarm_Values Fault_Values Notify_Type Time_Delay Event_Time_Stamps State_Text	Present_Value <sup>1</sup> Event_Enable
Trend_Log			Description Start_Time Stop_Time Log_Device_Object_Property Log_Interval Client_COV_Increment Notification_Threshold Records_Since_Notification Last_Notify_record Notification_Class Event_Enable Acked_Transistions Notify_Type Event_Time_Stamps	Start_Time Stop_Time Log_Device_Object_Property Log_Interval Client_COV_Increment Stop_When_Full Notification_Threshold Event_Enable

Some objects of this type are read only. For those objects, the Present\_Value is not commandable or writeable.
 Changes to this property do not take effect until the power is cycled on the unit controller.

This property is writeable via BACnet. However, it reverts to the unit controller value if the object is setup for Intrinsic Reporting. This is a safety feature so the network cannot disable alarms from occurring.
 Priority 5 is reserved for the commandable objects application. BACnet writes at priority 5 will fail.

5. Priority 1 is reserved for the commandable objects application. BACnet writes at priority 1 will fail.

### Data Link Layer Options

- BACnet IP, (Annex J)
- BACnet IP, (Annex J), Foreign Device
- MS/TP master (Clause 9), baud rate(s): 9600, 19200, 38400, 76800
- □ MS/TP slave (Clause 9), baud rate(s): 9600, 19200, 38400, 76800

# Segmentation Capability

- Segmented requests supported
   Window Size: 4 for IP and 1 for MS/TP
- Segmented responses supported
   Window Size: 4 for IP and 1 for MS/TP

# **Device Address Binding**

□ Yes Static Device Binding

🗵 No

# **Networking Options**

- Router, Clause 6 Routing Configurations: ARCNET-Ethernet, Ethernet-MS/TP, etc.
- □ Annex H, BACnet Tunneling Router over IP
- BACnet/IP Broadcast Management Device (BBMD)

Number of BDT entries Registrations by Foreign Devices? 
Ves
No

# **Character Sets Supported**

- X ANSI X3.4
- □ IBM<sup>®</sup>/Microsoft<sup>®</sup> DBCS
- □ ISO 8859-1
- □ ISO 10646 (UCS-2)
- □ ISO 10646 (UCS-4)
- □ JIS C 6226
- **NOTE:** Support for multiple character sets does not imply they can be supported simultaneously.

Use Table 49 to find and access network parameters via the MicroTech III Unit Controller keypad/display. Data points are listed alphabetically by model type, along with the path(s) to the corresponding keypad menu screen.

Data Point	Applied Rooftop RPE, RDE, RPS, RDT, RFS, RDS and RAH	Self- Contained SWT, SWP	Rebel Commercial Rooftop DPS, DPH	Maverick II Commercial Rooftop MPS	Keypad Menu Path
AHU Loc/Net	х	x	x	x	Main Menu\BMS Communications\BACnet MSTP Set-Up\AHU Loc/ Net= Main Menu\BMS Communications\BACnet IP Set-Up\AHU Loc/Net
Airflow Fault	Х	х	х	х	No Keypad Equivalent
Airflow Switch (Warning)	Х	х	x	х	No Keypad Equivalent
Airflow Switch (Fault)	Х	х	х	х	No Keypad Equivalent
Airflow Switch Warning	Х	х	х	х	No Keypad Equivalent
Alarm Value	Х	х	х	х	No Keypad Equivalent
Application Mode <sup>1</sup>	Х	х	X	х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\Net App Mode=
Application Version	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\About This AHU\App Version=
BACnet Client Config File	X1	X1	X1	X1	No Keypad Equivalent
BACnet COV Config File	X <sup>1</sup>	X <sup>1</sup>	X1	X <sup>1</sup>	No Keypad Equivalent
BACnet Dynamic Trend Log Configuration	X2	X2	X2	X2	No Keypad Equivalent
BACnet Event Enrollment Config File	X1	X1	X1	X1	No Keypad Equivalent
BACnet Notification Class Configuration	X2	X2	X2	X2	No Keypad Equivalent
Building Static Pressure	Х		X	X	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\RF/EF Spd Control\Bldg Press=
Building Static Pressure Setpoint	х		x	x	Main Menu\Quick Menu\BldgSP Spt= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\RF/EF Spd Control\Bldg Press=
Bypass Control	Х	X	X	X	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Bypass Ctrl=
Charge Loss Problem			X		No Keypad Equivalent
Clear Alarms	Х	X	X	X	Main Menu\Alarm Lists\Active Alarms\ClrAlms=
Compressor 1 Hours	х	x		x	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Comp 1= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Comp 1=
Compressor 2 Hours	х	x		х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Comp 2= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Comp 2=
Compressor 3 Hours	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Comp 3= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Comp 3=
Compressor 4 Hours	х	х		х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Comp 4= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Comp 4=
Compressor 5 Hours	х	х		х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Comp 5= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Comp 5=
Compressor 6 Hours	х	х		х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Comp 6= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Comp 6=
Compressor 7 Hours		х		х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Comp 7= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Comp 7=
Compressor 8 Hours		х		х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Comp 8= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Comp 8=
Compressor Configuration	Х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Cmp Config=
Compressor Cooling Hours			x		Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Cmp Cooling= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Cmp Cooling=
Compressor Disable Standby Event		arsian 0.28 or h	х		No Keypad Equivalent

Data Point	Applied Rooftop RPE, RDE, RPS, RDT, RFS, RDS and RAH	Self- Contained SWT, SWP	Rebel Commercial Rooftop DPS, DPH	Maverick II Commercial Rooftop MPS	Keypad Menu Path
Compressor Heating Hours			x		Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Cmp Heating= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Cmp Heating=
Conductivity	Х				Main Menu\Commission Unit\Evap Cond Set-Up\Conductivity=
Conductivity Warning	X				No Keypad Equivalent
Control Temp Fault	X	x	X	x	No Keypad Equivalent
Control Temp Source	X	x	X	x	Main Menu\Commission Unit\Htg/Clg Chgovr Set-Up\Ctrl Temp Src=
Control Temperature	х	x	x	x	Main Menu\Quick Menu\Control Temp= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\Control Temp=
Control Type	X	x	X	x	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Control Type=
Cooling Capacity	Х	x	x	х	Main Menu\Quick Menu\Clg Capacity= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status\Settings\Clg Capacity=
Cooling Circuit Type	Х	x	X	X	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Clg Circ Type=
Cooling High Discharge Pressure Standby Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Cooling High Discharge Pressure Unload Event	х				No Keypad Equivalent
Cooling High Suction Pressure Unloading Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Cooling Low Differential Pressure Standby Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Cooling Low Differential Pressure Unload Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Cooling Low Suction Pressure Standby Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Cooling Low Suction Pressure Unload Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Cooling Status	Х	X	X	X	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\Clg Status=
Cooling Type	X	X	X	X	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Control Type= Main Menu\Unit Status=
Daikin Applied AHU Unit Status	Х	X	X	X	Main Menu\Quick Menu\Unit Status= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\Unit Status=
Damper Type	Х	Х	X	X	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\OA Dmpr/Econ=
Date	X	X	X	X	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Date/Time/Schedules\Date=
Defrost State			X		Main Menu\Commission Unit\Defrost Set-Up\Defrost State=
Defrost Temperature			X		Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\DFT=
Dehumidification Hours	х		x	x	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Dehumid= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\ Dehumid=
Dehumidification Status	Х		X	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\Dehum Status=
Dew Point Setpoint	Х		Х	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Dehumidification\Dewpoint Spt=
Dew Point Temperature	Х	Х	Х	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Dehumidification\Dewpoint=
Dirty Filter Switch	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Dirty Filter Warning	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Discharge Air Temperature	х	x	x	х	Main Menu\Quick Menu\Disch Air= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\Disch Air=
Discharge Line Temperature 1	Х		Х		Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\DLT1=
Discharge Line Temperature 2	Х				Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\DLT2=
Discharge Line Temperature 3			Х		Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\DLT3=
Discharge Refrigerant Pressure			x		Main Menu\Commission Unit\INV Cmp Set-Up\PTD= Main Menu\Commission Unit\OAFan Set-Up\PTD= Main Menu\Commission Unit\Exp Valve Set-Up\PTD=
Discharge Refrigerant Pressure Circuit 1	х			х	Main Menu\Commission Unit\INV Cmp Set-Up\PTD1= Main Menu\Commission Unit\OAFan Set-Up\PTD1= Main Menu\Commission Unit\Exp Valve Set-Up\PTD1=
Discharge Refrigerant Pressure Circuit 2	х			х	Main Menu\Commission Unit\INV Cmp Set-Up\PTD2= Main Menu\Commission Unit\OAFan Set-Up\PTD2= Main Menu\Commission Unit\Exp Valve Set-Up\PTD2=
Discharge Sensor Fault	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Duct High Limit Fault	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Duct High Limit Switch	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent

Data Point	Applied Rooftop RPE, RDE, RPS, RDT, RFS, RDS and RAH	Self- Contained SWT, SWP	Rebel Commercial Rooftop DPS, DPH	Maverick II Commercial Rooftop MPS	Keypad Menu Path
Duct Static Pressure	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\Quick Menu\Duct Press= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\SAF Spd Control\Duct Press=
Duct Static Pressure Setpoint	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\Quick Menu\DuctSP Spt= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\SAF Spd Control\DuctSP Spt=
Economizer Capacity	х	х	х	х	Main Menu\Quick Menu\OAD/Econo Cap= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Economizer\OAD/Econo Cap=
Economizer Enable	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\Net Ec Ena Sw= Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\Net Ec Ena VI=
Economizer Hours	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Economizer= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\ Economizer=
Economizer Status	Х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\EconoStatus=
EDE File	<b>X</b> <sup>1</sup>	X1	X1	X1	No Keypad Equivalent
EDE File – State Text	<b>X</b> <sup>1</sup>	X1	X1	X1	No Keypad Equivalent
Effective Discharge Air Temp Setpoint	х	х	x	х	No Keypad Equivalent
Effective Setpoint Output	Х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\nvoEffSpt=
Emergency Off Fault	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Emergency Off Switch	Х	Х	X	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Emergency Override	х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\Emerg Mode=
Energy Recovery	х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Energy Rec=
Energy Recovery Exhaust Air Temperature	х		x	х	Main Menu\Commission Unit\Energy Rec Set-Up\ER EAT=
Energy Recovery Leaving Air Temperature	х		x	х	Main Menu\Commission Unit\Energy Rec Set-Up\ER LAT=
Energy Recovery Wheel Hours	х		x	х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\ER Wheel= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\ER Wheel=
Energy Recovery Wheel Speed	Х		X		Main Menu\Commission Unit\Energy Rec Set-Up\Wheel Speed=
Energy Recovery Wheel Status	х		X	Х	Main Menu\Commission Unit\Energy Rec Set-Up\Wheel=
Entering Fan / Leaving Coil Temp	х		x	х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\EFT/LC Temp=
Entering Fan Temp / Leaving Coil Temp Problem	х		x	х	No Keypad Equivalent
Entering Fan/Leaving Coil Temperature Sensor	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\EFT/LCT Snsr=
Entering Water Temp Problem		Х			No Keypad Equivalent
Entering Water Temperature		х			Main Menu\Quick Menu\EW Temp= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\EW Temp=
Error Log File	<b>X</b> <sup>1</sup>	X1	X1	X1	No Keypad Equivalent
Evap Condenser Control	х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\EV Type=
Excess Outdoor Air Warning	х	Х	X	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Exhaust Fan Capacity	х		x	х	Main Menu\Quick Menu\RF/EF Capacity= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\RF/EF Capacity=
Exhaust Fan Capacity Input <sup>1</sup>	Х		Х	Х	Main Menu\Commission Unit\RF/EF Set-Up\Rem ExhF Cap=
Exhaust Fan Status	Х		Х	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Flow Status\Ret/Exh Fan=
Expansion Valve Controller Type	Х	Х	Х	Х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\EV Type=
Expansion Valve Problem			Х		No Keypad Equivalent
Fault Alarm	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Fixed Compressor High Discharge Line Temperature Unload Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Free Cooling Status	Х	Х	Х	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Economizer\FreeClgStatus=
Freeze Fault	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Freeze Problem	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Freeze Switch (Fault)	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Freeze Switch (Problem)	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Generic Cooling Stages	Х	Х	Х	Х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Gen Clg Stgs=
Head Pressure Control	X	X	X	X	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Head P Ctrl=
Heat Fail Input	X		-		No Keypad Equivalent

Data Point	Applied Rooftop RPE, RDE, RPS, RDT, RFS, RDS and RAH	Self- Contained SWT, SWP	Rebel Commercial Rooftop DPS, DPH	Maverick II Commercial Rooftop MPS	Keypad Menu Path
Heat Fail Problem	Х				No Keypad Equivalent
Heating Capacity	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\Quick Menu\Htg Capacity= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\Htg Capacity=
Heating High Discharge Pressure Protection Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Heating High Discharge Pressure Standby Event			х		No Keypad Equivalent
Heating High Discharge Pressure Unload Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Heating Hours	х	х	х	х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Heating= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Heating=
Heating Low Differential Pressure Standby Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Heating Low Differential Pressure Unload Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Heating Low Suction Pressure Standby Event			х		No Keypad Equivalent
Heating Low Suction Pressure Unload Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Heating Status	Х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\Htg Status=
Heating Type	Х	х	х	х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Htg Type=
High Compression Ratio Unload			x		No Keypad Equivalent
High Compressor Body Temperature Standby Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
High Discharge Line Temperature Problem			x		No Keypad Equivalent
High Discharge Line Temperature Unload Event	х				No Keypad Equivalent
High Discharge Superheat Problem	х				No Keypad Equivalent
High Discharge Superheat Unload Event	х				No Keypad Equivalent
High Discharge Temp Fault	Х	Х	X	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
High Inverter Compressor Body Temp Problem			x		No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 1 Problem	Х	Х		Х	No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 2 Problem	Х	Х		Х	No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 3 Problem		Х			No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 4 Problem		Х			No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 5 Problem		Х			No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 6 Problem		х			No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 7 Problem		Х			No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 8 Problem		X			No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 1 Switch	Х	X		Х	No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 2 Switch	X	X		X	No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 3 Switch	X	X		~	No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 4 Switch		X			No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 5 Switch		X			No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 6 Switch		X			No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 8 Switch		X			No Keypad Equivalent
High Pressure Circuit 7 Switch		X			No Keypad Equivalent
		^	~		
High Pressure Problem	N N	v	X		No Keypad Equivalent
High Return Temp Fault	X	X	X	X	No Keypad Equivalent
HVAC Unit Type Identifier	X	X	X	X	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\nciHVACType=
History Log File	X1	X1	X1	X1	No Keypad Equivalent
Indoor Refrigerant Temperature			Х		No Keypad Equivalent
Interface Board Communication Problem			x		No Keypad Equivalent

Interpretative United Event         A         Interpretative United Event           United Compresson Board         X         No Keypad Equivalent           United Compresson High Events         X         Main Menu/WevSet Unit/Emperatures/INVCompTemp=           Inverter Compresson High Events         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Standby Event         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Inverter Compresson Hours         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Inverter Compresson Problem         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Inverter Compresson Problem         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Coard An Emperature         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Coard An Emperature         X         X         No Keypad Equiv	Data Point	Applied Rooftop RPE, RDE, RPS, RDT, RFS, RDS and RAH	Self- Contained SWT, SWP	Rebel Commercial Rooftop DPS, DPH	Maverick II Commercial Rooftop MPS	Keypad Menu Path
Unique Requise Equivalent       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Unique Requise Equivalent       X       Main Menu/View/Set UnitTemperatures/INVCompTemper         Unique Requise Equivalent       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Standby Event       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Inverter Compressor Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Local Space Temperature       X	Inverter Compressor Board High Fin Temperature Unload Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Tampeature         X         Nami Main Menu/Veew Set Difficient aubesitive Colling Heinge           Current Unicad Event         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Discharge Line Temperature         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Sinding Event         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Inverter Compressor Hoins         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Inverter Compressor Problem         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Inverter Compressor Request         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Inverter Compressor Request         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Inverter Compressor Request         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local Space Temperature         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local Space Temperature         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local Space Temperature         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local Space Temperature         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local Space Temperature         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local Space Temperature         X <td>Inverter Compressor Board Unload Request Event</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>x</td> <td></td> <td>No Keypad Equivalent</td>	Inverter Compressor Board Unload Request Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Current Unioda Event         A         No Keypad Equivalent           Discharge Die Temperature         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Standby Event         X         Main Meru/Universite UnitScrived/Operating Hours/NV Comperating Hours/NV Comperating Hours/NV Comperating Hours/NV Comperating Hours/NV Comperating Hours/NV Comperating Hours/NV Comperation           Inverter Compressor Problem         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Inverter Compressor Problem         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Inverter Compressor Problem         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local DA Temperature         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local DA Temperature         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local DATemperature         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local DATemperature         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local DATemperature         X         X <t< td=""><td>Inverter Compressor Body Temperature</td><td></td><td></td><td>x</td><td></td><td>Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\INVCompTemp=</td></t<>	Inverter Compressor Body Temperature			x		Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\INVCompTemp=
Discharge Linis Temperiature         X         No Keypad Equivalent           inverter Compressor Hours         X         Main Menu/View/Set Unit/Service/Operating Hours/INV           inverter Compressor Problem         X         No Keypad Equivalent           inverter Compressor Problem         X         No Keypad Equivalent           cacal Space Temperature         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           cacal Space Temperature         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           cacal Space Temperature         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           cow Discharge Pressure         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           cow Discharge Pressure Unload         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Cow Discharge Pressure Unload         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent         No Keypad Equivalent           Cow Discharge Superheat         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent         No Keypad Equivalent           Cow Discharge Temp Fault         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent         No Keypad Equivalent           Cow Discharge Superheat         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent         No Keypad Equivalent           Cow Pressure Circuit Problem         X         X <td< td=""><td>Inverter Compressor High Current Unload Event</td><td></td><td></td><td>x</td><td></td><td>No Keypad Equivalent</td></td<>	Inverter Compressor High Current Unload Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Inverter Compressor Hours     X     Main Menu/View/Set Unit/Unit MainfenanceiOperating Hours/INV Compe- tionary Start Problem       Inverter Compressor Propuesting     X     No Kaypad Equivalent       Local Johangerature     X     X     No Kaypad Equivalent       Local Johangerature     X     X     No Kaypad Equivalent       Local Johangerature     X     X     X     No Kaypad Equivalent       Local Johange Pressure     X     X     X     Main Menu/Unit Configuration/Low Ambient=       Low Disbarge Superheat     X     X     X     Main Menu/Unit Configuration/Low Ambient=       Low Disbarge Superheat     X     X     X     No Kaypad Equivalent       Low Disbarge Superheat     X     X     No Kaypad Equivalent       Low Dressure Circuit 1 Problem     X	Inverter Compressor High Discharge Line Temperature Standby Event			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Invester Compressor Request         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local Ab Temperature         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local Space Temperature         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local Space Temperature         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Local Space Temperature         X         X         X         Main Menu/Unit ConfigurationiLow Ambient=           Local Darage Pressure         X         X         X         Main Menu/Unit ConfigurationiLow Ambient=           Low Discharge Pressure Unload         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Low Discharge Superheat         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Low Discharge Superheat         X         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Low Dressure Circuit Problem         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Low Pressure Circuit Problem         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Low Pressure Circuit Problem         X         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Low Pressure Circuit Problem         X         No Keypad Equivalent           Low Pressure Circuit Problem         X         No Keypad	Inverter Compressor Hours			x		Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\INV
for Standy Event     No     No <td< td=""><td>Inverter Compressor Problem</td><td></td><td></td><td>Х</td><td></td><td>No Keypad Equivalent</td></td<>	Inverter Compressor Problem			Х		No Keypad Equivalent
Local Space Temperature     X     X     X     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Ambient     X     X     X     Main Menu/Unit Configuration/Low Ambient=       Low Discharge Pressure Problem     X     X     X     Mo Keypad Equivalent       Low Discharge Pressure Unload Event     X     No Keypad Equivalent     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Discharge Superheat Problem     X     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Discharge Temp Superheat Problem     X     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Discharge Temp Fault     X     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Pressure Circuit 1 Problem     X     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Pressure Circuit 2 Problem     X     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch     X     No Keypad Equivalent       Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch     X     No Keypad Equivalent </td <td>Inverter Compressor Request for Standby Event</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>х</td> <td></td> <td>No Keypad Equivalent</td>	Inverter Compressor Request for Standby Event			х		No Keypad Equivalent
Low Ambient       X       X       X       X       Main MenuUhit ConfigurationLow Ambient=         Low Discharge Pressure Unload       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Superheat       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Superheat       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Superheat       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Temp Fault       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Temp Fault       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No	Local OA Temperature	Х	х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Law Discharge Pressure       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Con Discharge Superheat       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Con Discharge Superheat       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Temp Fault       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Temp Fault       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Temp Fault       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Temp Fault       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch	Local Space Temperature	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Problem       A       Indextpace Quartering         A       No Keypad Equivalent         Event       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Superheat       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Drobbern       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Superheat       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Frenp Fault       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Frenp Fault       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Temp Fault       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X	Low Ambient	Х	Х	X	X	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Low Ambient=
Event       A       A       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Superheat       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Superheat       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Temp Fault       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Temp Fault       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Norbh       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch	Low Discharge Pressure Problem	х				No Keypad Equivalent
Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Law Discharge Superheat       X       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Law Discharge Femp Fault       X       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Temp Fault       X       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X	Low Discharge Pressure Unload Event	х				No Keypad Equivalent
Unload Event       A       No Reypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Temp Fault       X       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Discharge Temp Fault       X       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       No Keypad Equiva	Low Discharge Superheat Problem	х				No Keypad Equivalent
Low Pressure Circuit 1 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch	Low Discharge Superheat Unload Event	х				No Keypad Equivalent
Low Pressure Circuit 2 Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential       X	Low Discharge Temp Fault	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypa	Low Pressure Circuit 1 Problem	Х	х		х	No Keypad Equivalent
Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       No Keypad Equivalent <td>Low Pressure Circuit 2 Problem</td> <td>Х</td> <td>х</td> <td></td> <td>х</td> <td>No Keypad Equivalent</td>	Low Pressure Circuit 2 Problem	Х	х		х	No Keypad Equivalent
Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent <t< td=""><td>Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem</td><td></td><td>х</td><td></td><td></td><td>No Keypad Equivalent</td></t<>	Low Pressure Circuit 3 Problem		х			No Keypad Equivalent
Low Pressure Circuit 5 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent       X         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent <t< td=""><td>Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem</td><td></td><td>х</td><td></td><td></td><td>No Keypad Equivalent</td></t<>	Low Pressure Circuit 4 Problem		х			No Keypad Equivalent
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Low Pressure Circuit 7 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent	Low Pressure Circuit 6 Problem		х			
Low Pressure Circuit 8 Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating       X       X       X						
Low Pressure Circuit 1 Switch       X       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 2 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Refrigerant Charge       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating       X       X       X         Max Durpt Fine       X       X       X         Maximum Heat Rise       X						
Low Pressure Circuit 2 Switch       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Charge       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating       X       X       X         Max Purge Time       X       X       X         Max Purge Time       X       X       X		×			×	
Low Pressure Circuit 3 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 4 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Refrigerant Charge Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating Setpoint       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Ma						
Low Pressure Circuit 4 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Refigerant Charge       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Purge Time       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Purge Time       X       X       Main Menu\Uoint\Ueate/Time/Scheudles\Max Purge=         Maximum Heat Rise       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X       Main Menu\Uont Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=		Λ			~	
Low Pressure Circuit 5 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Refrigerant Charge Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating Setpoint       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Purge Time       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Heating Set-Up\Max Htg Spt=         Maximum Heat Rise       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Hag Stages=         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=						
Low Pressure Circuit 6 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Refrigerant Charge Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating Setpoint       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Purge Time       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Heating Set-Up\Max Htg Spt=         Maximum Heat Rise       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Htg Stages=         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=						
Low Pressure Circuit 7 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Refrigerant Charge       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Purge Time       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Heating Set-Up\Max Htg Spt=         Maximum Heat Rise       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Htg Stages=         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=         Maximum Dever Qurrent       X       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=						
Low Pressure Circuit 8 Switch       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Differential       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Refrigerant Charge       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Heating Set-Up\Max Htg Spt=         Max Purge Time       X       X       X       Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Date/Time/Scheudles\Max Purge=         Maximum Heat Rise       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Lvg Coil T=         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=						
Low Pressure Differential       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Pressure Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Refrigerant Charge       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating       X       X       X         Max Discharge Air Heating       X       X       X         Max Discharge Time       X       X       X         Max Purge Time       X       X       X         Maximum Heat Rise       X       X       X         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X         Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=         Maximum Deurg Our Current       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=						
Low Pressure ProblemXNo Keypad EquivalentLow Refrigerant Charge ProblemXNo Keypad EquivalentLow Superheat WarningXNo Keypad EquivalentLow Superheat WarningXXNo Keypad EquivalentMax Discharge Air Heating SetpointXXXMax Discharge Air Heating Max Purge TimeXXXMax Purge TimeXXXMain Menu\Commission Unit\Heating Set-Up\Max Htg Spt=Maximum Heat RiseXXXXMain Menu\View/Set Unit\Date/Time/Scheudles\Max Purge=Maximum Leaving Coil Temperature Dehum SetpointXXXMain Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=Maximum Quer CurrentXXXMain Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=	Low Pressure Differential		^	x		
Low Refrigerant Charge Problem       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating Setpoint       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Heating Set-Up\Max Htg Spt=         Max Purge Time       X       X       X       Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Date/Time/Scheudles\Max Purge=         Maximum Heat Rise       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=         Maximum Leaving Coil Temperature Dehum Setpoint       X       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=						
Problem       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Low Superheat Warning       X       X       No Keypad Equivalent         Max Discharge Air Heating Setpoint       X       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Heating Set-Up\Max Htg Spt=         Max Purge Time       X       X       X       Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Date/Time/Scheudles\Max Purge=         Maximum Heat Rise       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=         Maximum Leaving Coil Temperature Dehum Setpoint       X       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=	Low Refrigerant Charge					
Max Discharge Air Heating Setpoint       X       X       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Heating Set-Up\Max Htg Spt=         Max Purge Time       X       X       X       Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Date/Time/Scheudles\Max Purge=         Maximum Heat Rise       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=         Maximum Heating Stages       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Hag Stages=         Maximum Leaving Coil Temperature Dehum Setpoint       X       X       X       Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=						
Setpoint     Constraint       Max Purge Time     X     X     X     Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Date/Time/Scheudles\Max Purge=       Maximum Heat Rise     X     X     X     Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=       Maximum Heating Stages     X     X     X     Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=       Maximum Leaving Coil Temperature Dehum Setpoint     X     X     X     Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=	Max Discharge Air Heating	Х	x		x	
Maximum Heat Rise       X       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Max Heat Rise=         Maximum Heating Stages       X       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Hax Heat Rise=         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       X       Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Htg Stages=         Maximum Leaving Coil       X       X       Main Menu\ Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=         Maximum Over Current       V       V       V	· ·					
Maximum Heating Stages     X     X     X     X     Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Htg Stages=       Maximum Leaving Coil     X     X     X     Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=       Maximum Over Current     X     X     X     Main Menu\Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=						
Maximum Leaving Coil     X     X     Main Menu\ Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mx Lvg Coil T=       Maximum Quer Current     Image: Current     Image: Current						
Maximum Over Current	Maximum Leaving Coil		X	X		
	Iemperature Dehum Setpoint Maximum Over-Current Protection (MOP) Event	x			x	No Keypad Equivalent

Data Point	Applied Rooftop RPE, RDE, RPS, RDT, RFS, RDS and RAH	Self- Contained SWT, SWP	Rebel Commercial Rooftop DPS, DPH	Maverick II Commercial Rooftop MPS	Keypad Menu Path
MOP Problem	х			Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Mechanical Cooling Hours	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Mech Cool= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Mech Cool=
Min Discharge Air Cooling Setpoint	х	х	х	х	Main Menu\Commission Unit\Cooling Set-Up\Min Clg Spt=
Minimum Leaving Coil Temperature Dehum Setpoint	х		x	х	Main Menu\ Commission Unit\Dehum Set-Up\Mn Lvg Coil T=
Minimum Send Time	Х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu/BMS Communications/LON Set-Up\MinSndTm=
Mixed Air Temp Problem		Х			No Keypad Equivalent
Aixed Air Temperature		Х			Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\Mixed Air=
Norning Warm-up Heating Setpoint	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Heating\MWUSpt=
Norning Warmup Status	Х	Х	X	X	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\MWU Status=
Network Demand Shed Enable	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
letwork Demand Shed Event	Х	Х	X	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Network Discharge Air Cooling Setpoint	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\Net Dat Clg Spt
Network Discharge Air Heating Setpoint	Х	х	x	х	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\Net Dat Htg Spt
Notification Class - Events	Х	Х	X	X	No Keypad Equivalent
Notification Class - Faults	Х	Х	X	X	No Keypad Equivalent
lotification Class - Problems	Х	Х	X	X	No Keypad Equivalent
lotification Class - Warnings	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
bject Request	X	Х	X	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Object Status	X	Х	X	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Occupancy	X	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Occupancy\Occupancy=
Occupancy Mode	X	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\OccManCmd=
Occupancy Scheduler Input	X	X	X	X	
Current State	X	X	X	X	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\NetCurrState=
Next State	X	X	X	X	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\NetNextState=
Time To Next State	X	X	X	X	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\NetTmToNxtSt=
Occupied Cooling Setpoint	X	X	X	X	Main Menu/View/Set Unit/Cooling/Occ Clg Spt=
Decupied Heating Setpoint	X	X	X	X	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Heating\Occ Htg Spt=
Dil Injection Event Dutdoor Air Damper Minimum	<u>х</u> х	х	x	X X	No Keypad Equivalent Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\Net Min OA=
Position Input Dutdoor Air Damper Stuck	x	x	x	x	No Keypad Equivalent
Varning					
Dutdoor Air Flow Station Dutdoor Air Temperature	<u>х</u> х	X X	X X	x	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\OA Flow Stn= Main Menu\Quick Menu\OA Temp= Main Menu\Veruick Leikit
					Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\OA Temp=
Outdoor Air Temperature Input Dutdoor Airflow	x x	X X	X X	X X	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\Net OAT In= Main Menu\Commission Unit\Min OA Set-Up\OA Flow=
Dutdoor Airflow Setpoint	X	X	X	X	Main Menu\Commission Unit\Min OA Set-Up\OA Flow= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Min OA Set-Up\MinOAFlw Spt=
Dutdoor Fan Board Request for Standby Event	^	^	x	^	No Keypad Equivalent
Dutdoor Fan Problem			X		No Keypad Equivalent
Outdoor Fan Problem Standby			X		No Keypad Equivalent
Event Dutdoor Refrigerant			x		No Keypad Equivalent
Temperature					
Dutdoor Temp Problem	X	X	X	X	No Keypad Equivalent
Over Economizing Warning	Х	Х	X	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Primary Cool Enable	Х	х	x	х	Main Menu/Service Menus/Network Input Status/Net CI Ena Sw= Main Menu/Service Menus/Network Input Status/Net CI Ena VI=
Primary Heat Enable	х	Х	X	х	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\\Net Ht Ena Sw= Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\\Net Ht Ena VI=

Data Point	Applied Rooftop RPE, RDE, RPS, RDT, RFS, RDS and RAH	Self- Contained SWT, SWP	Rebel Commercial Rooftop DPS, DPH	Maverick II Commercial Rooftop MPS	Keypad Menu Path
Receive Heartbeat	х	Х	X	х	Main Menu\BMS Communications\LON Set-Up\Rcv Hrt Bt=
Refrigerant Type	х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Refrig Type=
Reheat Capacity	х		х	х	Main Menu\Quick Menu\Reheat Cap= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\Reheat Cap= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Dehumidification\Reheat Cap=
Reheat Stage Limiting Event	х				No Keypad Equivalent
Reheat Type	х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Reheat Type=
Relative Humidity	Х	х	x	х	Main Menu\Quick Menu\Rel Humidity= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\Rel Humidity= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Dehumidification\Rel Humidity= Main Menu\Commission Unit\Energy Rec Set-Up\Rel Humidity=
Relative Humidity Input	х	X	X	X	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\Net Rel Humid=
Relative Humidity Setpoint	Х		X	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Dehumidification\RH Setpoint=
Remote Return/Exhaust Fan Capacity Control Flag	х		x	х	Main Menu\Commission Unit\RF/EF Set-Up\RF/EF Ctrl=
Remote Supply Fan Capacity Control Flag	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\SAF Set-Up\SAF Ctrl=
Return Air Fan Type	Х	Х	Х	Х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\RAF Type=
Return Air Temperature	Х	Х	Х	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\Return Air=
Return Fan Capacity Input <sup>1</sup>	х				Main Menu\Commission Unit\RF/EF Set-Up\Rem RAF Cap=
Return Temp Problem	Х	Х	X	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Return/Exhaust Fan Capacity	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\Quick Menu\RF/EF Speed= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\RF/EF Speed= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\RF\EF Spd Control\RF/EF Speed=
Return/Exhaust Fan Hours	х	х	х	х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Ret/Exh Fan= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Ret/Exh Fan=
Return/Exhaust Fan Warning	Х		X	х	No Keypad Equivalent
Second Duct Static Pressor Sensor	х	х	х	х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\2ndDSPSensor=
Send Heartbeat	х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\BMS Communications\LON Set-Up\SndHrtBt=
Space CO <sub>2</sub>	х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\Commission Unit\Min OA Set-Up\IAQ PPM=
Space IAQ Input	х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\Net Space IAQ=
Space Temp Problem	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Space Temperature	Х	Х	Х	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\Space Temp=
Space Temperature Input	Х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status Net SpaceT In=
Staged Exhaust 1 Hours	х			х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Exh Out 1= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Exh Out 1=
Staged Exhaust 2 Hours	х			х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Exh Out 2= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Exh Out 2=
Suction Line Refrigerant Temperature			x		Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Temperatures\DFT=
Suction Refrigerant Pressure			x		Main Menu\Commission Unit\INV Cmp Set-Up\PTS= Main Menu\Commission Unit\OAFan Set-Up\PTS= Main Menu\Commission Unit\Exp Valve Set-Up\PTS=
Sump Pump Water Level Switch	Х				No Keypad Equivalent
Sump Water Level Problem	Х				No Keypad Equivalent
Supplemental Heating Capacity			х		Main Menu\Quick Menu\Supl Htg Cap= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\Supl Htg Cap=
Supplemental Heating Status			Х		Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\SuplHtgStatus=
Supply Air Fan Type	Х	Х	X	х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\SAF Type=
Supply Fan Capacity	х	х	х	х	Main Menu\SAF Speed= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\SAF Speed= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\SAF Spd Control\SAF Speed=
Supply Fan Capacity Input <sup>1</sup>	Х	Х	Х	Х	Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\Rem SAF Cap=
Supply Fan Hours	x	x	x	x	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Supply Fan= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Supply Fan=

Data Point	Applied Rooftop RPE, RDE, RPS, RDT, RFS, RDS and RAH	Self- Contained SWT, SWP	Rebel Commercial Rooftop DPS, DPH	Maverick II Commercial Rooftop MPS	Keypad Menu Path
Tenant Override Hours	х	x	x	х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Tnt Override= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\Tnt Override=
Time	Х	х	X	х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Date/Time/Schedules\Time=
Under Economizing Warning	Х	Х	X	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Unit Size	Х	Х	X	Х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Unit Size=
Unit State	х	х	x	х	Main Menu\Unit State= Main Menu\Quick Menu\Unit State= Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Status/Settings\Unit State=
Unit Support	х	x	x	х	Main Menu\BMS Communications\BACnet IP Set-Up\Unit Support= Main Menu\BMS Communications\BACnet MSTP Set-Up\Unit Support=
Unit Type	Х	X	X	Х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Unit Type=
Unit Voltage	Х	X	X	Х	Main Menu\Unit Configuration\Unit Voltage=
Unoccupied Cooling Setpoint	Х	X	X	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Cooling\Unocc Clg Spt=
Unoccupied Heating Setpoint	Х	X	X	Х	Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Heating\Unocc Htg Spt=
Use TStat Setpoints	Х	X	X	Х	Main Menu\Commission Unit\Htg/Clg Chgovr Set-Up
Variable Compressor Emergency Stop Event	х				No Keypad Equivalent
Variable Compressor High Oil Boost Event	х			х	No Keypad Equivalent
Variable Compressor Hours	Х				Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Var Comp= OR Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Var Comp 1= OR Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Service\Operating Hours\Var Comp 2= OR Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\ Var Comp= OR Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\ Var Comp 1= OR Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Unit Maintenance\Operating Hours\ Var Comp 2= OR
Variable Compressor Low Oil Boost Event	х			х	No Keypad Equivalent
Variable Compressor Oil Balance Event				х	No Keypad Equivalent
Variable Compressor Oil Boost Event	х				No Keypad Equivalent
Variable Compressor Oil Status	Х				No Keypad Equivalent
Variable Compressor Problem					No Keypad Equivalent
VAV Box Output	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Warning Alarm	Х	Х	Х	Х	No Keypad Equivalent
Water Flow Switch		Х			Main Menu\View/Set Unit\Flow Status\Waterflow=
Water Regulating Valve		Х			No Keypad Equivalent
Water Regulating Valve Problem		Х			No Keypad Equivalent
Waterflow Switch Input		Х			Main Menu\Service Menus\Network Input Status\Net CFIw Val=
Waterflow Switch Problem		Х			No Keypad Equivalent
4WayValve Problem			X		No Keypad Equivalent



#### Daikin Applied Training and Development

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